



### Hospitality Properties Trust Investor Presentation May 2017

HPT Nasdaq Listed

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THIS PRESENTATION CONTAINS NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES, INCLUDING ADJUSTED EBITDA AND NORMALIZED FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS. FOR A RECONCILIATION OF THESE NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES TO THE MOST DIRECTLY COMPARABLE GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE, SEE THE APPENDIX TO THIS PRESENTATION.

# HPT's high quality properties, conservative profile and secure cash flows provide a growing and well covered dividend.

Diversified portfolio of well maintained, high quality properties.

Long term portfolio agreements that can provide security of cash flow.

Ramping portfolio and external growth opportunities.

Conservative profile. Capacity to support continued disciplined growth.

Dividend payout ratio only 56.0% in the first quarter 2017.

# Economic growth continues. Rate growth drives forecast RevPAR growth.

#### Lodging Industry Forecasts

2017									
	CBRE	PWC	STR	Industry YTD 2017	C				
Supply	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%					
Demand	1.9%	2.1%	1.7%	2.8%					
Occupancy	-0.1%	0.1%	-0.3%	0.9%	-				
Average Rate	3.1%	2.3%	2.8%	2.5%					
RevPAR	3.0%	2.3%	2.5%	3.4%					
Updated:	Feb-17	May-17	Mar-17	Mar-17	F				

2018									
CBRE	PWC	STR							
2.1%	1.8%	2.2%							
1.8%	1.6%	2.0%							
-0.4%	-0.2%	-0.2%							
2.9%	2.2%	2.8%							
2.5%	2.0%	2.6%							
Feb-17	May-17	Mar-17							

# Economic growth continues. Increasing regulation may cater to full service travel center advantages.

#### Issue

"...freight volumes are expected to increase by nearly 29% over the next 11 years"

-2015 study by American Trucking Associations and IHS Global Insight.

This regulation is found in Section 395.3(a)(2).



#### 11-Hour Driving Limit

During the 14-consecutive-hour period explained above, you are only allowed to drive your truck for up to 11 total hours. A driver may drive a total of 11 hours during the 14-hour period, however, after June 30, 2013, driving is not permitted if more than 8 hours have passed since the end of the driver's last off-duty or sleeper-berth period of at least 30 minutes. Once you have driven a total of 11 hours, you have reached the driving limit and must be off duty for another 10 consecutive hours (or equivalent) before driving your truck again.

# THE WALL STREET JOURNAL. This copy is the print generous con-commercial use only, To order presentation-ready copies for distribution to your colleagues, chierts or customers with fair investigation disperse. Commercials thuck drivers face shortcape of legals safe places to pain 1421796404 BUSINESS Truck Drivers Face Parking Shortage They're Required to Rest, but Lack Places to Stop Date Date I was apply the to be emaged test you when you by, tout teacher copied find a prop

#### **Implication**

Fuel and non-fuel demand is expected to see continued steady growth over the next decade.

Travel centers which provide services to professional truck drivers from restaurants to clean showers and bathrooms to truck repair facilities will be in demand.

Larger full service truck stops with ample parking, for over 200 tractor trailer trucks will have a competitive advantage – TA's reservation program proves value.

## HPT is one of the most geographically diverse lodging REITs and owns hotels and travel centers operated under recognized brands.

- \$9.3 billion investment portfolio (historical investment basis<sup>(1)</sup>).
- Total of 506 properties located in 45 states, Puerto Rico and Canada.
  - > 308 hotels with 47,187 rooms.
  - 198 travel centers located adjacent to the U.S. interstate highway system.

