



NOTICE OF OUR 2021 ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

Please join us at our 2021 annual meeting

Where

When

Live audio webcast at

May 20, 2021

https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960

10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time)

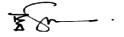
Business of the meeting

- 1. Receiving our 2020 financial statements
- 2. Re-appointing our auditor and authorizing the directors to set their compensation
- 3. Voting on our approach to executive compensation
- 4. Electing our directors
- 5. Considering any other business properly brought before the meeting

Your vote is important

You can vote at the meeting if you owned Sherritt common shares at the close of business on March 26, 2021 (the record date of the meeting). Please read the voting section starting on page 3 of the attached management information circular for details, including proxy deadlines.

By order of the Board,



Ward Sellers
Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

Toronto, Ontario March 31, 2021

Questions about voting?

Contact our proxy solicitation agent, Kingsdale Advisors:

By telephone

- 1 800 749 9197 (toll-free in North America)
- 416 867 2272 (call collect outside of North America)

By email

• contactus@kingsdalesadvisors.com



Dear fellow shareholders

Dear fellow shareholders:

2020 was a year like no other in recent memory. For Sherritt, it was a particularly eventful year filled with a number of challenges and major milestones.

Against a backdrop of a global pandemic, rail service disruptions in the first quarter of the year, the increasing impact of harsh U.S. sanctions against our Cuban partners, and volatile industry conditions, we still met our production and unit cost targets for 2020 across all of our businesses. Our success was driven by our commitment to Operational Excellence and the initiatives we have implemented over the past several years to make our operations more efficient.

I am particularly proud of how we responded to COVID-19. The limited impact that the pandemic has had on our operations, employees and various stakeholders is due in large part to the additional health and safety measures that we implemented starting in early March of 2020, and which have been applied with great diligence by our entire workforce since then. To date, we have lost no production at each of our businesses on account of COVID-19.

Our success in dealing with the global pandemic was matched by our efforts to strengthen our balance sheet against significant economic and market uncertainties we faced at the start of 2020. These efforts resulted in the completion of a plan of arrangement under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* in August. The plan of arrangement enabled us to:

- reduce our outstanding debt by approximately \$300 million;
- eliminate debt maturities in 2021, 2023, and 2025 and replace them with maturities in 2026 and 2029;
- reduce our annual interest payments by more than \$15 million; and
- exit the Ambatovy project, and thereby terminate our debt obligations to our Ambatovy partners and eliminate the risk of cross-defaults to our debt as a result of not funding Ambatovy.

That the plan of arrangement was completed without any dilution to our common shares is remarkable and speaks to the efforts of Sherritt's senior leadership team in arriving at a solution overwhelmingly approved by all stakeholders. It would not be an overstatement to say that had we not successfully completed the plan of arrangement, Sherritt would not exist in its current form today.

The restructuring of Sherritt's debt in 2020 marked the culmination of nearly seven years of efforts to strengthen our balance sheet from the threat posed by Ambatovy. Since 2014, Sherritt has eliminated some \$2.4 billion in debt and an additional \$1.1 billion in debt guarantees from its balance sheet.

The completion of the debt restructuring initiative coupled with ongoing efforts to preserve liquidity, reduce costs and collect amounts owed to us by our Cuban partners considerably strengthened our balance sheet by year end. In fact, we ended 2020 in our strongest financial position in more than a decade, with a higher cash position and fewer amounts owing to us than we started the year with.

2020 was not without setback for Sherritt. Most notably, after overcoming a number of geotechnical challenges and restricted access to technology as a result of increasing U.S. sanctions against Cuba to reach our target depth, we were disappointed by test results at Block 10 that confirmed water had penetrated the well above the target reservoir, rendering the well uneconomic.

Sherritt's outlook has improved tremendously over the past several months. Most notably, global and macro-economic developments provide near-term and longer-term opportunities for us to build on recent financial results, strengthen our balance sheet and collect on overdue amounts owed to us by our Cuban partners.

While there continue to be near-term challenges relating to the pandemic at a global level, our Cuban partners continue to feel the economic impact of both the pandemic and US sanctions at a national level. We remain focused operationally on our COVID-19 protocols and will continue to work with our partners to ensure timely collection of receivables. We are optimistic that conditions will improve as the pandemic recedes and hopeful that we will see improvement in the US-Cuba relationship with the change of administration in Washington.

Central to our encouraging outlook are the fundamental changes to the nickel market being driven by rapid adoption of electric vehicles. This trend, which is being fueled by the introduction of new government policies, advances within the automotive industry and increasing public pressure to reduce carbon emissions, is expected to drive significant demand for high purity or Class 1 nickel – the type that Sherritt produces.

Looking at the nickel market over the longer term, demand forecasts are particularly bullish. Total demand is slated to grow by more than 80% over the next 20 years, largely on the back of electric vehicle adoption.

As we look to the future and as the nickel market develops, we will look to the unique capabilities of our Technologies Group to ensure we are at the forefront of the battery revolution. We will also bring more focus to commercializing the innovations carried out by the Technologies Group in making next generation nickel mining and processing less capital intensive and more environmentally friendly. These R&D efforts take advantage of the unparalleled expertise we have developed in hydrometallurgy and lateritic ore processing.

Our ability to identify market opportunities and commercialize our research projects is driven by our experience and work with more than 40 operations around the world which already use our technology and processes. This experience and expertise includes more than 14 PhDs on staff, more than 1,000 cumulative years of process development experience and the more than 1,700 patents we have registered since 1954.

In 2021 and beyond, we also plan to build on the progress we have made against our Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) targets over the recent years. At a broad level, our focus will center on reducing carbon or greenhouse gas emissions, maintaining peer-leading safety metrics, and doubling the number of female employees by 2030.

In 2020, we improved our safety performance despite the disruption caused by the pandemic, signed the BlackNorth Initiative Pledge aimed at ending anti-Black systemic racism and creating opportunities for Black, Indigenous, and People of Colour communities, and maintained total direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions at comparable levels to previous years despite increased production.

In November, David Pathe informed us of his desire to step down as President and Chief Executive Officer in 2021 and his willingness to stay on to assist with the appointment of a new President and Chief Executive Officer and to ensure a smooth transition. The board has retained a search firm to assist in the succession process and that process is ongoing. David is standing for re-election as a director at the upcoming meeting but has indicated he will step down as a director concurrent with the President and Chief Executive Officer succession. The Board is grateful for the incredible leadership David has provided the organization for the past 14 years, including the last nine as President and Chief Executive Officer, and wishes him continued success.

I would like to thank all of our employees for their tremendous efforts in difficult circumstances in 2020, and all of our shareholders for your patience and support over recent years.

I would also like to thank Tim Baker for his contributions both to Sherritt's Board and to the company more widely. Having served as a director for seven years Tim has decided to not seek re-nomination in 2021.

The notice of the meeting and the attached management information circular provide specific details about the matters to be presented at this year's meeting for shareholder approval. I would encourage you to vote your shares by proxy even if you are unable to attend this year's meeting.

On behalf of the Board and Sherritt's senior management team, I would like to thank you for your support. We continue to work in the best interest of Sherritt, and look forward to success in the years ahead as we capitalize on the growing demand for nickel.

Sincerely,

Sir Richard Lapthorne

Chair of the Board of Directors

March 31, 2021

OVERVIEW OF THE 2021 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR

Sherritt is one of the world's largest producers of nickel from lateritic sources, with projects and operations in Canada and Cuba. We pride ourselves on being a leading low-cost producer that generates sustainable prosperity for our investors, employees and the communities in which we operate. We are also the largest independent energy producer in Cuba, with oil and power operations across the island.

Our 2021 management information circular tells you what you need to know to vote at our annual meeting of shareholders. This overview highlights some key information, including our governance and compensation practices. Please read the entire document before you vote your shares.

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GOVERNANCE

At Sherritt, we believe that sound corporate governance is critical to earning and retaining the trust of our shareholders. Our governance practices reflect the goals and priorities that we promote as a company, and support ethical behaviour and high performance standards throughout the organization – all critical elements for improving overall company performance.

Sound governance

Sherritt's Board of Directors (the *Board*) is responsible for overseeing the management of the business and our affairs. The Board promotes fair reporting, including financial reporting, to shareholders and other stakeholders as well as ethical and legal corporate conduct through an appropriate system of corporate governance, internal controls and disclosure controls. We comply with the rules and regulations that apply to us as a Canadian public company including National Instrument 58-101 – *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices* and National Policy 58-201 – *Corporate Governance Guidelines*.

Qualified and experienced Board

We have a strong, independent Board. Five of this year's six nominated directors (83%) are independent, including the Chair. The only non-independent director nominee is David Pathe, who also serves as our President and Chief Executive Officer.

	Age	Director since	Independent	2020 meeting attendance	2020 voting result
David Pathe	50	Jan 2012	no	100%	85.92% for
Maryse Bélanger	59	Feb 2018	yes	97%	84.71% for
Sir Richard Lapthorne (Chair) ¹	77	Sept 2011	yes	100%	65.33% for
Adrian Loader ¹	72	July 2013	yes	93%	65.27% for
Lisa Pankratz	60	Nov 2013	yes	100%	88.83% for
John Warwick	67	June 2017	yes	97%	89.60% for

1. The votes for Mr. Lapthorne and Mr. Loader were lower than other directors. We were informed by certain of our shareholders that they voted against these two directors as a means of expressing their concerns at the time with respect to the corporation. These shareholders withheld votes for an aggregate of approximately 7% of the total number of outstanding shares but, given the relatively low percentage of shares voted at the meeting (25.8%), their adverse vote had an impact of approximately 28% on the percentage of shares voted. Following the meeting, we have continued to engage in and promote a constructive dialogue with these shareholders to seek to allay their concerns, including through providing incremental information about market opportunities potentially available to us.

Appropriate compensation

Directors receive fixed compensation only, paid in cash and deferred share units (DSUs) that can't be redeemed until they leave the Board.

Regular shareholder communications

We continued our regular shareholder engagement program in 2020, inviting 20 shareholders, representing 36% of the issued and outstanding shares at that time, to meet with Sherritt's Chair of the Board and the Chair of the Human Resources Committee. Sherritt's Chair of the Board and the Chair of the Human Resources Committee met with seven shareholders representing approximately 11% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding shares, as well as two proxy advisory firms, as part of its shareholder engagement program. See page 21 for more information about these meetings.

Qualified and experienced nominees

100%

Experience in mining/ resource industry, international business or capital projects

100%

Experience in risk management and evaluation

71%

Financially literate or have experience in financial reporting, finance or mergers and acquisitions

86%

Experience in human resources or executive compensation

You can read more about this year's nominated directors beginning on page 11, governance at Sherritt beginning on page 16 and executive pay beginning on page 34.

HOW WE PAY OUR EXECUTIVES

Executive pay at Sherritt supports our strategy, motivates our executives to achieve our strategic objectives without encouraging them to take undue risks and aligns their interests with the long-term interests of our shareholders. It is an important tool to attract and retain a strong, focused and resilient executive team to lead the company through all phases of the commodity cycle.

Strategic design

Our executive compensation program is based on four core principles that drive how we attract, retain and pay our executive team, motivate them to achieve our strategy and deliver value to shareholders.

Evolving program

Our compensation program has evolved over the last few years, to improve the link between pay and performance aligned with our strategic priorities, enhance our oversight of compensation risk and other appropriate refinements:

Key changes in 2018	Continued to reduce the use of options while assessing alternatives Enhanced risk management policies
	č i
	Simplified retirement savings for executives
Key changes in 2019	Simplified the short-term incentive plan, and tied the measures more closely to our strategic objectives
	Replaced option awards with restricted share units (RSU) while we continued to assess alternatives to options
Key changes in 2020	Adjusted the performance criteria for payouts of performance share units (PSUs) awarded in 2020 to better reflect the business mix of the company
	Updated the comparator group
Plans for 2021	Adjust the weighting of the PSU relative total shareholder return comparator indices to better reflect the 2021 business mix
	Undertake a market review of executive pay relative to the new comparator group

Snapshot of 2020 compensation decisions

Total compensation paid to the named executives in 2020 is summarized below:

- Salaries named executive salaries were unchanged
- Short-term incentives awards were between 107% and 116% of target, based on corporate, operational and individual performance, which you can read about beginning on page 49
- Equity incentives awarded at target, and allocated 50% to RSUs and 50% to PSUs; and
- Payout of 2017 mid-term awards paid out at 7% of the grant value because of: the performance vesting with 32% of PSUs vested and the decline from grant date value of \$1.20 per share to \$0.16 per share at vesting.

Compensation approach

Strategic

Strategically aligned with performance, does not encourage undue risk taking, executives aligned with shareholders

Appropriate and fair

Aligned with our organizational structure and the scope of the role

Internally equitable and benchmarked to the market

Competitive

Attracts strong, focused and resilient executive team to lead us through all phases of the commodity cycle

In 2019 the Board approved key employee retention awards for the named executives with the second and third/final payments in 2020, which you can read about on page 68.

2020 total direct compensation

(see page 49)	Salary	Short-term incentive	Equity incentives	2020 compensation	Pay tied to performance (at risk)	Compared to target	Compared to 2019
David Pathe	\$825,000	\$915,750	\$1,750,000	\$3,490,750	76%	+3%	+7%
Andrew Snowden	\$400,000	Not Eligible	\$500,000	\$900,000	56%	-18%	-17%
Steve Wood	\$450,000	\$365,400	\$565,000	\$1,380,400	67%	+4%	+6%
Ward Sellers	\$375,000	\$200,625	\$500,000	\$1,075,625	65%	+1%	+3%
Karen Trenton	\$375,000	\$206,250	\$500,000	\$1,081,250	65%	+2%	+3%

2020 Highlights

In 2020 Sherritt's focus over the past number of years delivered results and the Company is well positioned to take advantage of the growing electric vehicle market for nickel and cobalt.

Global pandemic

Sherritt's response was swift, principle-based and successful

- health and safety drove the response for our employees, their families and the communities where we operate
- · achieved metal production and cost goals
- · continued to achieve industry leading safety results
- avoided layoffs

Cuba is significantly impacted by the reduced tourism inflow of foreign currency

• our strong continuing relationships resulted in payments on the receivables through the redirection of dividends from the Metals joint venture

Debt burden

Resolved the legacy debt from the investment in Ambatovy without diluting shareholders' equity

• if the debt burden had not been resolved – Sherritt may not have continued to exist

It took a strong, committed and tenacious executive team to lead through, the resolution of the legacy debt and a complete exit from Ambatovy. This is the team, that for the past number of years stayed the course and saw the Company emerge from potential bankruptcy. They directly experienced the same share value decline as you, our shareholders. All of this was achieved without increasing executive base salaries or changing incentive targets.

The Board put in place a retention plan for certain executives, including the named executives, that spanned 18 months as it was crucial to maintain the team until the legacy debt issue was resolved. In making its decision the Board took external legal and compensation advice to ensure alignment with market practice for companies in similar circumstances. It was a one-off and determined necessary by the Board. The market responded positively to the debt restructuring – our share price increased 156% from the time of the announcement of an agreement with debt-holders to the end of 2020.

Directors fees reverted to 50% cash and 50% deferred share units (DSUs) following the closing of the debt restructuring transaction (see page 32).

Helms-Burton

During the period of the 2016 - 2020 US administration, there was a change in US government policy to undo the loosening of the Cuban embargo restrictions and we were faced with increased tightening of the restrictions.

Helms-Burton impacts Sherritt unlike any of our peer group and the professional and personal impact on the executive team is substantial – self, partners and dependent children cannot enter the U.S.

Executive Compensation

In assessing 2020 performance the Board took all of this into consideration – and determined no discretionary adjustments to the short-term incentive pay-outs were necessary. We purposely excluded the government subsidy that Sherritt qualified for and received in calculating adjusted EBITDA performance.

For 2021 we will be assessing our organizational structure and have defined a new comparator group. Director and executive pay will be assessed in the context of a redesigned organizational structure and the new comparator group.

Shareholder Engagement

In 2020, we reached out to 20 of our top shareholders (representing 36% of the issued and outstanding shares at that time) offering to discuss compensation, strategy and governance. We value the input we receive from our shareholders and incorporate it in our ongoing reviews of our compensation program.



2021 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR

You have received this management information circular because you owned common shares of Sherritt International Corporation as of the close of business on March 26, 2021 and are entitled to receive notice of our 2021 annual meeting of shareholders and to vote your shares.

This year, as permitted by Canadian corporate and securities regulators, Sherritt is using notice-and-access to deliver this circular to both our registered and non-registered shareholders. This means that the circular is being posted online for you to access, rather than being mailed out. Notice-and-access gives shareholders more choice, substantially reduces our printing and mailing costs, and has less environmental impact as it reduces materials, waste and energy consumption. You will still receive a form of proxy or a voting instruction form in the mail (unless you have chosen to receive proxy materials electronically) so you can vote your shares but, instead of automatically receiving a paper copy of this circular, you will receive a notice ("Notice-and Access Letter") with information about how you can access the circular electronically and how to request a paper copy.

In this document:

- we, us, our, company, corporation and Sherritt mean Sherritt International Corporation
- you, your and shareholder mean holders of Sherritt common shares
- · information is in Canadian dollars, unless indicated otherwise
- information is as of March 26, 2021, unless indicated otherwise

Record date

March 26, 2021

Registered office

Sherritt International Corporation Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower 22 Adelaide Street West, Suite 4220 Toronto, ON M5H 4E3

The meeting will be conducted via live audio webcast at https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960, or at a reconvened meeting if the meeting is postponed or adjourned.

This management information circular provides important information about the business of the meeting, the voting process, governance at Sherritt and how we pay our directors and executives.

The Board has approved the contents of this circular and has authorized us to send it to our shareholders of record, each director and the external auditor.

By order of the Board,

David Pathe President and Chief Executive Officer

Toronto, Ontario March 31, 2021

ABOUT THE MEETING

If you held Sherritt common shares at the close of business on March 26, 2021, you are eligible to vote at our 2021 annual shareholder meeting. Each share is entitled to one vote on each item of business to be voted on. This section of our circular tells you about the meeting – where and when to vote, what you will be voting on, and where to find more information.

Please join us at our 2021 annual meeting

Where

Live audio webcast at https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960

When

Thursday, May 20, 2021 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time)

Where to find it

- 3 Voting
- 8 Business of the meeting
- 11 About the nominated directors

VOTING

Who can vote

If you held Sherritt common shares at the close of business on March 26, 2021, you are eligible to vote at our 2021 annual shareholder meeting. Each share is entitled to one vote on each item of business to be voted on.