#### **HPT Hotel Brands**

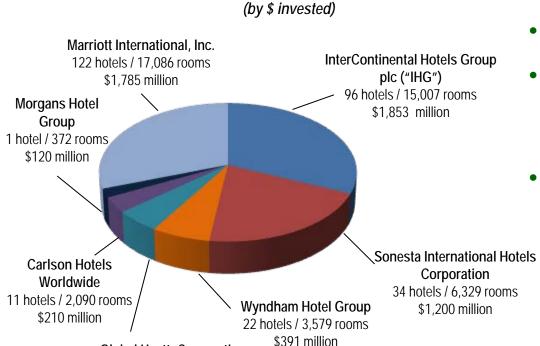


**HPT Travel Center Brands** 





### HPT has \$5.9 billion invested in 308 full service, select service and extended stay hotels.



**HPT Hotel Managers** 

#### **Unique Agreements**

- 9 Hotel Management Agreements/Leases.
- HPT's operating agreement structure reduces cash flow volatility in a downturn and allows for upside participation in a recovery.
  - The majority of HPT's 308 hotel properties are secured by deposits or guarantees and have potential additional returns based on performance.
    - Six agreements covering 220 hotels feature manager guarantees and/or security deposits that protect HPT's cash flow when hotel operations fail to cover minimum rents or returns.
    - Hotel management agreements provide for additional returns to HPT based on hotel net operating income above certain thresholds.

**Global Hyatt Corporation** 

22 hotels / 2,724 suites \$302 million

# HPT's mostly upscale hotel portfolio is operated under 21 recognized brands.

~85%

(263 Hotels) Midscale to Upscale

Select Service + Extended Stay Hotels

~15%

(45 Hotels)
Primarily Upscale to Luxury
Full Service Hotels

































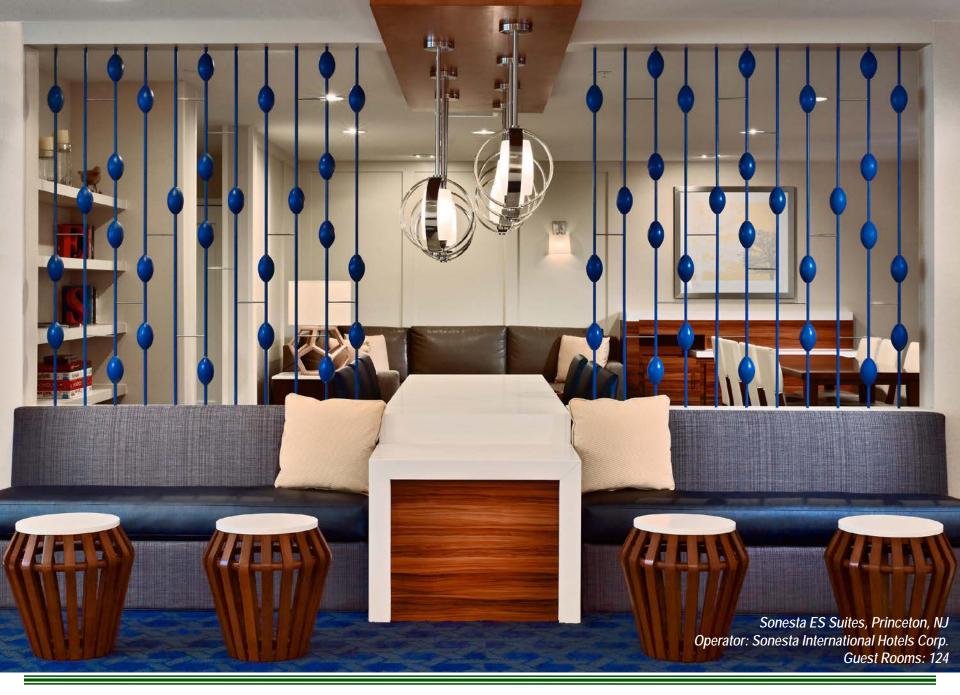








Based on hotel unit count as of 3/31/2017.





### HPT has \$3.4 billion invested in 198 travel centers located along the U.S. Interstate Highway System.

 TravelCenters of America operates two of the strongest travel center brands in the industry.

HPT owns or leases 149 "TA" travel centers located in 40 states.



HPT owns 49 "Petro" travel centers located in 26 states.



- 5 Triple Net Leases.
- HPT's travel centers are part of TA's network of 256 "TA" and "Petro" branded travel centers in 43 states and Canada.
- Difficult to replicate real estate located near exits along the U.S. Interstate Highway System.
- Average site is over 25 acres with parking for 200 tractor trailers and 100 cars.
- Multiple diesel fuel and gasoline islands, plus a table service restaurant (approx. 135 seats) and one or more quick service restaurants (QSRs) at each site.<sup>(1)</sup>
- Large travel and convenience stores averaging over 5,000 square feet of interior space.
- Truck repair facilities and parts stores; the only nationwide on the road truck repair service along the U.S. Interstate Highway System.

## The defining business characteristic of HPT remains its strong operating agreement terms.

- <u>Portfolio Agreements</u>. 504 of HPT's 506 properties are part of pooled portfolio agreements. Each portfolio agreement includes between 11 and 96 geographically diverse properties.
- Minimum Returns and Rents. The majority of HPT's agreements require its managers or tenants to pay HPT fixed minimum returns or rents.
- <u>Security Features</u>. The majority of HPT's agreements include security features to protect HPT's cash flows, including some or all of: cash security deposits; subordination of management fees to HPT's minimum returns/rents; and full or limited guarantees from parent companies.
- <u>Long Term Agreements</u>. New agreements are generally entered for 15 to 25 years. The weighted average term remaining for our agreements (weighted by our investment) is 16 years.
- <u>High Likelihood of Contract/Lease Renewals</u>. Renewals are permitted only for all properties in each portfolio. Because HPT's agreements generally represent significant percentages of its operators' brands, renewals are highly likely.
- <u>FF&E Reserves</u>. Hotel operators are generally required to escrow 5-6% of gross revenues for renovations.

# 79% of HPT's total minimum rents and returns are secured by deposits or guarantees.

			No. of	No. of		ual Minimum		Coverage (2)		
	Operat	ing Agreement	Properties	Rooms	Ret	urn/Rent (1)	% of Total	Q1	LTM	Security Features
	1	Marriott No. 1	53	7,610	\$	68,835	9%	1.00x	1.33x	-
	2	Marriott No. 234	68	9,120		106,360	12%	1.01x	1.13x	Limited guaranty + deposit.
	3	Marriott No. 5	1	356		10,159	1%	0.90x	0.73x	Marriott guaranty.
	4	InterContinental	96	15,007		174,393	22%	0.99x	1.20x	Security deposit.
	5	Sonesta	34	6,329		90,227	11%	0.47x	0.70x	-
	6	Wyndham	22	3,579		28,749	4%	0.30x	0.88x	Limited guaranty.
	7	Hyatt	22	2,724		22,037	3%	1.10x	1.15x	Limited guaranty.
	8	Carlson	11	2,090		12,920	2%	1.21x	1.33x	Limited guaranty.
	9	Morgans	1	372		7,595	1%	1.34x	1.05x	-
-		Subtotal Hotels	308	47,187		521,275	65%	0.88x	1.09x	
	10	TA No. 1	40	N/A		51,922	6%	1.26x	1.60x	TA guaranty.
	11	TA No. 2	40	N/A		52,573	7%	1.20x	1.50x	TA guaranty.
	12	TA No. 3	39	N/A		53,026	7%	1.17x	1.52x	TA guaranty.
	13	TA No. 4	39	N/A		50,486	6%	1.13x	1.49x	TA guaranty.
	14	TA No. 5	40	N/A		68,227	9%	1.29x	1.55x	TA guaranty.
	Sub	total Travel Centers	198	N/A		276,234	35%	1.22x	1.53x	
To	tal/Averaç	ge 14 agreements 8 brand owners	506	47,187	\$	797,509	100%	1.00x	1.24x	

(1) Annualized minimum rent amounts represent cash rent amounts due to us and exclude adjustments, if any, necessary to recognize rental income on a straight line basis in accordance with GAAF





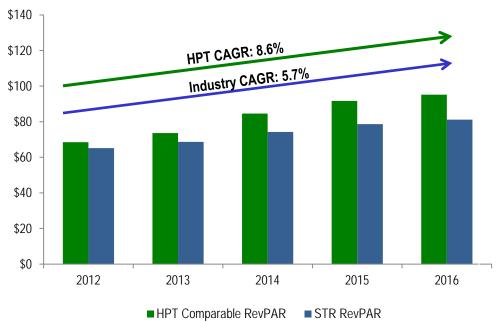
# HPT believes its portfolio activity and renovations have resulted in outperformance.