Our authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares. We had 397,285,750 shares outstanding as of the record date. Our directors and executive officers are not aware of any person or entity who beneficially owns or exercises direction or control over, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of our total shares outstanding.

How to vote prior to the meeting

Registered shareholders

You are a registered shareholder if your name appears on your share certificate. Your Notice-and-Access Letter includes a proxy form.

Vote by proxy

Voting by proxy is the easiest way to vote. It means you appoint another person (your proxyholder) to attend the meeting for you and vote your shares according to your instructions.

You can appoint the Sherritt representatives named in the proxy form to act as your proxyholder, or you can appoint someone else. If you appoint the Sherritt representatives, you can simply vote using the methods below. If you appoint someone else you must follow the additional step as described below. Your

The Board and management are soliciting your proxy for the meeting.

Solicitation is mostly by mail, but you may also be contacted by a Sherritt director, officer or employee to encourage you to vote. We have also engaged Kingsdale Advisors to provide strategic shareholder advisory services and act as proxy solicitation agent for the meeting. We are paying Kingsdale approximately \$44,000 (plus certain out-of-pocket expenses) for their services as solicitation agent. We may also reimburse brokers and others for the costs of sending our proxy materials to the beneficial holders of Sherritt shares.

Counting the votes

Votes will be counted and tabulated by our transfer agent, AST Trust Company (Canada) (AST), to keep individual shareholder votes confidential. Proxies are kept confidential unless it is clear that a shareholder has a message for management, the validity of the proxy is in question or it is required by law.

proxy does not need to be a Sherritt shareholder. If you would like to appoint another person, print that person or entity's name in the space provided in the form. Make sure they know that you have appointed them as your proxyholder and that they must attend the meeting on your behalf and vote your shares according to your instructions. If you appoint a proxyholder, your shares represented by the proxy will be voted or withheld from voting in accordance with your instructions on any ballot that may be called for and, if you specify a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, your shares will be voted accordingly.

You must complete the additional step of registering such proxyholder with AST at 1-866-751-6315, or outside Canada and United States, at 1(212) 235-5754 or online at https://lp.astfinancial.com/controlnumber after submitting your form of proxy by no later than 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time) on May 18, 2021. Failure to register the proxyholder with AST will result in the proxyholder not receiving a control number to vote at the meeting and such proxyholder would only be able to attend the meeting as a guest. Guests can listen to the meeting, but cannot vote or ask questions. Guests can attend the meeting by visiting https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960, clicking "I am a guest" and completing the online form.

How to submit your voting instructions

Vote by internet or phone:

Internet	Go to www.astvotemyproxy.com and follow the on-screen instructions
Phone	Call 1-888-489-7352 from a touch-tone phone and following the voice instructions.
	You will need the 13-digit control number on your proxy form for identification purposes
	Note that you can give us your voting instructions by phone only if you have appointed the Sherritt representatives to be your proxyholder

Or complete your form, sign and date it and send it by:

Email	Scan your form and email it to proxyvote@astfinancial.com
Fax	Fax both sides of your form to 1-866-781-3111 (toll free in North America) or (416) 368 2502
Mail	Mail your form to AST Trust Company (Canada), Attention: Proxy Department, P.O. Box 721, Agincourt, ON M1S 0A1

AST must receive your voting instructions by 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time) on May 18, 2021 and, if the meeting is adjourned or postponed, no later than 48 hours date (excluded Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) preceding the adjourned or postponed meeting.

The Chair of the meeting can accept or reject late proxies, and waive or extend the deadline for receiving proxies at his discretion and without notice.

If you appointed the Sherritt representatives named in the proxy form to be your proxyholder and do not specify your voting instructions, your shares will be voted:

- FOR the reappointment of Deloitte LLP as our auditor and to authorize the directors to set their compensation
- FOR our approach to say on executive pay
- FOR each of the nominated directors.

Only registered shareholders or duly appointed proxyholders are permitted to vote at the meeting.

Non-registered shareholders

You are a non-registered shareholder if your shares are registered under the name of an intermediary (your securities dealer, brokerage firm, bank, trust company, administrator of a registered plan (like an RRSP, RRIF or RESP) or other financial institution, or held in the name of a clearing agency (such as CDS) that your intermediary deals with.) You are the beneficial owner of the shares and you have the right to instruct your intermediary how to vote your shares. Your Notice-and-Access Letter includes a voting instruction form (or proxy form provided by your intermediary, if you have requested your intermediary to appoint you as a proxyholder (the *Voting Document*).

Vote by proxy

Voting by proxy is the easiest way to vote. It means you appoint another person (your proxyholder) to attend the meeting for you and vote your shares according to your instructions.

You can appoint the Sherritt representatives named in the proxy form to act as your proxyholder, or you can appoint someone else. If you appoint the Sherritt representatives, you can simply vote using the methods below. If you appoint someone else you must follow the additional step as described below. Your proxyholder does not need to be a Sherritt shareholder. If you would like to appoint another person, print that person or entity's name in the space provided in the Voting Instruction Form. Make sure they know that you have appointed them as your proxyholder and that they must attend the meeting on your behalf and vote your shares according to your instructions. If you appoint a proxyholder, your shares represented by the proxy will be voted or withheld from voting in accordance with your instructions on any ballot that may be called for and, if you specify a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, your shares will be voted accordingly.

You must complete the additional step of registering such proxyholder with AST at 1-866-751-6315, or outside of Canada and the United States, at 1(212) 235-5754 or online at https://lp.astfinancial.com/controlnumber after submitting your Voting Instruction Form of proxy by no later than 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time) on May 18, 2021. Failure to register the proxyholder with AST will result in the proxyholder not receiving a control number to vote at the meeting and such proxyholder would only be able to attend the meeting as a guest.

How to submit your voting instructions

Internet	Go to www.proxyvote.com and follow the on-screen instructions				
Phone	Canadian shareholders: Call 1-800 474 7493 (English) or 1 800 474 7501 (French)	US shareholders: Call 1 800 454 8683			
Mail	Complete your voting instruction form, sign and date it and send it to the address provided by your intermediary and before the deadline specified				

We also use the Broadridge QuickVote™ service to help non-registered shareholders vote their shares over the phone. Non-registered shareholders may be contacted by Kingsdale to help them with this service. Broadridge tabulates the results of all the voting instructions received and provides the appropriate instructions for those shares at the meeting.

Submit your voting instructions right away to allow enough time for your intermediary to process your voting instructions. AST must receive your voting instructions from your intermediary by 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time) on May 18, 2021 and, if the meeting is adjourned or postponed, no later than 48 hours. (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) preceding the adjourned or postponed meeting.

Questions about voting?

Contact our strategic shareholder advisor and proxy solicitation agent, Kingsdale Advisors:

By telephone

- 1 800 749 9197 (toll-free in North America)
- 416 867 2272 (call collect outside of North America)

By email

contactus@kingsdalesadvisors.com

Shares will be voted or withheld from voting according to shareholder's instructions on any ballot that may be called for.

The Chair of the meeting can waive or extend the deadline for receiving proxies at his discretion and without notice.

If you appointed the Sherritt representatives named in the Voting Document to be your proxyholder and do not specify your voting instructions, your shares will be voted:

- FOR the reappointment of Deloitte LLP as our auditor and to authorize the directors to set their compensation
- FOR our approach to say on executive pay
- FOR each of the nominated directors.

Changing your vote

You can revoke your voting instructions if you change your mind:

Registered shareholders

- Go online and submit new voting instructions
- Submit another proxy form and send it by mail or fax to AST. A properly completed proxy form with a later date automatically revokes a previously submitted proxy
- Send a written statement to AST indicating your wish to have your proxy revoked.

Send your new proxy form or written statement to AST Trust Company (Canada), Attention: Proxy Department, P.O. Box 721 Agincourt, Ontario M1S 0A1. They must receive it before 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time) on May 18, 2021 or 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) preceding the date of an adjourned or postponed meeting.

Non-registered shareholders

- Go online and submit new voting instructions
- · Complete another Voting Document and follow the instructions for returning the form provided by your intermediary. A properly completed Voting Document with a later date automatically revokes a previously submitted form
- Send a written statement to your intermediary indicating that you wish to have your Voting Document revoked.

Send your new form or written statement to your intermediary right away because they must forward it to AST. AST must receive the new form or statement before 10:00 a.m. (Eastern Time) on the last business day before the meeting (or reconvened meeting if the meeting is postponed or adjourned).

Regardless of whether you are a registered or non-registered shareholder, you can also give your notice to the Chair of the meeting before the start of the meeting (or reconvened meeting if the meeting is postponed or adjourned), or send new instructions in any other manner permitted by law.

How to vote at the virtual-only meeting

In order to mitigate the health risks to our shareholders, employees, and other stakeholders during the COVID-19 pandemic, Sherritt has decided to hold a virtual-only meeting this year, which will be conducted via live audio webcast at https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960.

Attending the annual shareholder meeting online enables registered and non-registered shareholders to participate at, submit questions in writing and vote at the meeting, all in real time. Any voting member attending the meeting is eligible to ask questions. If you would like to ask a question, select the messaging icon found on the webcast display screen. If you are a non-registered shareholder who does not appoint themselves as proxyholder, then you may attend the meeting as a guest, but you will not be able to vote or ask questions at the meeting. Guests can attend the meeting by visiting https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960, clicking "I am a guest" and completing the online form.

If you attend the meeting online, it is important that you are connected to the internet at all times during the meeting in order to vote when balloting commences. It is your responsibility to ensure connectivity for the duration of the meeting. It is recommended that you log in online at least 15 minutes before the meeting starts to allow ample time for online check-in procedures. Please note that if you lose connectivity once the meeting has commenced, there may be insufficient time to resolve your issue before ballot voting is completed. Even if you plan to attend the meeting, you should consider voting your shares in advance so that your vote will be counted in case you later decide not to attend the meeting or in the event that you experience any technical difficulties and are unable to access the meeting and vote for any reason. Please note that you cannot vote if you access the meeting by dialing in – voting at the meeting can only be done through the meeting portal.

Voting instructions

Registered shareholders and duly appointed proxyholders (including non-registered shareholders who have duly appointed themselves as proxyholders) that attend the meeting online will be able to vote by completing an online ballot during the meeting through the live webcast platform.

Registered shareholders and duly appointed proxyholders who want to attend the meeting and vote online during the meeting should follow the instructions below:

Step 1: Log in online at https://web.lumiagm.com/416715960 at least 15 minutes before the meeting starts. You will need the latest versions of Chrome, Safari, Edge or Firefox. Please do not use Internet Explorer. You can check your system's compatibility by visiting https://www.lumiglobal.com/faq for additional information. If you encounter technical difficulties, please contact Lumi at support@lumiglobal.com.

Step 2: Click "I have a control number" and then enter your control number and password "sherritt2021" (case sensitive) and complete an online ballot during the meeting. The control number is located on the proxy form or in the email notification you received from AST Trust Company (Canada).

Step 3: Follow the on-screen instructions to vote once balloting commences.

Asking questions at the virtual meeting

Sherritt believes that the ability to participate in the meeting in a meaningful way remains important despite the decision to hold this year's meeting virtually. It is anticipated that registered shareholders and proxyholders (including non-registered shareholders who have appointed themselves as proxyholders) will have substantially the same opportunity to ask questions on matters of business before the meeting as in past years when the annual shareholders meeting was held in person.

Questions received from shareholders which relate to the business of the meeting or to the affairs of Sherritt are expected to be addressed in the question and answer portion of the meeting. Such questions will be read by the Chair of the meeting or a designee of the Chair and responded to by a representative of Sherritt as they would be at a shareholders meeting that was being held in person. Similar to an in-person meeting, to ensure fairness for all attendees, Sherritt will retain the discretion to decide on the amount of time allocated to each question and will have the right to limit or consolidate questions and to reject questions that do not relate to the business of the meeting or to the affairs of Sherritt or which are determined to be inappropriate or otherwise out of order.

BUSINESS OF THE MEETING

We must have quorum for the shareholder meeting to proceed and to transact business. Quorum is two or more persons present in person or by proxy, representing at least 25% of the votes entitled to be cast at the meeting.

There are five items of business to be covered at the meeting. We require a simple majority of votes cast for an item to be approved by shareholders, except for the election of directors. See below to read about our majority voting policy for election of directors. Voting results for our 2021 annual meeting will be posted on our website (www.sherritt.com) and filed on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

We are not aware of any director or executive officer at any time in 2020, or a director nominee or an associate or affiliate, having a material interest, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership of securities or otherwise, in any item of business.

1. Receiving our 2020 financial statements

If you asked us to send you our annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, you should have already received a copy in a separate mailing. If you haven't received it, you can find a copy of our Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2020 Annual Report, which is available on our website (www.sherritt.com) and on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

2. Re-appointing our auditor and approving their compensation

You will vote on re-appointing Deloitte LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants (Deloitte LLP) as our external auditor for the 2021 financial year and authorize the directors to set the auditor's compensation. Deloitte LLP has served as our auditor since November 1995.

Deloitte LLP is independent of Sherritt and our subsidiaries within the meaning of the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario.

The Board recommends that shareholders vote FOR the reappointment of Deloitte LLP to serve as external auditor of Sherritt for 2021 and to authorize the Board to set the auditor's compensation.

The table below shows the fees paid to the external auditor for 2019 and 2020.

	2019	2020
Audit fees For the audit of our annual consolidated financial statements and review of our quarterly consolidated financial statements and services normally provided for statutory and regulatory filings or engagements such as research of accounting and audit-related issues and assurance audits	\$2,845,000	\$2,590,000
Audit-related fees For assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our consolidated financial statements and are not reported as audit fees	\$0	0
Tax-related fees For assistance and advice relating to the preparation of corporate income tax returns and expatriate services, other tax compliance and advisory services	\$165,000	\$147,000
Other fees Relating to training and development, and strategic consulting services.	\$0	\$0
Total	\$3,010,000	\$2,737,000

3. Voting on our approach to executive compensation

Our executive compensation program is designed to pay for performance and align the interests of our executive team with the long-term interests of our shareholders.

We hold an annual advisory vote on "say on pay" to support good governance and to give shareholders the opportunity to approve our approach to executive compensation as described in this circular. Last year 59.55% of the votes cast were for our approach to executive compensation.

The Board recommends that shareholders vote FOR our approach to executive compensation.

Please take some time to read about our executive compensation program and 2020 pay decisions starting on page 34 before you vote your shares.

In 2020, we invited 20 of our largest shareholders representing 36% of our issued and outstanding shares at that time, to meet with our Chair of the Board and the Chair of the Human Resources Committee. Our respective Chairs met with seven shareholders representing approximately 11% of our issued and outstanding shares. Insights from these meetings provide valuable input to the Human Resources Committee and the Board when reviewing our compensation policies and practices. In response, we made several changes to the executive compensation program, which you can read about on page 46.

This year you will vote on the following resolution:

RESOLVED THAT:

on an advisory basis and not to diminish the role and responsibilities of the Board of Directors, that the shareholders accept the approach to executive compensation disclosed in Sherritt's management information circular delivered in connection with the 2021 annual meeting of shareholders.

While this vote is non-binding on the Board, the Board will review the results and feedback it receives when reviewing executive compensation in the future.

If a significant number of shares are voted against the resolution, the Board will review our executive compensation program and any concerns expressed by shareholders and discuss the steps it took following the outcome and any changes being implemented as a result in next year's circular.

4. Electing our directors

While the Sherritt Board has consisted of seven directors in recent years, following the completion of the balance sheet restructuring in 2020 and taking into account feedback from a number of our shareholders, the Board has decided that it is appropriate to reduce the size of the Board. We have therefore decided that six directors will be elected to the Board this year to serve a term of one year until the end of our 2022 annual meeting, unless a director resigns or otherwise leaves office.

The Board recommends that shareholders vote FOR each of the nominated directors.

You can read about the nominated directors beginning on page 11.

You will be asked to elect the following nominees as directors. Each of them currently serves on our Board, is qualified and experienced, and has expressed his or her willingness to serve another term.

You can vote for all, vote for some and withhold your vote for others, or withhold your vote for all of the nominees:

1. Maryse Bélanger 4. Lisa Pankratz 2. Sir Richard Lapthorne 5. David Pathe 3. Adrian Loader 6. John Warwick

Management does not contemplate that any of the nominees will be unable, or for any reason become unwilling, to serve as a director. If for any reason this happens before the meeting, the persons named in your proxy form or voting instruction form have the right to vote for another nominee, at their discretion, unless you have specified in your proxy form or voting instruction form that your shares are to be withheld from voting in the election of any of the directors.

Majority voting policy

Shareholders can vote FOR or WITHHOLD from voting separately for each director nominee.

Our majority voting policy, which was adopted in 2009 and amended in 2016, requires that a nominee who receives more "withhold" votes than "for" votes at a shareholder meeting must submit his or her resignation to the Board immediately after the meeting. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will review the matter and accept the resignation unless there are exceptional circumstances that would warrant the director to continue serving on the Board.

The Board will announce its decision in a press release within 90 days, including the reasons for accepting or rejecting the resignation, and also provide a copy to the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX). The resignation will take effect when it is accepted by the Board. The director does not participate in any discussions or vote on the matter.

The policy only applies in an uncontested meeting where the number of director nominees matches the number of board seats available.

5. Considering any other business properly brought before the meeting

As of the date of this circular, the directors and management are not aware of any amendments, variations or other matters that may be brought before the meeting (or any adjournment or postponement).

If this happens, your proxyholder has discretionary authority to vote on the matters as they see fit.

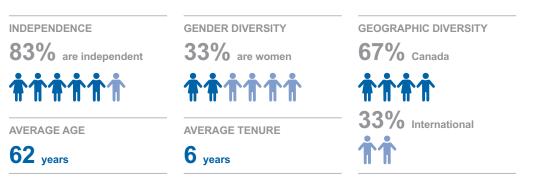
Shareholder proposals for next year's annual meeting

The CBCA allows eligible shareholders to submit shareholder proposals to us. We must receive shareholder proposals for our 2022 annual meeting by December 1, 2021 to consider including them in next year's management information circular.