#### **Hotel Renovations**

 From 2010 through 2016, HPT completed renovations at almost all of its 302 comparable hotels at a cost of approximately \$1 billion.

#### HPT Comparable RevPAR vs. Industry RevPAR

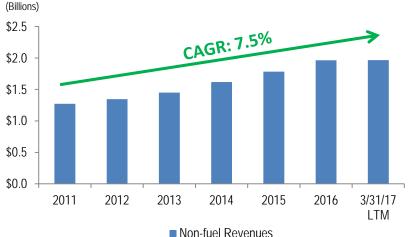
(Dollars)



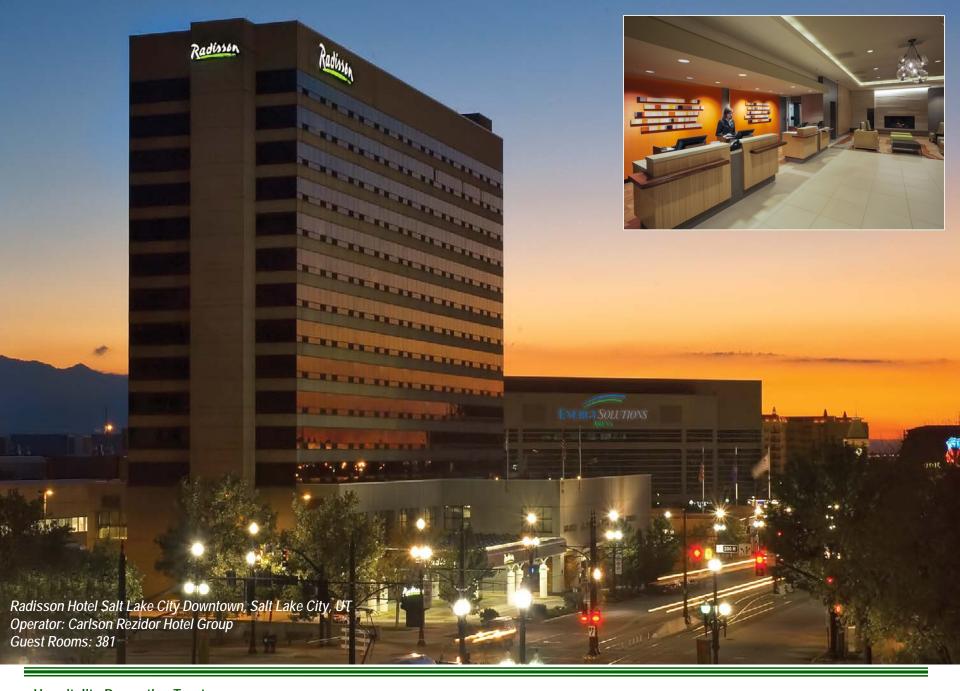
#### TA's Full Service Offering

- TA's Last Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2017 consolidated operating results:
  - Revenue: \$5.7 billion.
  - EBITDAR: \$362.0 million.
  - EBITDA: \$95.2 million.

#### TA Consolidated Non-fuel Revenues







### Financial highlights.

(In thousands except number of properties, number of rooms and per share data.)

As of and for the three months ended March 31,

ala.)			<u> </u>				
,		2017	201	6	Chan	% Change	
Property data:							
Number of properties		506		499		7	
Number of rooms		47,187		46,347		840	
Annual minimum returns and rents <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	797,509	\$	760,823	\$	36,686	4.8%
Coverage of annual minimum returns and rents - hotels <sup>(2)</sup>		0.88x		0.95x			
Coverage of annual minimum returns and rents - travel centers <sup>(2)</sup>		1.22x		1.39x			
Key financial data:							
Total revenues	\$	488,602	\$	474,118	\$	14,484	3.1%
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	194,576	\$	187,703	\$	6,873	3.7%
Normalized funds from operations (FFO) <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	148,807	\$	140,154	\$	8,653	6.2%
Total Debt (book value) (4)/Gross book value of real estate(5)		41.4%		41.3%		0.1pts.	
Total Debt (book value) <sup>(4)</sup> /Annualized Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup>		4.7x		4.7x			
Per share data:							
Annualized Common dividend (6)	\$	2.04	\$	2.00	\$	0.04	2.0%
Normalized FFO (3)	\$	0.91	\$	0.93	\$	-0.02	-2.2%
Normalized FFO payout ratio <sup>(3)(6)</sup>		56.0%		53.8%		2.2 pts.	2.270

Annualized minimum rent amounts represent cash rent amounts due to us and exclude adjustments, if any, necessary to recognize rental income on a straight line basis in accordance with GAAP.

We define coverage as combined total property level revenues minus all property level expenses and FF&É reserve escrows which are not subordinated to minimum returns and minimum ret payments to us (which data is provided to us by our managers or tenants), divided by the minimum return or minimum rent payments due to us. Coverage amounts for our InterContinental, Sonesta and TA Nos. 1,2,3 and 4 agreements include data for periods prior to our ownership of certain properties. All operating data presented are based upon the operating results provided by our managers for the indicated periods. We have not independently verified our managers or tenants' operating data.

See exhibits hereto for a reconciliation to nearest GAAP measure.

Debt amounts are net of unamortized discounts and certain issuance costs.

Gross book value of real estate assets is real estate properties at cost, before purchase price allocations, less impairment write-downs, if any.

### HPT believes it will continue benefitting from a well maintained portfolio.

- HPT funded \$9.8 million of hotel improvements during Q1. HPT expects to fund an additional \$32.5 million of hotel improvements during the remainder of 2017
- HPT expects to have 8 hotels under renovation for all or part of the second quarter.
- HPT funded \$24.9 million of travel center improvements in Q1. HPT expects to fund an additional \$53.8 million of travel center improvements during the remainder of 2017.
- HPT's managers continue to anticipate full-year 2017 RevPAR growth generally in the 1.5% to 2.5% range. GOP margins should hold steady or improve modestly versus 2016.

### During 2017, HPT has acquired 3 hotels and 1 travel center.

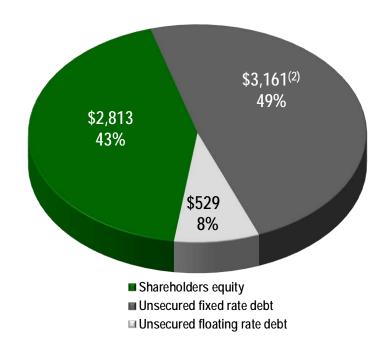
- In February, HPT acquired the 483 room Hotel Allegro in Chicago, IL for \$85.5 million. HPT added this Kimpton® branded hotel to its management agreement with IHG. HPT obtained an additional \$6.9 million to supplement the existing security deposit in connection with this transaction.
- In March, HPT acquired the 121 room Hotel Alexis in Seattle, WA for a purchase price of \$71.6 million. HPT added this Kimpton® branded hotel to its management agreement with IHG. HPT obtained an additional \$5.7 million to supplement the existing security deposit in connection with this purchase.
- In May, HPT acquired from and leased back to TA a newly developed travel center in Columbia, SC for a purchase price of \$27.6 million, excluding acquisition related costs. This Petro® branded property features 134 truck parking spots, a Quaker Steak and Lube restaurant, a Starbucks Coffee Company® amongst many other trucking and entertainment amenities. This property was added to TA No. 4 lease. HPT expects its minimum annual rent under the lease to increase by \$2.3 million.
- In June, HPT acquired the 389 room Chase Park Plaza hotel in St. Louis, MO for \$87.8 million. HPT converted this hotel to the Royal Sonesta ® hotel brand and added it to its management agreement with Sonesta.