ABOUT THE NOMINATED DIRECTORS

We have a strong, independent Board. Five of the six nominated directors (83%) are independent, including our Board Chair. David Pathe is not independent because he also serves as our President and Chief Executive Officer.

All six nominated directors currently serve on our Board and have committed to serving on the Board for another one-year term, other than David Pathe, who has indicated that he intends to step down from the Board once his successor as Chief Executive Officer is in place. Each is qualified and experienced and brings a strong mix of skills and experience across disciplines and industry sectors.



2020 attendance

The table below is a summary of the Board and committee meetings held in 2020 and the attendance of the nominated directors. You can read about each director's attendance record on page 30.

	Number of meetings	Overall meeting attendance
Board of directors	13	92%
Audit Committee	6	100%
Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee	6	83%
Human Resources Committee	7	86%
Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee	5	100%
Resources, Operations and Capital Committee	5	100%

You can read more about the nominated directors in the profiles that follow, including their background and experience, 2020 meeting attendance, compensation and voting results as well as their equity ownership and other directorships.

Information about the Sherritt equity each nominee owns beneficially or exercises control or direction over has been provided by each nominee. Non-executive directors receive an equity retainer in deferred share units (DSUs), which are notional units that track the value of Sherritt common shares and earn dividend equivalents at the same rate as dividends paid on our common shares. The value shown in each director profile is calculated by multiplying the number of units/shares held by the director by the higher of the grant/purchase price or the closing price of our common shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020 (\$0.41).

Qualified and experienced nominees

100%

Experience in mining/ resource industry, international business or capital projects

100%

Experience in risk management and evaluation

71%

Financially literate or have experience in financial reporting, finance or mergers and acquisitions

86%

Experience in human resources or executive compensation

DAVID PATHE

President and Chief Executive Officer, Sherritt International Not independent

Residence: Ontario, Canada

Age: 50

Director since: January 1, 2012

2020 attendance: 100% 2020 vote: 85.92% for



Areas of expertise

- Mining/Resource industry
- International business
- · Capital projects
- Enterprise management
- · Financial literacy and reporting
- Corporate governance
- Risk management and evaluation
- Finance/M&A
- Government relations
- Board leadership

Business experience

David Pathe was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer on January 1, 2012, and was Chair of the Board from June 13, 2017 to June 26, 2019. He joined Sherritt in 2007 and held a number of progressively senior positions prior to his current position:

- Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer (March 2011-January 2012)
- Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary (July 2009-February 2011)
- Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary (October 2008-June 2009)
- Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Corporate Secretary (June 2007-September 2008)

Other public company boards in the past five years None

Other boards

30% Club (Co-chair, Canada) Catalyst Canada's Advisory Board (member)

Public board interlocks

None

Education

B.A. (Queen's University)

L.L.B. (University of British Columbia)

Equity ownership

Shares: 503.164

Performance share units: 8,129,465 Restricted share units: 7,779,465

Total value: \$9,144,670

Meets his equity ownership requirement as President and CEO (see page 41).

SIR RICHARD LAPTHORNE

Corporate Director Independent

Residence: Buckinghamshire, UK

Age: 77

Director since: September 14, 2011

2020 attendance: 100% 2020 vote: 65.33% for



Areas of expertise

- International business
- Government relations
- Capital projects
- Enterprise management
- Financial literacy and reporting
- · Corporate governance
- Operations
- Human resources/Executive compensation
- · Risk management/evaluation
- Finance and M&A
- Board leadership

Business experience

Sir Richard Lapthorne has served as a Finance Director or as Chairman of various FTSE 100 and non-quoted companies in the United Kingdom since 1986. He was Finance Director of Courtaulds plc from 1986 until 1992 as well as Finance Director of British Aerospace plc from July 1992 and Vice Chairman from April 1998 until his retirement in 1999. From 1996 to May 2003 he was Chairman of Amersham International plc (now GE Healthcare), joining the board as a non-executive director in 1989. He was Chairman of Cable Wireless from 2003 until 2016. His non-quoted appointments included Chairman of PWC's UK Public Advisory Board, McLaren and New Look, and positions with Flemings Bank and JP Morgan. A keen gardener he was a trustee of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew from 1998 until 2004, of which from 2004 until 2009 he served as the nominee of Her Majesty the Queen.

Other public company boards in the past five years

CPP Group plc.

Cable & Wireless Communications plc (Chairman) (2003 to 2016) Cable & Wireless plc. (Chairman) (2003 to 2016)

Other boards

None

Public board interlocks

None

Education and distinctions

Fellow, Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (UK) Fellow, Chartered Association of Certificated Accountants (UK) Bachelor of Commerce, Liverpool University, England

Knighthood for services to the telecommunications industry

Equity ownership

Shares: 290.500

Deferred share units: 593,450 Total value: \$1,032,874

Meets his equity ownership requirement (see page 31).

MARYSE BÉLANGER

Corporate Director Independent

Residence: British Columbia, Canada

Age: 59

Director since: February 7, 2018

2020 attendance: 97% 2020 vote: 84.71% for



Areas of expertise

- Mining/Resource industry
- International business
- · Government relations
- Capital projects
- · Reserve evaluation
- Enterprise management
- Operations

- Human resources/Executive compensation
- and sustainability
- Risk management/evaluation

Environment, health, safety

- Board leadership

Business experience

Maryse Bélanger has more than 30 years of experience in the global mining sector, with proven strengths in operational excellence, technical services and efficiency. She is currently President & CEO of Augusta Gold Corp., (formerly, Bullfrog Gold Corp.) a role that she anticipates leaving on or before June 30, 2021. Ms. Bélanger also sits on the board of directors and the ESG committee, of Equinox Gold Corporation. She is a director of Pure Gold Mining. Previously, Ms. Bélanger served as the Chief Operating Officer of Atlantic Gold Corporation until its acquisition by St Barbara Limited.

Other public company boards in the past five years

Equinox Gold

Plateau Energy Metals (member, Compensation Committee) (a role which she anticipates leaving on or before June 30, 2021) Pure Gold Mining

Kirkland Lake Gold Inc. (2016 to 2017)

Newmarket Gold (acquired by Kirkland Lake Ltd. in 2016) (2016) Mirabela Nickel (2014 to 2016)

True Gold (acquired by Endeavor in 2016) (2015 to 2016)

Other boards

None

Public board interlocks

None

Education

Bachelor of Science (Geology) (Université du Québec à Chicoutimi) Graduate certificate in Geostatistics (MINES ParisTech)

Equity ownership

Shares: 300,000

Deferred share units: 931,814

Total value: \$530,580

Meets her equity ownership requirement (see page 31).

ADRIAN LOADER

Corporate Director Independent

Residence: London, England

Age: 72

Director since: July 29, 2013

2020 attendance: 93% 2020 vote: 65.27% for

Areas of expertise

- Mining/Resource industry
- International business
- · Government relations
- Capital projects
- Reserve evaluation
- Enterprise management
- Corporate governance
- Operations

- Human resources/Executive compensation
- Environment, health, safety and sustainability
- · Risk management/evaluation
- Finance and M&A
- Board leadership

Business experience

Adrian Loader has extensive international experience working for Royal Dutch Shell in energy management, projects, strategy, business development and new market entry. He held regional responsibility for operations in Latin America/Africa. Middle East/ Far East and Europe and was the Royal Dutch Shell Director responsible for Strategy and Business Development, Scenarios, Group Planning, Health, Safety & Environment, and External Affairs. Before retiring at the end of 2007, he was President and Chief Executive Officer of Shell Canada, where he was responsible for, among other things, Shell Canada's oil sands open pit mining activities and their expansion. He has served on the board of directors of Alliance-Unichem, Shell Canada Ltd., Alliance-Boots, Candax Energy Inc. and Compton Petroleum. He joined the board of Candax Energy Inc. in January 2008 and was Chairman until June 2010, and then Chairman of Compton Petroleum until August 2012

Other public company boards in the past five years

LafargeHolcim Ltd. (Swiss global supplier of cement and aggregates) Oracle Coalfields PLC (international coal developer in Pakistan) (Chairman from 2011 to 2016)

Alderon Iron Ore Corp. (a Canadian iron ore project developer) (2014-2020)

Other boards

Resero Gas Limited (a private UK company developing LNG to power projects) (Chairman)

Public board interlocks

None

Education and distinctions

Fellow, Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development MA (History) (Cambridge University, England)

Equity ownership

Shares: 19.000

Deferred share units: 577,370

Total value: \$632,023

Meets his equity ownership requirement (see page 31).

LISA PANKRATZ

Corporate Director Independent

Residence: British Columbia, Canada

Age: 60

Director since: November 13, 2013

2020 attendance: 100% **2020 vote:** 88.83% *for*



Areas of expertise

- International business
- Capital projects
- Enterprise management
- Financial literacy and reporting
- Corporate governance
- Operations
- Human resources/Executive compensation
- Risk management/evaluation
- Finance and M&A
- Board leadership

Business experience

Lisa Pankratz has over 30 years of experience in the investment industry and capital markets in both executive and advisory capacities, working with multinational and international companies. For over 19 years, she has served as a board member of corporations in the financial services and global media industries. Ms. Pankratz currently serves as Chair of the board of UBC Investment Management Trust Inc. and of the HSBC Independent Review Committee for HSBC Global Asset Management (Canada) Limited. She previously served on the boards of IA Clarington Investments, the Canadian Museum for Human Rights, Canwest Media, Inc., The Insurance Corporation of British Columbia, and was a member of the Accounting Policy and Advisory Committee advising the Ministry of Finance for the Province of British Columbia. From 2006 to 2010, she was the President of Mackenzie Cundill Investment Management Ltd., and from 2002 to 2006 was the President, Chief Compliance Officer and Director of Cundill Investment Research Ltd. and the Chief Compliance Officer of The Cundill Group.

Other public company boards in the past five years None

Other boards

UBC Investment Management Trust Inc.
HSBC Independent Review Committee, HSBC Global Asset
Management (Canada) Limited
Friends of the Canadian Museum for Human Rights
Vancouver Foundation (member of Investment Committee and Audit and Finance Committee)

Public board interlocks

None

Education and distinctions

Fellow, Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia, Chartered Financial Analyst Honours Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration, Richard Ivey School of Business, University of Western Ontario

Equity ownership

Shares: 29,300

Deferred share units: 571,243 Total value: \$609,826

Meets her equity ownership requirement (see page 31).

JOHN WARWICK

Corporate Director Independent

Residence: Ontario, Canada

Age: 67

Director since: June 13, 2017

2020 attendance: 97% **2020 vote:** 89.60% *for*



- Risk management/evaluation
- Finance and M&ABoard leadership

compensation

Areas of expertise

- Mining/Resource industry
- International business
- Capital projects
- Enterprise management
- Financial literacy and reporting

Business experience

John Warwick is a special advisor to Paradigm Capital Inc. He was previously the Managing Director, Investment Banking, founding partner and Head of Corporate Finance of Paradigm Capital Inc. where he advised and assisted companies on financing and capital structure matters. Prior to 1999, he was Executive Vice President and Vice Chairman of Gordon Capital Corporation and previously a mining analyst at Gardner Watson, and at Burns Fry, where he was a top-ranked base metals analyst.

Other public company boards in the past five years

NorZinc Ltd. (previously Canadian Zinc Corporation) (Board Chair, member, Nominating and Governance Committee and Compensation Committee and Health, Safety, Social and Environment Committee)

Other boards

None

Public board interlocks

None

Education

MBA, University of Toronto Chartered Financial Analyst

Equity ownership

Shares: 100,000

Deferred share units: 977,242 Total value: \$616,020

Meets his equity ownership requirement (see page 31).

Other information about the directors

June 2014 to June 2016, Maryse Bélanger was the Chief Executive Officer and a member of the board of directors of Mirabela Nickel Limited (Mirabela). In September 2015, Mirabela filed for voluntary administration in Australia. Under the rules of the Australian Stock Exchange, there is a requirement for the directors of a listed company to confirm the entity will be a going concern for at least 18 months looking forward. The significant decline in nickel prices and Mirabela's inability to secure third-party financing that it had been discussing with potential financiers made it economically impossible for Mirabela to continue trading. As a result, the board of directors of Mirabela decided to enter into voluntary administration.

GOVERNANCE

At Sherritt, we believe that sound corporate governance is critical to earning and retaining the trust of our shareholders.

Our governance practices reflect the vision and priorities that we promote as a company and support ethical behaviour and high performance standards throughout the organization – all critical elements for improving overall company performance.

Where to find it

- 17 About the Board
- 19 The role of the Board
- 22 Board committees
- 25 Board composition
- 30 What we expect of directors
- 32 Director compensation

ABOUT THE BOARD

Board structure

Elect the Board for a term of one year. **Shareholders** See page 10 for our majority voting policy. Responsible for governance and stewardship of the company, and accountable to Sherritt shareholders. **Board of** You can find a copy of the Board's mandate in Appendix A and on our website (www.sherritt.com). directors Established by the Board to help carry out its responsibilities: **Board** Audit Committee **Committees** · Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee • Human Resources Committee Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee · Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee The Committees provide expertise and resources in specific areas, enhance the quality of discussion at board meetings and facilitate decision-making. All five Committees are made up of independent directors. The Board and its committees each meet in camera (without management present) at every in-person meeting. In 2020, there were six in-camera meetings of the Board, five of the Human Resources Committee, four of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, four of the Audit Committee, three of the Environment, Health, Safety & Sustainability Committee and four of the Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee. Each committee meets and operates independently of management. Membership is reviewed annually and members are selected by the Board on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. You can read about each committee beginning on page 22. Committee mandates are reviewed annually and approved by the Board, and are posted on our website (www.sherritt.com).

The Board is responsible for overseeing the management of the business and our affairs. Our articles stipulate that our Board must have three to 15 directors. The Board is authorized to set the number of directors from time to time in accordance with our by-laws and a special resolution of shareholders.

This year the Board will consist of six members and each director is qualified and experienced in business and sound corporate governance practices. The Board has a written mandate that sets out its purpose, responsibilities and composition. A copy of the mandate is in Appendix A starting on page 78.

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to its five standing committees to help it fulfill its responsibilities. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board about our approach to corporate governance including the annual review of our governance policy.

Independence

The majority of our Board is independent – all of our directors are independent except David Pathe, because he also serves as our President and Chief Executive Officer.

We determine independence of our directors using the definition set out in National Instrument 58-101 – Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices (NI 58-101). A material relationship exists if the Board believes that a relationship could be reasonably expected to interfere with the director's independent judgment and is deemed to exist under certain prescribed circumstances set out in NI 58-101.

About conflicts of interest

A director who has a real or perceived conflict of interest about a matter under consideration is required to recuse him or herself from all Board deliberations or discussions on the matter.

Meeting in camera

The independent directors meet in camera without management present at every in-person meeting of the Board and at other times as necessary. The Board Chair chairs these meetings.

Our board committees consist of independent directors and they also meet in camera at each in-person committee meeting and as often as necessary. Committees operate independently of management in fulfilling their mandates and making recommendations to the Board.

The Audit Committee meets separately with the external auditor at least once every quarter without management present to discuss our financial affairs.

Committee Chairs update management on the substance of the in camera meetings if action is required.

Position descriptions

We have formal position descriptions for key leadership roles including the Board Chair, committee Chairs and the President and Chief Executive Officer.

Board Chair

The Board Chair provides leadership to the Board and is responsible for effectively managing the affairs of the Board and ensuring that it functions efficiently. The Board Chair, if independent, also advises the President and Chief Executive Officer on all matters concerning the interests of Sherritt, the Board and the relationships between management and the Board.

Where to find the position descriptions

You can find a copy of the position description for the Board Chair in Appendix B on page 81. The position descriptions for the Chairs of each of the Board's five standing committees and the President and Chief Executive Officer are available on our website (www.sherritt.com).

Committee Chairs

The Chair of each Board Committee is responsible for leading their Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities as set out in the Committee's mandate. The Committee Chair reports to the Board at its next meeting, updating the Board on any decisions or recommendations reached by the Committee and its considerations in the process.

President and Chief Executive Officer

The President and Chief Executive Officer has primary responsibility for the management of the business and our affairs in accordance with our corporate strategy and objectives approved by the Board and within the limitations of authority determined by the Board.

THE ROLE OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for overseeing the management of our business and our affairs.

Corporate governance

Sound corporate governance practices are essential to the well-being of Sherritt and the promotion and protection of our shareholders' interests. The Board oversees our governance framework, in part, through the work of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

The Board promotes fair reporting, including financial reporting, to shareholders and other stakeholders as well as ethical and legal corporate conduct through an appropriate system of corporate governance, internal controls and disclosure controls. The Board believes that Sherritt is best served by a board that is informed and engaged and functions independently of management.

We comply with the rules and regulations that apply to us as a Canadian public company including National Instrument 58-101 -Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices and National Policy 58-201 - Corporate Governance Guidelines.

Strategic direction

The Board, with the assistance of its committees, is responsible for assessing and approving our strategic plan and the annual business plans developed and proposed by management. The Board provides input and advice about strategic opportunities, as well as issues and concerns relating to risk.

The Board is also responsible for approving our business and operational policies which govern our approach to capital expenditures, acquisitions and dispositions, disclosure and communications, finance and investment, risk management and human resources. It also reviews our processes to assess and manage risk and discusses this with management. Management updates the Board on our principal risks at each regularly scheduled board meeting.

Risk oversight

The Board is responsible for overseeing how management assesses and manages risk, including identification of principal risks and appropriate systems to manage them. The Audit Committee ensures that management adequately identifies,

manages, monitors and discloses risks that could impact our financial results and reporting. The Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee reviews and oversees the management of environment, health and safety, security and sustainability risks on behalf of the Board. The Human Resources Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation for compensation risk. The Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee assists the Board in oversight of operating and capital expenditures.

Managing compensation risk See page 40 for information about how the Human Resources Committee

manages compensation risk.

Our principal risks range from market conditions, liquidity and access to capital, to operating, jurisdictional and political risks, including without limitation operations in Cuba and related U.S. Government policy towards Cuba, risks associated with our joint venture, depletion of reserves, commodity risk, climate change and greenhouse gas emissions, labour relations and environment, health and safety, among other things, together with risks associated with COVID-19. You can read more about our risk factors in our 2020 Annual Information Form and our MD&A for the three months and year ended December 31, 2020 on our website (www.sherritt.com) and on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

Sherritt's divisions each compile a risk register based on a common matrix, which is reviewed by the Senior Management of the division. The risk registers form the basis of the Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) report which is presented quarterly to the senior executive team by Finance. Finance also reviews external publications on risks and emerging risks related to the mining industry.