### HPT has a conservative financial profile.

#### Book Capitalization as of March 31, 2017

(\$ in thousands)

Unsecured floating rate debt (1)	\$ 528,587
Unsecured fixed rate debt (1)(2)	3,160,804
Total debt	3,689,391
Shareholders equity (book value)	2,813,086
Total Book Capitalization	\$ 6,502,477



<sup>(1)</sup> Debt amounts are net of unamortized discounts and certain issuance costs.

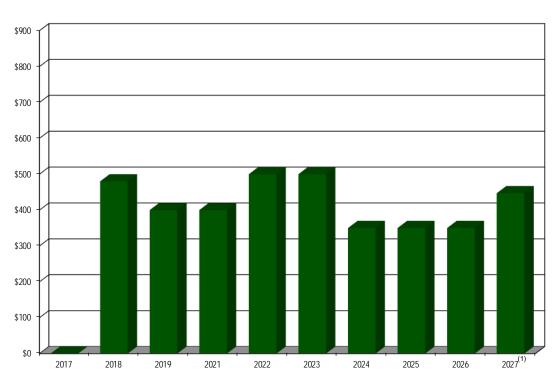
<sup>(2)</sup> In March 2017, we repurchased at par plus accrued and unpaid interest \$8,431 of the outstanding principal amount of our 3.80% convertible senior notes due 2027 which were tendered by the holders of these notes for repurchase by us. In April 2017, we redeemed at par plus accrued and unpaid interest the remaining \$47 of the outstanding principal amount of these notes.

# HPT has well laddered debt maturities and the capacity for disciplined growth.

- No secured debt.
- Unsecured senior notes<sup>(1)</sup>:
  - > \$3,200 million as of March 31, 2017 (\$3,161 million net of discounts).
  - All fixed rate.
- Unsecured term loan:
  - > \$400 million.
  - April 2019 maturity.
- Revolving credit facility:
  - ▶ \$1 billion (\$130 million outstanding as of March 31, 2017).
  - July 2018 maturity plus one year extension option.
- No derivatives, no off balance sheet liabilities and no material adverse change clauses or ratings triggers.

### HPT Term Debt Maturities as of March 31, 2017

(\$ in millions)



(1) In March 2017, we repurchased at par plus accrued and unpaid interest \$8,431 of the outstanding principal amount of our 3.80% convertible senior notes due 2027 which were tendered by the holders of these notes for repurchase by us. In April 2017, we redeemed at par plus accrued and unpaid interest the remaining \$47 of the outstanding principal amount of these notes.

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Diversified portfolio of well maintained, high quality properties.

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Ramping portfolio and external growth opportunities.

Conservative profile. Capacity to support continued disciplined growth.

Dividend payout ratio only 56.0% in the first quarter 2017.

### Calculation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA.

#### CALCULATION OF FBITDA AND ADJUSTED FBITDA (1)

	(in thou	ısands)										
	For the Three Months Ended,											
	3/31/2017	12/31/2016	9/30/2016	6/30/2016	3/31/2016							
Net income (loss)	37,171	63,186	\$ 51,812	\$ 56,061	\$ 52,051							
Add: Interest expense	43,566	37,349	41,280	41,698	41,586							
Income tax expense	356	537	948	2,160	375							
Depreciation and amortization	93,451	91,150	90,139	88,782	87,271							
EBITDA	174,544	192,222	184,179	188,701	181,283							
Add												
(Less): Acquisition related costs (2)		482	156	117	612							
General and administrative expense paid in												
common shares (3)	412	557	985	870	422							
Estimated business management incentive fee (4)	19,620	(56,272)	25,036	25,920	5,316							
Loss on early extinguishment of debt (5)			158		70							
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 194,576	\$ 136,989	\$ 210,514	\$ 215,608	\$ 187,703							