The ERM report contains information about the top known risks (those that could have an impact on our financial strength, strategic position or reputation) and other risks being monitored, as identified in the risk register and by Finance. The final ERM report is presented twice a year to the Board and includes a description of each top known risk, a discussion of the context of the risk, an action plan to manage the risk, board accountability and an update on the steps management has taken to address the risk. The significant known risks are listed for the purpose of discussion. As part of its annual risk assessment, Finance also reviews the top known risks and significant known risks against the Internal Audit plan.

Management succession planning

The Human Resources Committee is responsible for succession planning and uses a multi-year, talent management framework managed by human resources.

The Human Resources Committee reviews the succession plan for the CEO position annually and discusses its review and recommendations with the Board without Mr. Pathe present. The Human Resources Committee meets annually with the Senior Vice President, Human Resources to review other key management positions and the development of our leadership talent.

The succession process includes reviewing our talent pool by several criteria including the hiring, selection and de-selection process, analysis of average age and years of service, gender representation, time in the role and performance. The review includes all key positions including our divisions and as well as finance, legal, human resources and other functional areas reporting to the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Pathe provides input and feedback to the Human Resources Committee on the positions that report directly to the CEO role.

Leadership diversity

Our diversity and inclusion policy also makes diversity one of the criteria that senior management considers in evaluating the suitability of candidates for all positions.

In 2016, we established diversity and inclusion as a strategic priority, and in 2019, we launched a five-year diversity and inclusion global framework, setting out our multi-year plan to achieve stated goals. Although the initial focus of our diversity and inclusion initiative strategy was gender, recent events with respect to racism have highlighted the need for us to re-evaluate our strategy to ensure we are acknowledging and addressing any systemic issues that impede our desire to be an inclusive and respectful workplace. Sherritt's divisions finalized site-level diversity and inclusion plans in support of the global framework and established divisional implementation committees in 2019. In addition, Sherritt announced that it will target doubling the percentage of women in our organization from 18% to 36% over the next 10 years. The Board will be assessing how the diversity policy and its objectives will be assessed by the Board.

David Pathe, our President and Chief Executive Officer, is Co-chair of the 30% Club in Canada, a global campaign aimed at promoting women to senior business roles. We are also a member of Catalyst, an organization working to help accelerate progress for women in the workplace, and David is a member of Catalyst Canada's Advisory Board.

We currently have one female executive officer representing 16.7% of the executive team, and two female employees at the Vice President level representing 18.2% of employees at that level. None of our executive officers self-identify as Aboriginal peoples, persons with disabilities, or visible minorities.

The Board has not set targets for the number of women, visible minorities, persons with disabilities, or persons with Aboriginal status in senior management positions. The United States' embargo on Cuba has made it difficult for us to attract and retain highly qualified individuals to serve in senior management positions, so we must maintain the greatest flexibility in our recruitment process. However, we will continue to monitor the level of diversity in senior management and consider whether it would be appropriate to include formal targets for the representation of these groups in the future.

Disclosure and communications

We are committed to communicating with shareholders and the public openly and in a timely way and complying with legal and regulatory requirements including our continuous disclosure obligations under securities laws.

Disclosure policy

We have enterprise-wide policies that safeguard confidential information, protect material information about the company and guide our disclosure practices, among other things.

Our timely disclosure and confidentiality policy ensures that material information about Sherritt is disclosed in a timely, consistent, fair and factually accurate manner and applies to all methods and forms of communication.

Disclosure Committee

Our Disclosure Committee (or in certain cases, one of its members) reviews and approves all news releases and public filings with securities regulators and stock exchanges before being released, as well as all written, electronic and oral statements for public dissemination that may or may not include material information.

The Disclosure Committee is chaired by the Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary and includes the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer and the Director, Investor Relations and External Communications as members.

Each board committee reviews the public disclosure relevant to its mandate, before it is reviewed and approved by the Board. For example, all press releases and public filings disclosing financial information are reviewed by the Audit Committee, including the annual and interim financial statements and MD&A.

We also have mechanisms in place to evaluate the design and effectiveness of our disclosure controls.

Shareholder engagement

We communicate with shareholders in various ways, including through our website, disclosure documents and management's quarterly conference calls with analysts, which shareholders and the public can access. Specific shareholder inquiries are handled by our Investor Relations group. Management also interacts with investors through conferences held by various dealers as well through non-deal roadshow meetings. Investor meetings in 2020 were mostly held electronically on account of COVID-19 and the frequency limited on account of the balance sheet initiative launched in February and closed at the end of August.

Sherritt also has a dedicated shareholder outreach program whereby the Chair of the Board and the Chair of the Human Resources Committee meet with shareholders to discuss strategy, governance and compensation matters. The program was initiated in 2016, and the Corporation receives a positive response from shareholders every year. In 2020, Sherritt reached out to 20 of its largest shareholders representing 35% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding shares.

In 2020, the Chair of the Board and the Chair of the Human Resources Committee met with seven shareholders, representing approximately 11% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding shares, as well as two proxy advisory firms, Institutional Shareholder Services and Glass Lewis. These meetings were conducted following the close of Sherritt's balance sheet initiative on August 31, 2020 and in advance of the annual general meeting held on December 15, 2020. Discussions were engaging and ranged from questions and comments on Sherritt's strategy and performance, outlook of the nickel and cobalt markets, impact of the change in U.S. administration on relations with Cuba, CEO succession planning, and executive compensation and incentive plan metrics, all of which provided important context for our work in preparing this year's circular. The insights from the meetings also provide valuable input to the Human Resources Committee and the Board when reviewing our policies and practices.

Communicating with the Board

The Board welcomes input from shareholders at any time. If you wish to contact the Board or any of the committees, please send your note to the Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary:

Board of Directors of Sherritt International Corporation c/o Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary **Sherritt International Corporation** Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower 22 Adelaide Street West, Suite 4220 Toronto, ON M5H 4E3

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has five standing committees and each is made up of independent directors. The committees operate independently of management and have their own mandates which set out their duties and responsibilities. The committee Chairs are responsible for leading their committee and ensuring that they fulfill the committee's mandate. Committee mandates are posted on our website (www.sherritt.com). Board committees can retain special counsel or consultants up to \$150,000. Fees exceeding this amount must be approved by the Board.

Audit Committee

Independent: 100% Members:

Meetings in 2020: 6 Lisa Pankratz, FCPA, FCA, CFA (Chair since June 13, 2017)

Sir Richard Lapthorne, John Warwick

The Audit Committee is responsible for ensuring the integrity and accuracy of Sherritt's financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. This includes reviewing our financial and related disclosure and overseeing compliance with legal and regulatory requirements relating to financial reporting, the external auditor's qualifications and independence, and the performance of the internal and external auditors.

The Audit Committee also oversees management of our principal financial and business risks, our internal controls, our tax status, the adequacy of our insurance coverage, among other things. It also approves the external audit plan and the nature and fees of non-audit services and recommends the external auditors to the Board.

Each member is financially literate within the meaning of National Instrument 52-110 - Audit Committees.

Some members of the Audit Committee are also members of the Human Resources Committee, the Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee and the Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee to ensure alignment of discussions and decisions.

You can find more information about the Audit Committee in our 2020 Annual Information Form on our website (www.sherritt.com) and on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee

Independent: 100% Members:

Meetings in 2020: 6 Timothy Baker (Chair since May 12, 2015)

Maryse Bélanger, John Warwick

The Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee oversees our environment, health and safety, security and other sustainability management systems, policies, programs and targets.

The Committee makes recommendations to the Board about the scope of environment, health and safety, security and sustainability risks to our operations and future growth, voluntary commitments we have made in this area, and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. It also monitors legislative trends, domestic and international norms, stakeholder expectations and industry best practices and reviews sustainability information and performance data, corporate-level audits and management response and plans, our crisis management plan and our annual sustainability report.

The Committee ensures its assessment of controls to manage environment, health and safety, security and sustainability risks aligns with the Audit Committee's oversight of internal controls. It also consults with the Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee about the environment, health, safety and sustainability risks relating to our current and future capital projects. It visits at least one site of our major operations once a year. Some members of the Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee are also members of the Audit Committee and the Human Resources Committee to ensure alignment of discussions and decisions.

Human Resources Committee

Independent: 100%

Meetings in 2020: 7 Adrian Loader (Chair since June 13, 2017)

Timothy Baker, Lisa Pankratz

The Human Resources Committee oversees our director and executive compensation, in addition to the human resources strategic plan, incentive compensation plans, performance assessment, retirement benefits and succession planning. It also establishes our human resources and compensation policies and oversees compensation risk.

The Committee reviews director compensation to ensure that is continues to be appropriate for the duties, responsibilities and risks of being a director and stays competitive with the market and makes recommendations to the Board as appropriate.

The Committee also makes recommendations to the Board about executive compensation including the program structure, balance of fixed and variable elements of compensation, terms and conditions of employment, incentive plan design, performance evaluations for our senior executive officers, compensation decisions and management succession planning. It oversees our retirement plans through the work of the Management Retirement Committee.

The Human Resources Committee meets with its independent advisor without management present and the external advisor attends all regular committee meetings to provide advice and counsel. Management is invited to attend committee meetings to present recommendations and updates.

Some of the members of the Human Resources Committee are also members of the Audit Committee, the Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee and the Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee to ensure alignment of discussions and decisions.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

Independent: 100% Members:

Meetings in 2020: 5 Sir Richard Lapthorne (Chair since May 23, 2013)

Timothy Baker, Maryse Bélanger, Adrian Loader, Lisa Pankratz, John Warwick

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee oversees all governance matters and establishes our corporate governance policies and practices. It is also responsible for identifying new candidates for nomination or appointment to the Board.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee makes recommendations to the Board about the size, composition and mandates of the Board and committees, the qualifications of director candidates and nominees, board succession, the board assessment process and position descriptions or terms of reference for the President and Chief Executive Officer, Board Chair and Chair of each Board committee.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also oversees director orientation and continuing education, all proposed related party transactions and situations for potential conflicts of interest, and it reviews our code of business conduct and ethics.

Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee

Independent: 100% Members:

Meetings in 2020: 5 Maryse Bélanger (Chair since December 15, 2020)

Timothy Baker, Adrian Loader, Lisa Pankratz

The Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee is responsible for reviewing our mineral reserves (including oil and gas reserves) and those of affiliated and related entities. It also oversees the availability, maintenance, growth and integrity of our reported reserve base, including any additional potential reserves.

The Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee reviews the selection criteria and appointment of our designated qualified persons, the report of the qualified persons and the disclosure of our annual reserves and resources information, the annual reconciliation of reserves to mine production, our internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures relating to reserves and resources estimation.

The Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee receives reports from management on all material matters related to reserves and resources estimation, industry standards and regulations about the estimation and publication of reserves and resources and developments and monitors steps by management to manage our risk exposures. It also reviews our procedures relating to the disclosure of information on oil and gas activities, the selection of the qualified reserves evaluators or auditors selected to report to the Board on our oil and gas reserves and resource data, and our annual reserves and resource estimates prior to disclosing publicly.

With respect to its responsibility for overseeing production and related activities, the Committee reviews, monitors and oversees our ongoing production and related operations to enhance alignment with Sherritt's strategic objectives and initiatives.

The Committee is also responsible for reviewing, monitoring and overseeing our major capital projects and expenditures on a world-wide basis which either have or may have a material impact on Sherritt. This includes the prioritization of capital projects and expenditures.

Some of the members of the Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee are also members of the Audit Committee, the Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee and the Human Resources Committee to ensure alignment of discussions and decisions.

BOARD COMPOSITION

Our goal is to assemble a high performing board with a diversity of skills, background and experience to ensure that the Board can carry out its responsibilities effectively. Our directors are strong leaders in their field (ideally from an industrial background with experience in mining, energy, operations or large capital-intensive industry) have strong experience in either corporate strategy and/or operations, can engender trust and respect in the boardroom and bring diversity to the Board.

The individual skills, knowledge and experience of individual directors complement those of their colleagues on the Board. This provides diversity, balance of views and perspectives, ensures well informed oversight and thoughtful exchange with management.

Diversity

We recognize the value of diversity and inclusion and believe that we benefit from the insight, innovation and good judgment that comes from including a variety of perspectives in the decision-making and strategic planning process. Our diversity and inclusion policy makes diversity of the Board one of the criteria that the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers in recruiting and selecting director candidates.

We recently revised our diversity and inclusion policy to formally acknowledge the designated groups specifically identified under recent amendments to the Canada Business Corporations Act, including women, Aboriginal peoples, persons with disabilities and members of visible minorities. The amended and expanded diversity and inclusion policy reflects our commitment to promoting a diverse and inclusive work environment. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee audits compliance with the diversity and inclusion policy as it relates to the recruitment and selection of potential directors, tracks the progress the company has made in achieving the objectives of the policy, and periodically provides reports to the Board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also recommends amendments to the diversity and inclusion policy when necessary.

The Nominating & Corporate Governance Committee is aware of the work that needs to be done to create a more diverse leadership team for companies in Canada. As part of its recruitment and selection process, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers the level of representation of designated groups on the Board. It has set a goal of having at least 30% female independent directors by the 2022 annual meeting. There are currently two female independent directors who represent 29% of the Board and 33% of the independent directors. In addition, in 2020, the CEO of the Corporation signed the BlackNorth Initiative Pledge of the Canadian Council of Business Leaders Against Anti-Black Systemic Racism (the "BlackNorth Initiative Pledge") committing the Corporation to specific actions and targets designed to end anti-Black systemic racism, including the goal of, at a minimum, 3.5% of executive and board roles based in Canada being held by Black leaders by 2025. A copy of the BlackNorth Initiative Pledge can be found at https://www.blacknorth.ca/The-Pledge.

The Board has not otherwise adopted targets for representation on the board of Aboriginal peoples, visible minorities, or persons with disabilities, and none of our directors currently self-identify as a member of any of these groups. The United States' embargo on Cuba has made it difficult for us to attract and retain highly qualified individuals to serve on the Board, so we must maintain flexibility in our recruitment process. However, we will continue to monitor the level of board diversity and consider whether it would be appropriate to include formal targets for the representation of these groups in the future.

Skills matrix

The Board maintains a skills matrix to evaluate the competencies and skills of the Board based on the background and experience of each director.

The skills matrix is updated every year using a self-assessment completed by each director, and used to identify gaps or areas for strengthening the Board when recruiting new director candidates to fill board vacancies. It is also taken into account when determining the composition of our board committees and choosing committee chairs.

The skills matrix below shows the skill set of the Board nominees.

	Maryse Bélanger	Sir Richard Lapthorne	Adrian Loader	Lisa Pankratz	David Pathe	John Warwick	Total
Appointed	February 2018	September 2011	July 2013	November 2013	January 2012	June 2017	
Mining/Resource industry	V		~		V	V	4
International business	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Government relations	✓	✓	✓		✓		4
Capital projects	v	✓	~	~	~	~	6
Reserve evaluation	✓		~				2
Enterprise management	v	V	~	✓	~	~	6
Financial literacy and reporting		✓		~	V	V	4
Corporate governance		✓	~	~	v		4
Operations	v	V	~	✓			4
Human resources/Executive compensation	~	V	~	~		V	5
Environment, health, safety and sustainability	~		~			V	3
Risk management/Evaluation	V	V	~	V	V	V	6
Finance and M&A		V	~	V	V	V	5
Board leadership	V	V	~	V	V	V	6
Language skills	French Spanish	French	French Spanish Italian		French		

Our working language across the organization is English, but the official language of Cuba, the main jurisdiction of our foreign operations, is Spanish (Cuba). Two directors are fluent in Spanish. Foreign language skills allow directors to interact more effectively with local stakeholders, including government officials and employees.

Orientation

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for making sure new directors receive a proper orientation to Sherritt and their duties and responsibilities as directors.

The orientation program focuses on new directors having a clear understanding of their responsibilities, developing a good working relationship with the other members of the Board, and becoming familiar with our operations and management team so they can actively participate in meetings from the outset.

The program has several components and covers the director's first year on the Board:

- Site visits new directors have an opportunity to visit our business units and major projects
- Interaction with management new directors meet with key members of the management team
- Legal obligations new directors attend a session with our outside counsel so they have a full understanding of their legal obligations as a director; and
- Committee orientation committee Chairs, together with appropriate management representatives, provide orientation on the committees the new director will be joining. They also attend meetings of other committees as an observer.

New directors also receive a package of reference materials including a handbook with relevant corporate and business information (articles, by-laws, organization and corporate charts, board mandate, committee mandates, etc.), current continuous disclosure documents, and board presentations from the previous year.

Continuing education

We expect directors to keep abreast of issues affecting our business.

We organize continuing education sessions that include meetings with management, and outside experts as appropriate, to discuss regulatory changes, corporate governance developments, developments in the mining and oil and gas industries and market conditions, among other things.

Directors complete continuing education sessions and attend briefings on various topics relating to the jurisdictions where our subsidiaries and joint venture operate, including the various political, regulatory and economic environments.

We provide directors with quarterly updates on our foreign operations, which includes updates on political, economic and social developments in Cuba. We also retain the services of consultants with knowledge of the political and economic situation in those countries to advise on current developments from time to time. Directors also participate in scheduled trips to our operations in Canada and Cuba, where they meet with the senior executives responsible for local operations, participate in site visits, meet with government officials, local leaders and stakeholders, and learn about the local business culture and practices.

The table below is a summary of the continuing education sessions directors attended in 2020. We reimburse directors for any out-of-pocket expenses.

Site visits		Presented/hosted by	Attendees
October	Virtual Site Presentation (Moa and Fort)	Sherritt	John Warwick Tim Baker Lisa Pankratz Maryse Bélanger Sir Richard Lapthorne Adrian Loader
Mining indu	stry		
January	The Association for Mineral Exploration ("AME") Roundup Convention 2020 (Vancouver)	AME	John Warwick
March	PDAC Convention (Toronto)	PDAC	John Warwick
December	Perspectives on Mine Health and Safety in Canada & Tailings, Waste Rock and Water Management lectures	CIM	John Warwick
July	The Economic and Geopolitical Landscape for the Mining Industry	Deloitte	Tim Baker
Accounting	/audit/finance		
December	The Future of Sustainability in Investment Management	CFA	John Warwick
November	Mining Audit Committee Roundtable	KPMG	Lisa Pankratz
December	Critical Thinking and Managing Bias for Objective Decision-Making	CPA	Lisa Pankratz
September	PWC Q3 Financial Reporting Update	PWC	Lisa Pankratz
July	CPAB Exchange – Industry Forum Series: Mining	CPAB	Lisa Pankratz
December	Financing Critical Minerals	SME-NY/Quebec	Maryse Bélanger
Economic a	nd technology		
September	Intersection of Technology, Innovation, and Diversity in Mining lecture	CIM	John Warwick
October	Cybersecurity Awareness Training	KnowBe4	Lisa Pankratz
May	The Future of Work	Deloitte	Tim Baker
January	TMT Predictions	Deloitte	Tim Baker
April	COVID-19: Economic Outlook for Board Directors	Deloitte	Tim Baker

Site visits		Presented/hosted by	Attendees
Executive c	ompensation and corporate governance		
December	Old Habits and New Possibilities for Boards lecture	Empire Club	John Warwick
September	Virtual Compensation Briefing: COVID-19's Impact on Incentive Plans	Meridian	Lisa Pankratz Tim Baker
June	Resilient Leadership	Deloitte	Tim Baker
July	Embracing an Inclusive, Stakeholder-Focused Governance Approach	Watson Advisors	Maryse Bélanger
March	Big and Bold Decisions in the Boardroom	ICD	Lisa Pankratz
May	2020 National Conference	ICD	Tim Baker
October	Executive Compensation 2020 Presentation	ICD	Tim Baker
April	Executive Compensation Webinar	ICD & Hugessen	Tim Baker
October	Unconscious bias, if you are not part of the solution	ICD	Maryse Bélanger
December	The Unfinished Business of Boardroom Gender Diversity	Savannah Group	Tim Baker
October	AB: Diversity!	Canadian Investor Relations Institute	Maryse Bélanger
Institutional	investors		
November	Beyond Divestment – Climate Change Strategies for Endowments	PRI & IEN	Lisa Pankratz
February	Investment Perspectives 2020 for Institutional Investors	PH&N	Lisa Pankratz
March	Institutional Investment Seminar	PIMCO	Lisa Pankratz
February	Share Investor Summit: Trustee Responsible Investment Master Class	SHARE	Lisa Pankratz
September	Mercer Global Investments Forums 2020	Mercer	Lisa Pankratz

Assessment

Our Board assessment process includes an annual director self-assessment and peer evaluation and, at the discretion of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, a periodic Board assessment conducted by an independent third party.

The evaluation process considers the skills and expertise of each director as well as their individual contributions to the Board and committees and also assesses overall Board and committee effectiveness.

The Board Chair, or a director acting on his or her behalf, is responsible for administering the annual Board assessment process. The Board Chair or his nominee solicits feedback from each of the director's peers on the particular director's performance over the course of the past year, on overall Board and committee effectiveness and on potential opportunities to enhance Board effectiveness, while the Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (or designate) solicits feedback on the Board Chair. The Board Chair or Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee discusses the feedback with each director as part of their annual performance review.

Board succession and renewal

We monitor board renewal to ensure a reasonable turnover and orderly succession of directors. We achieve board renewal through a skills gap assessment by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the board assessment process and ordinary attrition as directors decide not to stand for re-election. If there is not sufficient renewal through our normal process, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will take appropriate incremental steps to ensure reasonable renewal. There is no expectation that a director will remain on the Board for any particular "term" or period of time, and renewal processes apply equally to newer and longer serving directors.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for recommending desirable competencies to the Board and for identifying new candidates for nomination or appointment to the Board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is comprised solely of independent directors.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers several factors in the search process including the necessary competencies and skills for serving on our Board, the existing skillset of the Board and any desirable skills and competencies. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also considers the candidate's background and experience, personal attributes and their ability to devote sufficient time and resources to serving as a member of our Board.

Candidates meet with the Chair, Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (or designate) and the President and Chief Executive Officer to discuss their background and experience in more detail and our expectations of directors. Candidates also receive an overview of the business in these meetings.

Two new independent directors have joined the Board in the past five years – one in 2018 and one in 2017. Our average Board tenure is 6 years.

Retirement and term limits

We do not have a mandatory retirement policy or term limit for directors. The Board believes that mandatory retirement and term limits may result in the loss of effective directors with deep knowledge of Sherritt. The Board also believes these limits are too restrictive – our directors face increased potential liabilities and restrictions arising from Title III and Title IV of the Helms-Burton Act, which makes it more difficult for us to recruit additional highly qualified candidates. Instead, we follow our director assessment process every year to make sure director effectiveness and board renewal are considered together.

WHAT WE EXPECT OF DIRECTORS

We expect our directors to demonstrate sound judgment and to act in our best interests.

Integrity and ethical conduct

Our business ethics policy sets out the rules and guidelines for ethical behaviour at Sherritt and is based on our values and the laws, regulations and rules that apply to our business. The policy applies to Sherritt directors, officers and employees and all new directors and employees must read the policy when hired and acknowledge that they will abide by the policy. The Board has never waived any aspect of the business ethics policy.

Our whistleblower policy allows employees and others to report any violations or concerns regarding the policy confidentially and without fear of reprisal for anyone acting in good faith. Concerns can be reported anonymously to the internal auditor, who will bring the reports to the attention of the Audit Committee for investigation and response, or through our independent whistleblower hotline (online or by phone) which is managed by a third party and forwards any reports to the internal auditor for follow-up.

Our commitment to integrity and ethical conduct extends to all aspects of our business. We have separate policies and procedures that address specific areas of business ethics including anti-corruption, timely disclosure and confidentiality, reportable concerns and insider trading, among others. You can read more about our corporate governance practices on our website (www.sherritt.com). If you would like a copy of any of the policies mentioned above, please contact us at info@sherritt.com.

Anti-corruption policy

Our anti-corruption policy, adopted in 2012 and amended in 2014,2016, and 2019, sets out standards of conduct and practices which must be followed by Sherritt employees and representatives in dealing with public officials in order to comply with Canada's Corruption of Foreign Public Officials Act and other applicable anti-corruption laws.

The policy applies to our directors, officers, employees and agents and we have conducted training sessions across the organization to make sure our people, particularly those who have significant interactions with governments and third parties, understand the policy and how it applies to them.

Meeting attendance

Regular Board and committee meetings are set at least a year in advance, with special meetings scheduled as required. Directors are expected to attend all board meetings and all of their committee meetings unless there are exceptional circumstances that preclude attendance and to come fully prepared and remain in attendance for the duration of the meetings. Directors are invited to all committee meetings regardless of whether they are a member of that committee.

The table below shows the 2020 director attendance record for meetings of committees they were a member of.

	Board		Audit		Humar Resou	-	Nominand Co Govern	rporate	Reserv Operat Capital	tions and	Enviro Health and Sustai	, Safety
Timothy Baker	13 of 13	100%			7 of 7	100%	5 of 5	100%	5 of 5	100%	6 of 6	100%
Maryse Bélanger	12 of 13	92%					5 of 5	100%	5 of 5	100%	6 of 6	100%
Sir Richard Lapthorne	13 of 13	100%	6 of 6	100%			5 of 5	100%				
Adrian Loader	12 of 13	92%			6 of 7	86%	5 of 5	100%	5 of 5	100%		
Lisa Pankratz	13 of 13	100%	6 of 6	100%	7 of 7	100%	5 of 5	100%	5 of 5	100%		
David Pathe	13 of 13	100%										
John Warwick	13 of 13	100%	6 of 6	100%			5 of 5	100%			5 of 6	83%

Equity ownership

We require directors to own Sherritt equity to align their interests with those of our shareholders. Directors are required to hold five times their annual cash retainer in shares and/or DSUs, and they have five years from the date they joined the Board to meet the requirement.

We calculate the value of each director's Sherritt equity by multiplying the number of their units/shares by the grant/purchase price or the closing price of our shares, whichever is higher, on the TSX on December 31 (\$0.41 for 2020).

The table below shows director share ownership as at December 31, 20201.

		Required equity ownership		Actual value of equity ownership as of December 31, 2020			Status	
	Retainer	Multiple of annual cash retainer	Amount	Shares	DSUs	Total		
Timothy Baker	\$90,000	5.0x	\$450,000	\$118,844	\$487,134	\$605,978	6.7x	meets requirement
Maryse Bélanger	\$90,000	5.0x	\$450,000	\$123,000	\$407,580	\$530,580	5.9x	meets requirement
Sir Richard Lapthorne	\$90,000	5.0x	\$450,000	\$368,263	\$664,611	\$1,032,874	11.5x	meets requirement
Adrian Loader	\$90,000	5.0x	\$450,000	\$76,580	\$555,443	\$632,023	7.0x	meets requirement
Lisa Pankratz	\$90,000	5.0x	\$450,000	\$76,944	\$532,882	\$609,826	6.8x	meets requirement
John Warwick	\$90,000	5.0x	\$450,000	\$140,000	\$476,020	\$616,020	6.8x	meets requirement

^{1.} David Pathe does not appear in this table because he is an executive director and a named executive officer, and does not receive any compensation for serving as a director of the Board. Please see page 49 for information about his compensation and page 41 for information about his share ownership requirements.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Director compensation is reviewed regularly so we can continue to attract and retain qualified directors to the Board. Compensation is benchmarked against the same comparator group used to benchmark executive compensation so we stay competitive with the market.

Directors receive an annual retainer that is split 50/50 between cash and equity to align with shareholder interests and recognize directors for their time and commitment to carrying out their Board and committee duties and responsibilities. While the capital restructuring of the company was being contemplated and various alternatives were being considered between July 2019 and December 2020, directors who had met their share ownership requirements were paid the equity value of their annual retainer in cash from July 2019 up to December 31, 2020. This practice was designed to address the possible perception by bond holders that a Board whose members held shares and deferred share units (DSUs) exceeding the share ownership requirements could bias a decision. Effective December 1, 2020, following the closing of the balance sheet transaction, the Board reverted to paying 50% of the annual retainer in DSUs.

The equity component is paid in DSUs. DSUs are phantom share units that track the value of Sherritt common shares. These must be retained until the director retires or otherwise leaves the Board. DSUs vest immediately upon grant, earn dividend equivalents as additional units at the same rate as dividends (if any) paid on our common shares, and are redeemed for cash after a director leaves the Board. We use the volume-weighted average trading price of our shares on the TSX for the five days immediately before the redemption date to value the DSU payout. The Board can amend the DSU plan at any time as long as the changes do not materially affect the right of the director participating in the plan. The Board can also approve any variations to the terms of DSUs that have been granted, with the consent of the participant.

2020 Director fee schedule

The table shows the 2020 director annual fee schedule. Compensation is paid in equal instalments following the end of each quarter. The Board approves our director compensation based on the recommendations of the Human Resources Committee.

No changes were made to director compensation in 2020.

Equity
\$90,0001

- 1. Directors who had met their share ownership requirements were paid the equity value of their annual retainer in cash from July 2019 up to December, 2020.
- 2. The Board Chair does not receive Committee Chair fees.

In 2019 the United States government allowed Title III to become effective under the Cuban Liberty and Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act, more generally known as the Helms-Burton Act, giving U.S. nationals the right to sue those who allegedly traffic in confiscated Cuban property. Directors and officers could potentially have personal liability, separate from any liability of the company, and that potential liability is heightened if directors travel to the U.S. Given the increased potential personal liability to directors arising from Title III that can extend up to two years from retirement from the Board, the Board determined that those directors who voluntarily refrain from travelling to the United States and certify the same, will be eligible for an annual Helms-Burton Allowance as set forth in the table above and for the period of incremental risk. It is worth noting that no other members of Sherritt's peer group are subject to this exposure. The Helms-Burton allowance is paid quarterly in arrears. It is not considered compensation, is fully taxable and is not grossed-up for tax purposes. If the U.S. government reverts to suspending Title III, the Board has agreed that this policy would be promptly reviewed, taking legal advice as required.

Director compensation table

The table below shows the total aggregate compensation paid to all directors for 2020 was \$1,870,000.

				Total fees					
	Cash retainer	Board/ Committee chair fees	Cash in lieu of DSUs	Total fees earned	DSU awards	Option- based awards	Non-equity incentive compensation	All other compensation	Total compensation
Timothy Baker	\$90,000	\$15,000	\$82,500	\$187,500	\$7,500	_	_	_	\$195,000
Maryse Bélanger	\$90,000	\$625	_	\$90,625	\$90,000	_	_	\$150,000	\$330,625
Sir Richard Lapthorne	\$90,000	\$130,000	\$82,500	\$302,500	\$7,500	_	_	\$150,000	\$460,000
Adrian Loader	\$90,000	\$29,375	\$82,500	\$201,875	\$7,500	_	_	\$150,000	\$359,375
Lisa Pankratz	\$90,000	\$15,000	\$82,500	\$187,500	\$7,500	_	_	\$150,000	\$345,000
John Warwick	\$90,000	_	_	\$90,000	\$90,000	_	_	_	\$180,000

DSU awards

Director compensation is awarded following the end of each quarter. We calculated the number of DSUs granted to each director by dividing the dollar amount of the award by the volume-weighted average trading price of our common shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before each grant date: \$0.11 (April 15, 2020), \$0.14 (July 15, 2020), \$0.22 (October 15, 2020) and \$0.56 (January 15, 2020). The number of units granted has been rounded up to the nearest whole unit.

All other compensation

All other compensation consists of the Helms-Burton allowance for directors who have certified that they will voluntarily refrain from traveling to the United States. These allowances are not considered compensation and have been included in the table in the interest of providing full disclosure. Helms-Burton allowances are fully taxable and not grossed-up for tax purposes.

Value of DSU awards vested or earned during the year

The table shows the total dollar value that would have been realized by each director if the DSUs that vested in 2020 had been paid out on the vesting date.

The value vested during the year is calculated by multiplying the number of DSUs granted to each director in the calendar year by the volume-weighted average trading price of our common shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before the grant/vesting date: \$0.20 (January 15, 2020), \$0.11 (April 15, 2020), \$0.14 (July 15, 2020) and \$0.22 (October 15, 2020). As payments are paid in arrears, this table captures awards made in 2020. The payment for the 4th quarter of 2020 is made in January 2021.

	D30 awarus
Timothy Baker	_
Maryse Bélanger	\$90,000
Sir Richard Lapthorne	_
Adrian Loader	_
Lisa Pankratz	_
John Warwick	\$90,000

Outstanding DSU awards

The table shows the market or payout value of vested DSUs not paid out or distributed as of December 31, 2020. Directors do not receive other share-based awards or option grants. The value is based on the number of DSUs held by the director at year-end, multiplied by the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020 (\$0.41).

	Market or payout value of vested DSUs not paid out or distributed
Timothy Baker	\$229,714
Maryse Bélanger	\$382,044
Sir Richard Lapthorne	\$243,315
Adrian Loader	\$236,722
Lisa Pankratz	\$234,210
John Warwick	\$400,669

2021 Director fee schedule

Director fees were benchmarked relative to the new comparator group (see page 43) and only one change was made. As the Audit Committee Chair fee was below the median value of the comparator group, a minor increase was made bringing the Audit Committee Chair fee to \$20,000 per year. This change is effective January 1, 2021.

DSII awarda

HOW WE PAY OUR EXECUTIVES

Executive pay at Sherritt supports our strategy, motivates our executives to achieve our strategic objectives without encouraging them to take undue risks and aligns their interests with the long-term interests of our shareholders. It is an important tool to attract and retain a strong, focused and resilient executive team to lead the company through all phases of the commodity cycle.

This section of our circular describes how we compensated our 2020 named executive officers:

- David Pathe, President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- Andrew Snowden, Former Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Former SVP & CFO)
- Steve Wood, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer (EVP & COO)
- Ward Sellers, Senior Vice President, Legal General Counsel and Corporate Secretary (SVP, Legal)
- Karen Trenton, Senior Vice President, Human Resources (SVP, HR)

Where to find it

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Letter from the Chair of the **Human Resources Committee**



When I wrote to you just a few months ago regarding 2019 compensation, I highlighted the challenges that Sherritt faced and the actions management took to protect Sherritt during the most difficult time in its history. The historical investment in the Ambatovy Project left Sherritt with too much debt which, combined with weakness in nickel and cobalt pricing and delays in collecting Cuban receivables due to a more aggressive U.S. policy towards Cuba, almost exhausted Sherritt's liquidity. Additionally, COVID-19 presented unprecedented challenges. In the face of these adverse circumstances, 2020 was nonetheless a year of significant achievements:

- \$300 million debt eliminated, interest reduced by \$15 million annually and debt maturities extended until 2026
- Exit from the Ambatovy Project, eliminating risk of cross-default and further funding obligations
- Agreements with Cuban partners enabled some continuing collections on receivables in spite of the dramatic impact of U.S. sanctions and COVID-19 on the Cuban economy
- Further reductions in annual administrative costs even after increased costs of the COVID-19 response
- Finished nickel and cobalt production and cost targets achieved despite disruption caused by COVID-19

For 2020 compensation, the Human Resources Committee first looked at the formulaic outcomes under the incentive plans. Cash flow significantly exceed target but after deducting amounts received under the Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy, EBITDA was below the threshold for payment, giving a weighted corporate financial performance factor of 100% of target. Business unit performance factors ranged from 67% to 112% of target.

The Human Resources Committee next considered the following factors against these formulaic outcomes:

- · Exceptional performance in executing the balance sheet transaction and exit from Ambatovy
- Exceptional response to the COVID-19 pandemic with production and cost targets achieved
- Excellent performance in safety exceeded overall expectations on our leading and lagging safety indicators across operations – even though travel and site visits were significantly disrupted

After this review, the committee determined the results reasonably reflected performance and that no qualitative adjustments (up or down) were necessary. See page 50 for more detail on 2020 short-term incentive determination.

Reflecting the intended alignment between payouts and shareholder experience, payouts in 2020 on mid-term incentives granted in 2017 were once again substantially below reported values at time of grant. See page 56 for more details on mid-term incentive payouts.

Retaining the executive leadership team during the last 18 months was critical to complete the balance sheet restructuring and maintain Cuban relationships during a period of significant uncertainty with a potential threat of insolvency. The committee consulted independent advisors, both legal and compensation, on the design of the one-time retention program established in 2019 to ensure it was consistent with market practice for companies in similar circumstances. The program concluded in December 2020 and met its key objectives.