- (1) Please see page 27 for definitions of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA and a description of why we believe the presentation of these measures provide useful information to investors.
- (2) Represents costs associated with our acquisition activities. Acquisition costs incurred during the 2017 period have been capitalized in purchase accounting pursuant to a change in GAAP.
- (3) Amounts represent the equity compensation awarded to our trustees, our offices and certain other employees of RMR LLC.
- Incentive fees under our business management agreement are payable after the end of each calendar year, are calculated based on common share total return, as defined, and are included in general and administrative expense in our consolidated statements of income. In calculating net income in accordance with GAAP, we recognize estimated business management incentive fee expense, if any, in the first, second and third quarters. Although we recognize this expense, if any, in the first, second and third quarters for purposes of calculating net income, we do not include these amounts in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA until the fourth quarter, which is when the actual business management incentive fee expense amount for the year, if any, is determined. Adjusted EBITDA includes business management incentive fee expense of \$52,407 for three months ended December 31, 2016. Business management incentive fees for 2016 were paid in cash in January 2017.
- (5) We recorded losses of \$158 and \$70 on early extinguishment of deb tduring the three months ended September 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016, respectively, in connection with redemptions of certain senior unsecured notes.

### Calculation of Funds From Operations (FFO) and Normalized FFO.

#### CALCULATION OF FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (FFO) AND NORMALIZED FFO AVAILABLE FOR COMMON SHAREHOLDERS (1)

(dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	For the Three Months Ended,									
	3/31/2017		12/31/2016		9/30/2016		6/30/2016			3/31/2016
Net income available for common shareholders		\$ 25,483		\$ 58,020		\$ 46,646		\$ 50,895		\$ 46,885
Add: Depreciation and amortization		93,451		91,150		90,139		88,782		87,271
FFO available for common shareholders		119,294		149,170		136,785		139,677		134,156
Add (Less): Acquisition related costs (2)		_		482		156		117		612
Estimated business management incentive fees (3)		19,620		(56,272)		25,036		25,920		5,316
Loss on early extinguishment of debt (4)		_		_		158		_		70
Excess of liquidation preference over carrying value of preferred										
Shares redeemed (5)		9,893		_		_		_		
Normalized FFO available for common shareholders	\$	148,807	\$	93,380	\$	162,135	\$	165,714	\$	140,154
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic)		164,120		164,120		157,217		151,408		151,402
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted)		164,128		164,128		157,263		151,442		151,415
Basic and diluted per share common share amounts:										
Net income available for common shareholders	\$	0.16	\$	0.35	\$	0.30	\$	0.34	\$	0.31
FFO available for common shareholders	\$	0.73	\$	0.91	\$	0.87	\$	0.92	\$	0.89
Normalized FFO available for common shareholders	\$	0.91	\$	0.57	\$	1.03	\$	1.09	\$	0.93

<sup>(1)</sup> Please see page 27 for definitions of FFO and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders, a description of why we believe the presentation of these measures provides useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operations and a description of how we use these measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents costs associated with our acquisition activities. Acquisition costs incurred during the 2017 period have been capitalized in purchase accounting pursuant to change GAAP.

<sup>(3)</sup> Incentive fees under our business management agreement are payable after the end of each calendar year, are calculated based on common share total return, as defined, and are included in general and administrative expense in our consolidated statements of income. In calculating net income in accordance with GAAP, we recognize estimated business management incentive fee expense, if any, in the first, second and third quarters. Although we recognize this expense, if any, in the first, second and third quarters for purposes of calculating net income, we do not include these amounts in the calculation of Normalized FFO available for common shareholders until the fourth quarter, which is when the business management incentive fee expense amount for the year, if any, is determined. Normalized FFO available for common shareholders includes business management incentive fee expense of \$52,407 for three months ended December 31,2016. Business management incentive fees for 2016 were paid in cash in January 2017.

<sup>(4)</sup> We recorded losses of \$158 and \$70 on early extinguishment of debt during the three months ended September 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016, respectively, in connection with the redemptions of certain senior unsecured notes.

<sup>(5)</sup> On February 10, 2017, we redeemed all 11,600,000 of our outstanding 7.125% Series D cumulative redeemable preferred shares at the stated liquidation preference of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid distributions to the date of redemption (an aggregate of \$291,435). The liquidation preference of the redeemed shares exceeded the carrying amount for the redeemed shares as of the date of redemption by \$9,893, or \$0.06 per share, and we reduced net income available to common shareholders in the three months ended March 31, 2017 by that excess amount.

#### Non-GAAP financial measures definitions.

#### **Definition of EBITDA**

We calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as shown on page 25. We consider EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to be appropriate supplemental measures of our operating performance, along with net income, net income available for common shareholders, operating income and cash flow from operating activities. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA provide useful information to investors because by excluding the effects of certain historical amounts, such as interest, depreciation and amortization expense, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA may facilitate a comparison of current operating performance with our past operating performance. In calculating Adjusted EBITDA, we include business management incentive fees only in the fourth quarter versus the quarter when they are recognized as expense in accordance with GAAP due to their quarterly volatility not necessarily being indicative of our core operating performance and the uncertainty as to whether any such business management incentive fees will ultimately be payable when all contingencies for determining any such fees are determined at the end of the calendar year. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not represent cash generated by operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to net income, net income available for common shareholders or operating income as an indicator of operating performance or as a measure of our liquidity. These measures should be considered in conjunction with net income, net income available for common shareholders, operating income and cash flow from operating activities as presented in our condensed consolidated statements of income and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. Other real estate companies and REITs may calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do.

#### **Definition of FFO and Normalized FFO**

We calculate FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders as shown on page 26. FFO available for common shareholders is calculated on the basis defined by The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or NAREIT, which is net income available for common shareholders calculated in accordance with GAAP, excluding any gain or loss on sale of properties and loss on impairment of real estate assets, plus real estate depreciation and amortization, as well as certain other adjustments currently not applicable to us. Our calculation of Normalized FFO available for common shareholders differs from NAREIT's definition of FFO available for common shareholders because we include business management incentive fees, if any, only in the fourth quarter versus the quarter when they are recognized as expense in accordance with GAAP due to their quarterly volatility not necessarily being indicative of our core operating performance and the uncertainty as to whether any such business management incentive fees will ultimately be payable when all contingencies for determining any such fees are determined at the end of the calendar year and we exclude acquisition related costs, loss on distribution to common shareholders of RMR common stock and loss on early extinguishment of debt. We consider FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders to be appropriate supplemental measures of operating performance for a REIT, along with net income, net income available for common shareholders, operating income and cash flow from operating activities. We believe that FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders provide useful information to investors because by excluding the effects of certain historical amounts, such as depreciation expense, FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders may facilitate a comparison of our operating performance between periods and with other REITs. FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders are among the factors considered by our Board of Trustees when determining the amount of distributions to shareholders. Other factors include, but are not limited to, requirements to maintain our qualification for taxation as a REIT, limitations in our credit agreement and public debt covenants, the availability to us of debt and equity capital, our expectation of our future capital requirements and operating performance and our expected needs for and availability of cash to pay our obligations. FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders do not represent cash generated by operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income, net income available for common shareholders or operating income as an indicator of our operating performance or as a measure of our liquidity. These measures should be considered in conjunction with net income, net income available for common shareholders, operating income and cash flow from operating activities as presented in our condensed consolidated statements of income and condensed c estate companies and REITs may calculate FFO available for common shareholders and Normalized FFO available for common shareholders differently than we do.





### **Hospitality Properties Trust Investor Presentation**

**HPT Nasdaq** Listed

May 2017