It is regrettable that the Helms-Burton Act continues to be a major barrier to attracting and retaining senior leaders and directors. Throughout the term of the Trump administration, there was an increasingly aggressive U.S. policy towards Cuba. Besides Title IV of the Act, with its severe travel restrictions for anyone affected, directors and officers now also need to consider Title III. The Helms-Burton allowance for directors and officers recognizes the resulting significant but unquantifiable adverse personal and professional impacts, limited to those directly affected.

More generally, the Human Resources Committee is responsible for overseeing an executive compensation program that is strategic, fair and appropriate and competitive. See page 37 for more details on these objectives. Following the exit from Ambatovy, a new peer group was approved that better reflects the current size and complexity of Sherritt, See page 43 for more details on the new peer group. Both executive and director compensation will be benchmarked to the new peer group in 2021 to ensure that compensation remains market appropriate. Similarly, targets for short and medium term compensation will continue to be reviewed to ensure they are creating the right incentives to meet strategic objectives.

In 2020, we continued our practice of soliciting feedback from our shareholders to guide us in refining and aligning our compensation programs with shareholder interests. In 2020, we contacted 20 of our top shareholders (representing 36% of the issued and outstanding shares at that time) to discuss compensation, strategy and governance. We would like to speak with more of our shareholders but the very high proportion of Sherritt retail shareholders make this goal difficult to attain (institutional shareholders were estimated to be only approximately 20% of Sherritt shareholders at the most recent AGM). Since we value shareholder input, which is considered in compensation reviews, we encourage any shareholder who would like to discuss these programs to reach out directly by email to our Director of Investor Relations, Joe Racanelli, at joe.racanelli@sherritt.com.

In November, David Pathe informed us of his desire to step down as President and Chief Executive Officer in 2021 and his willingness to stay on to assist with the appointment of a new President and Chief Executive Officer and to ensure a smooth transition. The Board has retained a search firm to assist in the succession process and that process is ongoing.

The Human Resources Committee and the Board invite you to have a say on pay at the upcoming annual meeting. As you decide how to vote, I would just ask that you consider the achievements and progress in 2020, as well as the many changes made to improve the compensation system to bring it into line with key goals and expectations.

I thank you for your continuing confidence.

Sincerely,

Adrian Loader

Chair of the Human Resources Committee

Compensation discussion and analysis

OVERVIEW

Executive pay at Sherritt supports our strategy, motivates our executives to achieve our strategic objectives without encouraging them to take undue risks, and aligns their interests with the long-term interests of our shareholders. It is an important tool to attract and retain a strong, focused and resilient executive team, to lead the company through all phases of the commodity cycle.

Compensation approach

We approach executive compensation keeping four principles in mind:

Strategic

Pay is strategically aligned with performance

Most of what our executives earn is variable and based on performance.

Performance metrics, goals and weightings are defined every year based on our strategic plan and annual business plan.

Appropriate and Fair

Pay is aligned with our organizational structure and the scope of the role

Internally equitable and benchmarked to the market

The pay mix for more senior executives is more heavily weighted to pay tied to performance, as they have more influence on organizational performance over the long term.

Job evaluation is used to determine the scope of each position. Compensation targets and awards are fair and in line with what others in the company are earning.

Competitive

Pay is externally competitive

We benchmark executive compensation to provide market context and make sure the design of our incentive plans, mix of components and target compensation are competitive with the market.

How we link executive pay to our corporate strategy

Sherritt's goal is to be a leader in the low-cost production of finished nickel and cobalt that creates sustainable prosperity for our investors, employees and communities. Protecting the health and safety of our employees, contractors and communities is an equal priority. The table below (and continued on the next page) shows you our 2020 strategic priorities, and how they are linked to our 2020 compensation program.

Significant achievements in 2020 included:

- Balance sheet initiative eliminated \$300 million of debt, extended maturities to 2026, reduced annual interest expense by \$15 million and exited Ambatovy, eliminating further funding obligations and cross-default risk without any shareholder
- Agreements with Cuban partners enabled collections of receivables despite increased U.S. sanctions and impact of COVID-19 on Cuban economy
- Production and cost targets for finished nickel and cobalt production achieved despite COVID-19

2020 Strategic priorities

PRESERVE LIQUIDITY AND BUILD **BALANCE SHEET STRENGTH**

- · Successfully close the balance sheet transaction
- · Optimize working capital and receivables collection
- Operate the Metals businesses to maintain a leadership position as a low cost producer of finished nickel and cobalt while maximizing free cash flow

How they are linked to our 2020 compensation program

Financial metrics make up 100% of the corporate score for the short-term incentive plan:

 Adjusted EBITDA and combined free cash flow are equally weighted to support our goal of preserving liquidity, building balance sheet strength and maximizing free cash flow

2020 Strategic priorities

UPHOLD GLOBAL OPERATIONAL LEADERSHIP IN FINISHED NICKEL LATERITE PRODUCTION

- Further reduce net direct cash costs towards the goal of being consistently in the lowest cost quartile
- Maximize production of finished nickel and cobalt and improve predictability over 2019 results
- Achieve peer leading performance in environment, health, safety and sustainability

How they are linked to our 2020 compensation program

Safety and environment in our Metals business are included as performance metrics in the short-term incentive:

• 25% of the operational score for executives who manage the Metals division

Production and cost of production in our Metals business are key performance metrics in the short-term incentive plan:

• 45% of the operational score for executives who manage the Metals division

Strategic goals focused on organizational effectiveness are included as performance metrics in the short-term incentive plan:

• 30% of the operational score for executives who manage the Metals division

Unit cost of production (normalized for fluctuations in market price of input commodities and by-product credits) makes up 50% of the performance score for the 2020 PSU awards, with Metals weighted at 65%.

Technologies is focused, in part, on the research and development of innovative technologies to support our Metals business being a low cost, safe and sustainable nickel producer.

OPTIMIZE OPPORTUNITIES IN CUBAN **ENERGY BUSINESS**

- · Successfully execute Block 10 drilling program
- Review opportunities to leverage Oil and Gas experience and relationships

Safety and environment in our Cuban energy business are included as performance metrics in the short-term incentive:

• 25% of the operational score for executives who manage the Cuban energy business

Production and cost of production in our Cuban energy business are key performance metrics in the short-term incentive plan:

45% of the operational score for executives who manage the Cuban energy business division

Strategic goals focused on organizational effectiveness are included as performance metrics in the short-term incentive plan:

• 30% of the operational score for executives who manage the OGP division

Unit cost of production makes up 50% of the performance score for the 2020 PSU awards, with Oil & Gas and Power (OGP) weighted at 15%.

For our corporate executives, the weighted average of the divisional scores is used to linked their compensation to the annual goals of the businesses. For 2020 the weighting was: Metals 65%, Technologies 20% and OGP 15%.

Context for the execution of Sherritt's strategic priorities

U.S. foreign policy has a unique impact on our business because of our operations in Cuba.

After a brief period of progress and improved economic relations with Cuba, the outgoing U.S. administration reinforced a policy of sanctions and economic isolation related to its Cuba dealings. Among other things, in May 2019 the United States for the first time ever decided to cease the suspension of Title III of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (commonly known as the Helms-Burton Act), which authorizes United States nationals to commence actions in U.S. courts against individuals or entities that traffic in Cuban property confiscated by the Cuban government and for which the United States nationals own the claim to such property. Since the current U.S. administration has taken office, it has also implemented successive rollbacks of the previous administration's relaxation of sanctions against Cuba and its trading partners, such as impeding international financial transactions, restricting cruise ships from going to Cuba, restricting U.S. persons from sending cash to relatives in Cuba, limiting air travel to Cuba, sanctioning ships (including those carrying fuel) travelling to Cuba and banning a number of executives of companies doing business in Cuba from travelling to the United States.

This is in addition to Title IV. which restricts Sherritt's officers, their spouses and dependent children, from travelling to the U.S. These measures have a significant personal impact on our directors and officers and our ability to attract and retain a strong and resilient leadership team.

American sanctions against Cuba and its trading partners also have an impact on Cuban liquidity, and that has affected our ability to get paid, the processing of payments, accessing suppliers of products and technology, and the cost of those goods. It has also limited banking relationships, increased the cost of capital and restricted our access to capital.

Compensation governance

The Human Resources Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its governance responsibilities for all matters relating to executive compensation. This includes the human resources strategic plan, incentive compensation plans, performance assessment, retirement benefits and succession planning. It also establishes our human resources and compensation policies and oversees compensation risk.

The Human Resources Committee is 100% independent and has three qualified members who have experience in executive management, human resources, executive compensation, corporate governance and risk. It makes recommendations to the Board about executive compensation, including the program structure, and the balance of fixed and variable elements of compensation. It also recommends terms and conditions of employment, incentive plan design, performance evaluations for our senior executive officers, compensation decisions and management succession planning. The Committee also oversees our retirement plans through the work of the Management Retirement Committee.

The Human Resources Committee establishes an annual work plan at the beginning of every year, which typically includes:

- recommending performance goals, salaries, target incentive awards for the senior executives
- considering the total inventory of share-based compensation awards available for grant
- reviewing
 - say on pay results
 - management training and development and succession plans
 - relative corporate performance
 - governance trends
 - share ownership requirements
 - director compensation.

Regularly scheduled meetings include a review of the year-to-date organizational performance, equity-compensation report, human resources strategic initiatives report and the Management Retirement Committee report. Some of the members of the Human Resources Committee are also members of the Audit Committee, the Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee and the Reserves, Operations and Capital Committee to ensure that discussions and decisions benefit from that expertise.

Independent advice

The Human Resources Committee meets with its independent advisor without management present and the independent advisor attends all regular committee meetings to provide advice and counsel. The Human Resources Committee has retained Meridian Compensation Partners as its independent advisor since 2011. Meridian does not provide services to management.

Meridian attends all regularly scheduled Human Resources Committee meetings and provides the following services:

- advising on the compensation comparator group
- benchmarking executive and director compensation
- reviewing incentive plan design and performance measures
- assessing compensation risk and compensation governance
- providing reports on trends and regulatory updates.

Fees paid to Meridian	2019	2020
Executive compensation-related fees	\$94,595	\$85,057
All other fees	_	_
Total	\$94,595	\$85,057

Management is invited to attend Committee meetings to present recommendations and updates. You can read more about the Human Resources Committee on page 23.

MANAGING COMPENSATION RISK

The Human Resources Committee is responsible for evaluating compensation risk. It reviews the relationship between risk management policies, corporate strategy and executive compensation every year, and ensures that our executive compensation program is aligned with the risk assessment approved by the Board. See page 19 for more information about the Board's oversight of risk.

Based on its review of enterprise risks, incentive plans and the total reward program, the Committee, supported by its independent advisor, has concluded that Sherritt's compensation programs and policies are aligned with the company's risk profile and risk management objectives and do not encourage inappropriate risk-taking.

Risk management is integrated into three aspects of compensation at Sherritt:

Culture and process

- Our strong governance culture ensures effective oversight of compensation design, risk and rewards
- The Board has final decision-making authority on all executive compensation matters including recommendations by the **Human Resources Committee**

Policies

- Equity ownership directors and executives are required to meet equity ownership requirements to align their interests with those of our shareholders. The CEO has to maintain his equity ownership requirements for at least one year after he retires
- Anti-hedging our insider trading policy prohibits directors, officers and other employees from buying financial instruments designed to hedge or offset a decrease in the market value of our shares, and restricts the pledging of shares
- Clawbacks our recoupment policy allows us to claw back short-term and equity incentive awards if there is a material restatement of our financials that results in an overpayment of incentive compensation whether or not there was any misconduct.

Plan design

- We use a balanced set of qualitative and quantitative measures to determine short-term incentive awards, based on executive level and line-of-sight and functional accountabilities
- Equity incentives vest over time, to keep management exposed to the long-term consequences of their decisions
- Equity incentives incorporate both time and performance vesting
- The Board can use its discretion to adjust the calculated awards up or down based on its overall assessment of performance and any extenuating circumstances or factors outside of management's control, guided by a set of core principles. See page 45 for more about our decision-making process.

EQUITY OWNERSHIP

We introduced equity ownership requirements for executives in 2009. The requirement varies by level.

Executives have five years from the day the policy was introduced or amended, or from the day they are appointed to a position with a new equity ownership level, to meet the requirement. PSUs, RSUs and shares, including shares acquired through the employee share ownership plan are counted towards the equity ownership requirement. The CEO has to maintain his equity ownership requirement for at least one year after he retires.

The table below shows each executive's equity holdings as of December 31, 2020. All of the named executives meet their equity ownership requirement. The named executives have purchased their shares either through our employee share ownership plan (see below), or through their own broker using their own after-tax money.

		Re	equired equity ownership	Actual va	alue of equity ow Decen	nership as of onber 31, 2020		
	Salary	Multiple	Amount	Shares	RSUs/PSUs	Total	Status	
David Pathe	\$825,000	3.0x	\$2,475,000	\$1,160,295	\$7,984,376	\$9,144,670	11.1x	meets requirement
Steve Wood	\$450,000	2.0x	\$900,000	\$210,810	\$2,464,813	\$2,675,622	5.9x	meets requirement
Ward Sellers	\$375,000	1.0x	\$375,000	\$113,630	\$2,181,251	\$2,294,881	6.1x	meets requirement
Karen Trenton	\$375,000	1.0x	\$375,000	\$233,594	\$2,121,251	\$2,354,845	6.3x	meets requirement

The value of shares is calculated using either the acquisition price or the closing price, whichever is higher, of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020 (\$0.41).

The value of RSUs and PSUs is calculated by multiplying our assumption for the number of units that vest by the grant price or by \$0.41 (whichever is higher). Vesting assumptions are as follows:

- RSUs granted in 2018, 2019 and 2020: assumes 100% of the units vest.
- PSUs granted in 2018, 2019 and 2020: assumes a performance factor of 100 (target) and that all of the units vest.

Employee share ownership plan

To encourage employee share ownership, we introduced a voluntary employee share ownership plan in 2014 with the following key features:

- Employees, including the named executives, can direct up to 10% of their base salary to purchase shares by payroll deduction.
- We match 50% of employee contributions, up to \$2,500 per year.
- Shares are bought on the open market at the time the contribution is made.
- Employees must hold shares purchased with employer contributions until they have participated in the plan for at least 24 consecutive months.

All named executives participated in the employee share ownership plan.

COMPENSATION BENCHMARKING

We benchmark executive compensation to provide market context and to make sure the design of our incentive plans, mix of components and target compensation are competitive with the market.

The Human Resources Committee uses two sources of data for benchmarking:

- proxy data from the comparator group below
- the Korn Ferry Mining Compensation Review, Global Executive Report, which provides a broader view of the market and more specific analysis for certain executive roles. The report includes pay data by function, size of role and geographical location, covering 75 global mining organizations.

The Committee considers the median as a point of reference, but does not set pay at a specific percentile. Senior executive compensation is determined based on several factors including market data, the scope of the role, the executive's experience in the role, sustained executive performance, internal equity and retention risk. The independent advisor also provides market insight on senior executive compensation and market context to the Committee.

2020 Comparator group review

Annually the Committee reviews the comparator group for continued relevance. With the resolution of the Ambatovy legacy debt and Sherritt's exit from Ambatovy in 2020 a new compensation comparator group was developed.

How we choose a comparator group

It is difficult to find companies that are similar to Sherritt because of the diverse nature and the complexity of our business:

- we have operating assets in nickel, cobalt, oil & gas and power generation
- we have operations, projects and investments in Canada and Cuba
- a significant portion of our business is conducted through complex joint ventures.

There are very few public nickel companies, and we compete with mining companies of other commodities for talent. We also have a unique combination of challenges not faced by any other company:

- companies with similar levels of market capitalization are not as complex because they do not have multiple assets, producing multiple products, in multiple jurisdictions
- · Sherritt is Cuba's largest foreign investor and no other public company has such exposure to Cuba and the challenges in the United States from this investment
- Helms-Burton risk was amplified in 2019 with Title III under that Act becoming effective, giving U.S. nationals the right to sue those who allegedly traffic in confiscated Cuban property
- our inability to access capital markets in the U.S. or banks with significant U.S. operations limits our access to credit and makes managing liquidity more difficult.

With the input of its independent advisor, the Committee updated the comparator group in late 2020 taking these unique challenges into consideration. We applied a multi-dimensional approach, using the following criteria:

	Why we included it
Total Revenue: 0.3 to 3x Sherritt's total revenue	This range of total revenue, including 50% of the Moa joint venture revenue recognizes the organizational complexity of the joint venture (see IFRS reporting requirements, below)
Total assets: 0.2 to 4x Sherritt's total assets	This range of total assets captures Sherritt's operating assets of approximately \$1.6 billion, which represents the Moa joint venture assets on a 50% basis
Total enterprise value: 0.3 to 3x Sherritt's total enterprise value	Joint venture accounting rules, which require equity accounting, result in an understatement of revenue (see IFRS reporting requirements, below)
Nickel producers, to the extent feasible	Comparable sensitivity to nickel price in their performance results
Geographic scope Challenging jurisdictions Number of business units / metal mix	A proxy for the complexities of our business
Included in relevant comparator groups	"Peer of peer"
Publicly traded on a Canadian stock exchange	Operating in the same regulatory context provides consistency in disclosure
	O.3 to 3x Sherritt's total revenue Total assets: O.2 to 4x Sherritt's total assets Total enterprise value: O.3 to 3x Sherritt's total enterprise value Nickel producers, to the extent feasible Geographic scope Challenging jurisdictions Number of business units / metal mix Included in relevant comparator groups Publicly traded on a Canadian stock

IFRS reporting requirements

We conduct much of our business, including all of our nickel and cobalt business, through joint ventures. International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) requires us to report our financial results in a way that does not fully reflect the complexity of our company and the accountabilities of management due to IFRS treatment of our nickel and cobalt joint venture. This makes it challenging to rely on financial metrics to assess an appropriate compensation comparator group challenging.

The IFRS joint venture accounting rules require us to understate the financial metrics we use to determine a comparator group:

- reported revenue: IFRS does not permit us to include all revenue generated by the Moa Joint Venture on our income statement.
- total assets: IFRS requires us to understate our proportionate share of the assets of the Moa Joint Ventures by netting out the liabilities of Moa within the Investment in Joint Venture and Investment in Associate line items on our balance sheet.

Metal prices

Our revenue relative to comparators who do not produce nickel as their primary product is also affected by the poor performance of the market price for nickel relative to that of other metals. See page 64 to read about the performance of nickel prices.

2021 Comparator group

The determination of the comparator group resulted in:

- retaining 7 companies from the former comparator group that continue to meet the evaluation criteria
- removing 7 of the largest comparators
- adding 13 comparators that met the multi-dimensional criteria discussed above.

The table on the next page shows the 20 companies in the 2021 comparator group, their key financial metrics and Sherritt's percentile ranking for assets, revenue and enterprise value as reported in our financial statements under IFRS.

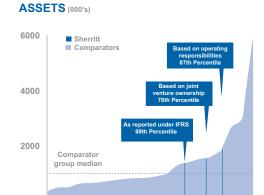
It also includes the following information that the Committee believes is relevant context for interpreting the comparator group data:

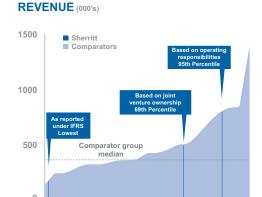
- 1. assets and revenue adjusted to include the revenue and assets of Moa based on our 50% joint venture ownership interest
- 2. assets and revenue adjusted to reflect management's operating responsibilities at Moa (on a 50% basis).

A significant portion of our business is conducted through joint ventures.

We look at our assets and revenue against our comparators in three ways:

- 1. As required by IFRS
- 2. Based on our joint venture ownership (50% Moa)
- 3. Based on our operating responsibilities (100% Moa)





	(\$millions)	Assets	Revenue	Enterprise Value
	Capstone Mining Corp.	\$1,773	\$578	\$1,333
	Dundee Precious Metals Inc.	\$1,242	\$777	\$1,559
О	Enerplus Corporation	\$1,466	\$687	\$1,355
Retained	Frontera Energy Corporation	\$2,630	\$826	\$794
Ret	Gran Tierra Energy Inc.	\$1,531	\$303	\$1,104
	Hudbay Minerals Inc.	\$5,946	\$1,392	\$3,393
	New Gold Inc.	\$2,867	\$820	\$2,297
	5N Plus Inc.	\$289	\$226	\$282
	Argonaut Gold Inc.	\$1,342	\$407	\$634
	Copper Mountain Mining Corp.	\$776	\$342	\$775
	Ero Copper Corp.	\$585	\$411	\$1,935
	Golden Star Resources Ltd.	\$438	\$347	\$614
	Gran Colombia Gold Corp.	\$697	\$485	\$479
Added	Neo Performance Materials Inc.	\$617	\$441	\$424
Aď	Pinnacle Renewable Energy Inc.	\$767	\$491	\$754
	Roxgold Inc.	\$438	\$305	\$628
	Sierra Metals Inc.	\$574	\$314	\$783
	Silvercorp Metals Inc.	\$836	\$223	\$1,331
	Taseko Mines Limited	\$910	\$343	\$773
	Trevali Mining Corporation	\$729	\$271	\$349
	Peer group median	\$806	\$409	\$779
	Sherritt International Corp			
	As reported under IFRS	\$1,352	\$120	\$460
		69th percentile	Lowest	14th percentile
	Based on ownership interest in the Moa Joint Venture	\$1,514	\$497	
		78th percentile	69th percentile	
	Based on our operating responsibilities	\$2,272	\$874	
		87th percentile	95th percentile	
_				

All financial data is sourced from S&P Capital IQ, as reported by each company as of December 31, 2020, and is shown in Canadian dollars. Assets represent the last quarterly disclosure, revenue reflects the trailing twelve months, and enterprise value is measured as at December 31, 2020 or the latest 2020 results publically available as of the date of this Management Information Circular.

COMPENSATION PROCESS

Compensation decisions are supported by a strategic, vertically aligned goal setting and performance management process.

1 Review compensation program

2 Set target compensation, and performance measures and goals

3 Conduct an ongoing review of the market and performance

Assess corporate, divisional and individual performance

5 Award compensation

1. Review compensation program

The Human Resources Committee:

- reviews the strategic plan and annual business plan
- reviews our executive compensation programs and processes, including salaries, incentive plans, benefits, retirement plan and perquisites, in the context of market competitiveness and our business goals, with input from the independent advisor
- reviews director compensation against a market compensation study (see page 33 for more about director compensation)
- reviews the comparator group and an analysis of the principle criteria used to determine the comparator group

The table on the following page describes how the compensation program has evolved over the last few years.

Key changes in 2018

Continued to reduce the use of stock options

- Did not award options to the CEO (allocated PSUs instead), and reduced option awards to the other named executives by 20%.
- Continued to review how best to align equity incentives with our strategy and our shareholders.

Enhanced risk management policies

- Extended the CEO's share ownership requirements for one year post-retirement.
- Changed our recoupment policy to allow us to claw back compensation if there is a restatement of the financials, whether or not there was misconduct.

Simplified retirement savings for executives

 Closed the executive supplemental pension plan to future contributions.

Key changes in 2019

Simplified the short-term incentive plan, and tied the measures more closely to our 2019 strategic objectives

- Narrowed the performance score range - threshold now 20% below target; maximum 20% above target.
- Improved safety measures in the scorecard by capturing both leading and lagging measures.
- · Based divisional measures on specific divisional strategic priorities and re-weighted the measures.
- Added specific measures for the Technologies Division as a key component of our strategy.
- · Reweighted the corporate, operational and individual components to improve alignment with the annual time frame for short-term incentives.
- Introduced an individual performance component for the CEO to better align with competitive practice and to support the Board's ability to align his annual cash compensation with his performance.

Assessed the use of options

 Replaced option awards with share units.

Key changes in 2020

Made changes to the long-term incentive awards to better reflect the business mix of the company

- Adjusted the performance criteria for payouts of PSUs awarded in 2020, to increase the weighting on the metals and mining index and reduce the energy index.
- Changed the ratio to consolidate the STI performance scores for Oil & Gas and Power from 3:1 to 2:1 (respectively), to reflect the shift in the business mix.
- · Increased the weighting of Technologies' STI strategic goals to focus on projects with commercialization potential.
- Updated each division's strategic goals to capture key 2020 actions emanating from the strategic plan.
- Replaced Ambatovy's 2020 performance measure for the 2018 PSUs with Technologies, to reflect Sherritt's exit from Ambatovy.

Plans for 2021

Reviewing our executive compensation given the impact of the balance sheet initiative on company business mix and operations

- Defined a new comparator group for compensation benchmarking, to align with our restructured business and strategy.
- Adjusted the measures and weightings for 2021 short-term incentive awards to align with the 2021 business plan
- Adjusted the performance criteria for payouts of PSUs awarded in 2021, to increase the weighting on the metals and mining index and reduce the weighting on the energy index.
- · Changed the ratio to consolidate the STI performance scores for Oil & Gas and Power from 2:1 to 1:2 (respectively), to reflect the shift in the business mix.

2. Set target compensation, and performance measures and goals

Target compensation is set relative to the market and to comparable internal positions, based on each executive position's scope and accountabilities.

Performance goals are defined from the strategic plan and the annual business plan and cascaded to the senior executive team and their teams.

Corporate performance focuses on annual goals aligned with our strategic priorities. Corporate financial targets, and operational / divisional safety and sustainability operational targets are established at the beginning of the year. These provide a balanced view of performance and reinforce our view that financial and production goals must be achieved safely, reliably and in a sustainable way. The measures are both quantitative and qualitative and are assessed at the corporate or divisional level, as appropriate.

3. Conduct an ongoing review of market and performance

The Board and the Committee monitor corporate performance against the targets as a regular item on their quarterly meeting agendas. This includes a review of quantitative performance results that compare the quarterly results to target, any variance and management's qualitative commentary. This process provides the opportunity for feedback and to make course corrections, as required, to ensure that performance expectations remain aligned with organizational goals.

4. Assess corporate, divisional and individual performance

Corporate performance

The Committee reviews full year performance results and performance scores in the context of the overall market, the experience of shareholders during the fiscal year and global economic conditions. It looks at the company's response and risk mitigation, and considers factors beyond management's control and how they were managed.

Individual performance

CEO

At the end of the fiscal year, the CEO prepares his self-assessment of his achievements against his goals and reviews them with the Board and HR Committee chairs. The Chair discusses the CEO's individual performance with each independent director and the Board determines the CEO's performance rating. The performance rating and the gualitative feedback provide input for the Committee and Board to consider when making decisions about the CEO's compensation.

Other senior executive officers, including the named executives

At the end of the fiscal year, all senior executive officers prepare self-assessments of their achievements measured against their individual goals for review with their immediate managing executive. Individual performance is assessed by the executive's immediate leader and a performance rating recommended to the Committee. Performance is measured against both the annual goals that are set at the beginning of the year, the day-to-day execution of the position and the consistent demonstration of leadership capabilities, including focus on safety, operational excellence, operational effectiveness, leadership and tone from the top.

5. Award compensation

The Human Resources Committee recommends to the Board the CEO's salary, short-term and equity incentives for approval based on its assessment of organizational and individual performance, and its discussions with the CEO.

The CEO, in consultation with the EVP & COO for the divisional executives, recommends salary, and short-term and equity incentive awards for the senior executive officers, taking into consideration the growth of individual capabilities, and organizational and individual performance. The CEO makes recommendations to the Committee and the Board for approval.

Compensation is approved at the February committee and board meetings, including:

- organizational performance scores for the short-term incentive plan
- achievement of individual performance goals
- short-term incentives for the previous year
- salaries for the current year
- · equity incentives for the current year.

The Committee and the Board make their final determinations by applying sound business judgment considering input from management and the independent advisor. The Board has discretion to adjust awards up or down based on this qualitative overlay, and may make adjustments guided by a set of four core principles:

- 1. To avoid rewarding or penalizing management for unexpected events that are not within their primary area of responsibility.
- 2. To keep incentives aligned with Sherritt's long-term business strategy and the best interests of shareholders.
- 3. To provide flexibility to deal with unexpected events, so targets can be set rigorously.
- To make sure incentive payouts make sense taking into account Sherritt's overall performance

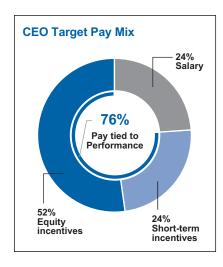
COMPENSATION COMPONENTS

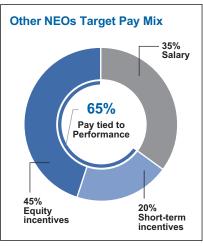
We offer a competitive total rewards program: fixed pay, incentive pay based on performance, and benefits including retirement, health and well-being and other benefits.

Fixed pay	Salary See page 49	Cash	Salary is based on the executive's role, skills and capabilities, and reviewed every year
Pay tied to performance	Short-term Incentive See page 50	Cash	Annual cash bonus depends on corporate, divisional and individual performance
	Equity incentives See page 54	Restricted share units (RSUs)	Three-year vesting. Payout depends on our share price at the time of vesting
		Performance share units (PSUs)	Three-year vesting. Payout depends on relative total shareholder return and company performance over the vesting period and our share price at the time of vesting
		Options (not a part of current incentives)	10-year term. Vest over three years starting on the first anniversary of the grant. Payout depends on the exercise price and our share price at the time of vesting
Benefits	Retirement savings See page 73	Group retirement savings plan	We contribute a fixed percentage of the executive's salary to a retirement savings program, in line with market practice
	Employee share ownership plan See page 41	Voluntary share ownership plan	Encourages employee share ownership by matching 50% of employee contributions, up to \$2,500 per year
	Other benefits and perquisites See page 68	Well-being benefits	Medical and dental benefits, disability coverage, life and accident insurance, and other benefits in line with market practice
		Perquisite allowance	Determined by executive level and market practice, fully taxable

The mix of components is well balanced, rewarding short-, mid- and long-term performance through a mix of cash and equity. The more senior the executive, the more pay is tied to performance because we believe they have more influence on organizational performance over the long-term.

The graphs below show the 2020 target total direct compensation mix (based on target performance). The 2020 equity incentive is 50% PSUs and 50% RSUs for all named executives.





2020 EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION DECISIONS

Salary

Salaries are reviewed at the beginning of every year, and are only adjusted to reflect an executive's consistent demonstration of increased capabilities, expertise and leadership in performing his or her role, or based on changes in the scope of the role or the market.

Salaries for the named executives did not increase in 2020.

	2019	2020
David Pathe	\$825,000	\$825,000
Andrew Snowden	\$400,000	\$400,000
Steve Wood	\$450,000	\$450,000
Ward Sellers	\$375,000	\$375,000
Karen Trenton	\$375,000	\$375,000

Short-term incentive

Form and timeframe

Cash bonus based on corporate, operational and individual performance against pre-determined goals and paid early in the following year once the year-end results are finalized. See page 45 for more about our decision-making process.

Target incentive

Each executive's target award is based on market level and internal equity. Target awards are calculated as a percentage of salary (see the table on the next page). The CEO's target percentage has not changed since 2009.

How we calculate the award

The amount of the award depends on the executive's short-term incentive score, which is calculated based on corporate, operational and individual performance against goals aligned with our strategic priorities. Goals are set at the beginning of the year and are both quantitative and qualitative.

Weightings vary by executive level, line-of-sight and functional accountabilities:

- Corporate performance focuses on corporate financial performance
- Operational performance focuses on operational safety and sustainability, production volume, unit cost of production and strategic goals at each of our operations
- Individual performance is measured against the annual goals set at the beginning of the year, day-to-day performance in their role and consistent demonstration of leadership capabilities, including focus on safety, operational excellence, operational effectiveness, leadership and tone from the top. The score for individual performance ranges from 80 to 120 for performance that meets expectations and is capped at 150 for those who exceed expectations. See the profiles of our named executives beginning on page 59 for information about their individual performance this year.

The Board can use its discretion to adjust the calculated awards up or down based on its overall assessment and any extenuating circumstances or factors outside of management's control, guided by a set of four principles. See page 45 for more about our decision-making process.

Managing compensation risk

The short-term incentive can be clawed back if there is a material restatement of our financials that results in an overpayment of incentive compensation. See page 40 for more information about managing compensation risk.

The award is forfeited if the executive resigns or is terminated for cause (see page 74 for more information about termination).

2020 short-term incentive awards

The table below shows the 2020 short-term incentive award for each named executive. Payouts ranged from 107% to 116% of target based on each executive's short-term incentive score. Corporate, operational and individual weightings were based on the level of executive. After discussion, the Board determined there was no reason to apply any discretion to adjust the awards from the calculated amounts as the outcomes aligned with the achievements of 2020 (see below). In determining financial performance for the corporate factor, the Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy was deducted from adjusted EBITDA, reducing the performance used in calculating the incentive payout.

	Salary	x	Short-term incentive target	×	(2020 short-1 Organization Individual sc	al s	cores 0 – 20		е		=	2020 short-term incentive award
						Corporate (see below)	(Operational (page 51)		Individual (page 59)			
David Pathe	\$825,000	х	100%	Х		[100 x 30%	+	102 x 50%	+	150 x 20%] =	111%	=	\$915,750
Andrew Snowden ¹	\$400,000	х	50%	Х	:							=	Not Eligible
Steve Wood	\$450,000	Х	70%	Х	:	[100 x 20%	+	102 x 50%	+	150 x 30%] =	116%	=	\$365,400
Ward Sellers	\$375,000	х	50%	Х		[100 x 20%	+	102 x 50%	+	120 x 30%] =	107%	=	\$200,625
Karen Trenton	\$375,000	Х	50%	Х		[100 x 20%	+	102 x 50%	+	130 x 30%] =	110%	=	\$206,250

^{1.} Andrew Snowden resigned effective December 31, 2020 and was not eligible for a 2020 short-term incentive award.

2020 short-term incentive performance and pay relationship

The relationship between performance and pay is consistent for each short-term incentive measure. Performance is measured as a percentage of target. Threshold performance is set at 80% of target, and maximum performance is set at 120% of performance. At threshold performance, the minimum level of performance that will generate a payout, the performance score is 50. At target performance, the expected level of performance, the performance score is 100. At maximum performance, the performance score is capped at 200. This approach aligns with our pay for performance philosophy, in that performance that exceeds target delivers increased short-term incentive awards.

2020 Corporate performance score

Corporate performance in 2020 was measured against two financial metrics linked to our strategy. Scores for performance between threshold and target, and target and maximum, are calculated on a straight-line bases. Performance scores are capped at 200%. Performance below threshold receives a score of zero.

Adjusted EBITDA

2020 adjusted EBITDA was \$38.9 million, below the threshold of \$40.4 million, resulting in a score of 0.

Combined free cash flow

2020 combined free cash flow was \$17.9 million, above the maximum of \$(22.9) million, resulting in a score of 200.

Corporate performance Target = 100 Threshold: 80 Maximum = 120 Link to strategy: · Preserve liquidity and build balance sheet strength Adjusted EBITDA (50%) **Combined free** Corporate cash flow (50%) A proxy for cash score generated by our The cash generated operating activities or used by all of our + = business units (on an accrual basis), a standard industry metric 200 100



2020 operational performance scores

Operational performance in 2020 was measured in two categories:

- 1. an operational score for corporate-level executives (the named executives) the weighted average of each of the divisional
- 2. an operational score for executives who have direct responsibility for a division – they are compensated based on safety, environment, production and cost performance and on the achievement of strategic milestones of that division.

Safety and sustainability

Threshold = 50 Target = 100 Maximum = 200

Link to strategy:

· Achieve peer-leading performance in environmental health, safety and sustainability

Production and costs

Threshold = 50 Target = 100 Maximum = 200

Link to strategy:

- · Optimize metals businesses to maintain a leadership position as a low-cost producer of finished nickel and cobalt while maximizing free cash flow
- · Further reduce net direct cash costs towards the goal of being consistently in the lowest cost quartile
- Optimize opportunities in our Cuban energy business

Strategic goals

Threshold = 50 Target = 100 Maximum = 200

Link to strategy:

• Key 2020 milestones necessary for the achievement of the strategic plan

1. Divisional operational scores for executives who manage a division

The weighting of the three divisional scores varies by executive based on their accountabilities.

Safety Safety interactions (leading measure) Total reportable incident frequency rate

(lagging measure) Weighting: Metals, Oil & Gas and Power 12.5% Technologies (leading measure only) 15%

Environment High severity

environmental incidents Weighting:

12.5%

Annual production volume

Production

Weighting: 22.5%

Unit cost of production

Our performance in managing operating costs relative to production levels

Weighting: 22.5%

Strategic goals Our performance in executing the 2020 plans aligned with our strategy

Weighting: Metals, Oil & Gas and Power 30% Technologies 65%

Divisional operational scores

=

Technologies	145 x 15% = 21.8			+	Development pip	elin	e: 150 x 20% = 30 +	92 x 65% = 60	112	
Oil & Gas and	d Power (2:1)								67	
Power	97 x 12.5% = 12.1	+	100 x 12.5% = 12.5	+	84 x 22.5% = 18.9	+	200 x 22.5% = 45 +	50 x 30% = 15	104	
Oil & Gas	175 x 12.5% = 21.9	+	100 x 12.5% = 12.5	+	0 x 22.5% = 0	+	0 x 22.5% = 0 +	50 x 30% = 15	49	
Metals	200 x 12.5% = 25	+	100 x 12.5% = 12.5	+	80 x 22.5% = 18	+	99 x 22.5% = 22.3 +	96 x 30% = 28.8	107	
	.070	_								

See page 52 for details about each division's performance

- Scores for performance between threshold and target and target and maximum are calculated on a straight-line basis.
- Performance scores are capped at 200%. Performance below threshold receives a score of zero
- We combine the results from Oil & Gas and Power for compensation purposes, because the two operations are integral parts of our Cuban energy business and share a common infrastructure and leader. The performance scores of the two divi sions are weighted based on their relative financial contributions, which is approximately 2:1.

2. Operational score for corporate executives

This operational score applied to four of the 2020 named executives:

- David Pathe
- Steve Wood
- Ward Sellers
- Karen Trenton

Metals	107 x 65% =	70
Oil & Gas and Power	67 x 15% =	10
Technologies	112 x 20% =	22
Combined		

Operational score for corporate executives

102

Metals (Operational Score 107)

Safety is measured by leading indicators (safety interactions) and lagging indicators (total reportable incident frequency rate). Safety interactions exceeded the maximum and total reportable incident frequency rate achieved the maximum, resulting in a safety score of 200. There were no severe environmental incidents resulting in a score of 100.

Production levels were between threshold and target, a solid result, given the need to overcome several unexpected events, including rail blockades in Q1, the onset of the global pandemic and extended shutdowns in Q3. This resulted in a score of 80.

Unit cost of production was below target, by less than 1%, reflecting the investments made through our operational excellence initiatives and implementation of austerity measures across the company. This resulted in a score of 99.

There were three qualitative strategic goals for 2020, all aligned with key milestones of the strategic plan with specific focus on organizational effectiveness. These were averaged, for a combined score of 96:



- establish asset management department accountabilities for equipment availability met, on schedule, scored 100
- execute the 2020 portion of the Free Cash Flow Generation Charter met, on schedule, scored 100
- establish effective contract and supplier performance management processes 4 out of 5 projects were completed and solid progress on the 5th was achieved by year end, scored 88.
- 1. Adjusted net direct cash cost uses budgeted commodity prices to exclude the impact of commodity price fluctuations outside of management's control, as a more accurate measure of cost efficiency.

Oil & Gas (Operational Score 49)

Safety is measured by leading indicators (safety interactions) and lagging indicators (total reportable incident frequency rate). Safety interactions were better than target and total reportable incident frequency rate exceeded the maximum, resulting in a safety score of 175. There were no severe environmental incidents, resulting in a score of 100.

Production levels were below threshold, impacted by higher than expected water in wells and lack of commercialized production from Block 10, resulting in a score of 0. Unit cost of production did not meet threshold performance, resulting in a score of 0.

The 2020 strategic goals for Oil & Gas and Power, were combined. There were two qualitative strategic goals for 2020, aligned with key milestones of the strategic plan with specific focus on our strategic goal of developing our Cuban energy business. These were averaged, for a combined score of 50:

- Block 10 complete testing, develop proposals for second well, secure an investing partner to support the capital investment in Block 10. Progress was made and scored 50
- Organizational design implementation of organizational design in line with the rest of Sherritt. Progress was made and scored 50.



Power (Operational Score 104)

Safety is measured by leading (safety interactions) and lagging (total reportable incident frequency rate). Safety interactions exceeded target while the total reportable incident frequency rate was below threshold, resulting in a score of 97. This is now being addressed by increasing safety training for employees and contractors. There were no severe environmental incidents resulting in a score of 100.

Production was below target, resulting in a score of 84. Unit cost of production was better than target and exceeded the maximum, resulting in a score of 200.

Oil & Gas and Power, shared the 2020 strategic goals (see page 52).



Technologies (Operational Score 112)

Safety is measured by the leading indicator of developing and implementing a site-wide safety plan. Strong performance on the implementation of the safety plan resulted in a score of 145. While there is not a specific measure for the environment, due to the nature of Technologies (research, laboratory work) the Committee retains discretion should there be an environmental incident.



There were two qualitative development pipeline strategic goals for 2020, aligned with key milestones of the strategic plan. The generation and vetting of innovative ideas is the focal point of Technologies.

- New ideas into the pipeline (crucial to supporting a culture of innovation) exceeded expectations, scored 150
- Progression of ideas through the pipeline exceeded expectations, scored 150

There were three qualitative strategic goals for 2020, aligned with key milestones of the strategic plan:

- Resources to reserves experienced some delays, scored 75
- Bitumen project progressed as planned, scored 100
- Next generation laterite processing progressed as planned, scored 100.

Equity incentives

Why we use them

- To align with shareholder interests through equity-based awards.
- To reward for contributions by recognizing the achievement of mid- and long-term corporate and strategic goals.
- To support retention through deferred vesting and settlement.

How we set the compensation target

Each executive's target award is based on the market, internal equity, experience in the role, performance and anticipated contributions to our future performance and growth, and set within a range for the position.

Form of the award

Awarded early in the year as an incentive for future performance. See page 45 for more about our decision-making process. Equity incentives are allocated to PSUs and RSUs, which are issued under our executive share unit plan. Stock options were last awarded in 2018. No amendments were made to the executive share plan in 2020. At least 50% of equity incentive awards are allocated to PSUs every year.

The 2020 equity awards were allocated 50% to performance share units and 50% to restricted share units.

Managing compensation risk

Equity incentives (unvested RSUs and PSUs, issued options) can be clawed back if there is a material restatement of our financials that results in an overpayment of incentive compensation. See page 40 for more information about managing compensation risk.

RSUs, PSUs and options are forfeited if the executive resigns or is terminated for cause (see page 74 for more information about termination).

RSUs

RSUs are notional shares that vest at the end of three years and pay out in cash based on the price of our shares at the time of vesting.

RSUs also earn dividend equivalents at the same rate as dividends paid on our common shares, if any. The additional units are reinvested as additional RSUs, which vest at the same time as the initial award. RSUs cannot be assigned.

The amount the executive receives is calculated by multiplying the number of units that vest by the volume-weighted average price of our shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before the vesting date.

PSUs

PSUs are notional shares that vest at the end of three years and pay out in cash based on performance and on the price of our shares at the time of vesting.

PSUs earn dividend equivalents at the same rate as dividends paid on our common shares, if any. The additional units are reinvested as additional PSUs, which vest at the same time and with the same performance conditions as the initial award. PSUs cannot be assigned.

The number of PSUs that vests depends on our performance. See below for the performance conditions attached to the 2020 PSU awards.

The amount the executive receives on payout is calculated by multiplying the number of units that vest by the volume-weighted average price of our shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before the vesting date.

The Board can make changes to the executive share unit plan and the stock option plan subject to any required regulatory or shareholder approvals, although previously granted awards cannot be negatively affected without the participant's consent. See page 72 for more information about making changes to the stock option plan.

2020 equity incentive awards

The table below shows the 2020 equity incentive awards for each named executive, and how they were allocated.

We calculated the number of RSUs and PSUs awarded by dividing the dollar amount of the award by the volume-weighted average trading price of our shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before the grant date (rounded up to the nearest whole unit).

	2020 equity incentive awards	Allocation			
		RSUs (50%)		PSUs (50%)	
David Pathe	\$1,750,000	\$875,000	5,468,750 units	\$875,000	5,468,750 units
Andrew Snowden ¹	\$500,000	\$250,000	1,562,500 units	\$250,000	1,562,500 units
Steve Wood	\$565,000	\$282,500	1,765,625 units	\$282,500	1,765,625 units
Ward Sellers	\$500,000	\$250,000	1,562,500 units	\$250,000	1,562,500 units
Karen Trenton	\$500,000	\$250,000	1,562,500 units	\$250,000	1,562,500 units

^{1.} Andrew Snowden resigned effective December 31, 2020 and forfeited his 2020 equity incentive awards.

Performance conditions for the 2020 PSU awards

The 2020 PSU awards are scheduled to vest in 2023. The number of units that vest will depend on the PSU performance factor, which will be calculated using two equally-weighted metrics - TSR relative to our industries, and unit cost of production compared to budget.

Relative total shareholder return (50%)

Link to strategy:

 Align executive performance with shareholder interests

Operational measure (50%)

Link to strategy:

· Optimize metals and energy businesses to maintain a leadership position as a low-cost producer while maximizing free cash flow

PSU performance factor

Relative total shareholder return (50%)

Measured against a combined weighted index that reflects the relative weighting of each of our metals and energy businesses:

- S&P/TSX Metals and Mining Industry Index (Bloomberg: STMETL)
- S&P/TSX Oil & Gas, Exploration & Production Industry Index (Bloomberg: STOILP) (20%)

For PSUs awarded in 2021, the weightings of the two indices will change to reflect the 2020 business mix of the company:

- the metals and mining index will be increased to 90%
- the energy index will be reduced to 10%.

Performance will be assessed using the following performance scale. The score is capped at 100% if our TSR for the performance period is negative, strengthening the alignment with what our shareholders experience. Values between threshold and maximum will be calculated on a straight-line basis.

If our relative total shareholder return is:	Minimum More than 25 percentage points below the combined weighted index	Threshold 25 percentage points below the combined weighted index	Target The same as the combined weighted index	Maximum 50 percentage points or more above the combined weighted index
The performance score will be:	0	50	100	200

Operational measure (50%)

Measured against an internal performance metric aligned with our strategic goal of being a sustainable low-cost producer. Metals and OGP will be assessed against their target unit cost of production for each fiscal year of the three-year performance period. Technologies will be assessed against its progress on our development pipeline, which is key to future development of innovative technologies to support future efficiencies. Disclosure of these targets in advance would provide competitively sensitive information. Operation results for 2020 PSUs will be weighted as follows: Metals 65%, Technologies 20% and OGP 15%.

Performance will be assessed using the following performance scale. Values between threshold and target, and target and maximum will be calculated on a straight-line basis.

If our internal measures are:	Minimum More than 20% unfavourable to budget	Threshold 20% unfavourable to budget	Target At budget	Maximum More than 20% favourable to budget
The performance score will be:	0	50	100	200

Payout of the 2017 mid-term incentive awards

The 2017 mid-term incentive vested on February 28, 2020, and were paid out in cash. The named executives' mid-term incentive awards consisted of 67% performance-based (PSU) and 33% time vested (RSU). 32% of the PSUs vested because of the performance factor (see below) and 100% of the RSUs vested because they were time-vested only.

The mid-term incentive paid out at 7% of the grant value, based on the number of PSUs and RSUs vesting and our share price at the time of vesting (the volume-weighted average price of our shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before the redemption date).

	2017 mid-term incentive grant	Share price on the grant date	Number of vested units	x	Share price on vesting	=	Payout	As a percentage of the grant value
David Pathe	\$1,312,500	\$1.20	597,917	х	\$0.16	=	\$95,667	7%
Andrew Snowden	\$225,000	\$1.20	102,500	х	\$0.16	=	\$16,400	7%
Steve Wood	\$423,750	\$1.20	193,042	х	\$0.16	=	\$30,887	7%
Ward Sellers	\$375,000	\$1.20	170,834	х	\$0.16	=	\$27,333	7%
Karen Trenton	\$318,750	\$1.20	145,209	х	\$0.16	=	\$23,233	7%

2017 Performance share unit performance factor

The percentage of 2017 performance share units that vested is calculated by equally weighting the performance factors for each of the performance measures as shown in the table below. 32% of the 2017 PSUs vested and were paid out.



How we calculated the performance factor

Relative total shareholder return (50%)

The table to the right shows the weighted average TSR for our industries from February 28, 2017 to February 28, 2020, resulting in a combined weighted index of 95. The table below shows our TSR over the same period against the industries' performance. Our performance of -81 was below the threshold, resulting in a score of 0% for this measure.

S&P/TSX Metals and Mining **Industry Index** (Bloomberg: STMETL)

114 x 67%

S&P/TSX Oil & Gas, Exploration & Production **Industry Index** (Bloomberg: STOILP)

56 x 33%

Combined weighted index

95

=

	Minimum (0) More than 25 percentage points below the combined weighted index	Threshold (50) 25 percentage points below the combined weighted index	Target (100) The same as the combined weighted index (see above)	Maximum (200) 50 percentage points or more above the combined weighted index
Combined weighted TSR index	<70	70	95	145
The performance score will be:	0	50	100	200
Sherritt TSR	-81			

Operational measure - Unit Cost of Production (50%)

The table to the right shows our actual unit cost of production performance indexed to target (100%) for each division and each of the three years of vesting. Performance for each division was equally weighted, producing an overall index to target of 85. This resulted in a performance score of 64 for this measure.

	Performa	Performance Indexed to Target				
	2017	2018	2019			
Metals	107	94	105			
Ambatovy	46	50	67			
OGP	110	104	84			
Overall Index to Target			85			

	Minimum	Threshold	Target	Maximum
If our internal measures are:	More than 20% unfavourable to budget	20% unfavourable to budget	At budget	More than 20% favourable to budget
The performance score will be:	0	50	100	200
Sherritt Weighted Operational Score:		8	5	

One-time retention award

On July 1, 2019, the Board approved key employee retention plans for select executive officers, including the named executives, to retain the leadership team necessary to design and oversee the balance sheet initiative. The Board considered the plan critical to ensure the best possible alternatives were considered thoroughly and without bias and that effective business operations and continuity were not compromised. Consistency among the leadership team was considered by the Board to be of particular importance, given the need to maintain Cuban relationships through a restructuring.

The amount of each retention award was based on competitive practice. Awards vested in three equal tranches over 18 months, with one-third vesting on each of December 15, 2019, June 15, 2020 and December 15, 2020, as long as the executive continued to be employed by Sherritt on the date of vesting (unless the executive has been terminated without cause).

One-time retention award

Vesting schedule linked to the three phases of the balance sheet transaction

	Phase 1 Paid December 15, 2019	Phase 2 Paid June 15, 2020	Phase 3 Paid December 15, 2020
David Pathe	\$704,167	\$704,167	\$704,167
Andrew Snowden	\$251,667	\$251,667	\$251,667
Steve Wood	\$251,667	\$251,667	\$251,667
Ward Sellers	\$177,083	\$177,083	\$177,083
Karen Trenton	\$177,083	\$177,083	\$177,083

The first tranche vested on December 15, 2019, paid out in January 2020 and was included in last year's summary compensation table. The second and third/final tranche values that vested and paid out in 2020 are included in the summary compensation table on page 67.

DAVID PATHE

President & CEO

David Pathe is accountable for developing and implementing Sherritt's company-wide strategy, making major corporate decisions and managing our growth, operations and overall performance.



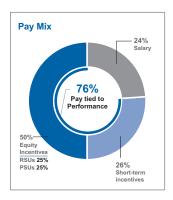
2020 Key results

- · Successfully conceived of and executed the balance sheet initiative that resolved the Ambatovy legacy debt issue and positioned the Company on a solid financial footing
- Demonstrated commitment to Diversity and Inclusion, implemented a 5-year framework
- Organization remains engaged despite Helms-Burton and economic
- Solid production and cost performance from the Joint Venture, instilling a culture of operational excellence

2020 Compensation review

The Human Resources Committee considered David's overall leadership and the progress achieved in an unprecedented market downturn, the fortitude of conceiving of and navigating a complex debt reduction transaction, and his ability to engage a resilient leadership team who are staying the course in the continuing volatile markets. This compounded with the context of Helms-Burton, David continues to consistently demonstrate his leadership, making the right decisions and executing with tenacity. The Human Resources Committee did not make any adjustments to the calculated short-term incentive formula. Equity incentives were awarded at target with a equal weighting between RSUs and PSUs.

		2019 Actual	2020 Target	2020 Actual
Salary	Cash	\$825,000	\$825,000	\$825,000
Short-term incentive	Cash	\$693,000	\$825,000	\$915,750
Equity incentives	RSUs	\$875,000	\$875,000	\$875,000
	PSUs	\$875,000	\$875,000	\$875,000
Total direct compensation		\$3,268,000	\$3,400,000	\$3,490,750
Compared to target				+3%
Compared to 2019				+7%



The Board had approved key employee retention plans for select executive officers, including the named executives, to retain the leadership team necessary to design and oversee the balance sheet initiative. The second and third/final tranche of David's award (\$704,167 each) vested on June 15, 2020 and December 15, 2020. See page 58 for details.

Short-term incentive (see page 50)

David's 2020 short-term incentive award was approved in February 2021. It paid out at 111% of his target, based on corporate operational and individual performance.

- Corporate financial score: 100 because we did not meet our adjusted EBITDA performance threshold and exceeded the maximum performance for Combined Free Cash Flow (see page 50).
- Operational score: 102 a blend of results from Metals, Oil & Gas and Power and Technologies (see page 51).
- Individual score: 150 based on his individual achievements in 2020.

Equity incentives (see page 54)

David's 2020 equity incentive award was allocated 50% to RSUs and 50% to PSUs.

Five-year lookback

Total equity compensation 2016 - 2020

The table below shows David's equity compensation for each of the past five years and the value on December 31, 2020. It shows the impact that performance and our share price have had on his equity awards over the five years and demonstrates that his earnings are in line with what our shareholders have experienced. David has also acquired 503,164 shares since 2012 with an acquisition value of over \$1.1 million. At December 31, 2020, these shares were valued at \$203,550, representing a loss in value of more than \$900,000 or 82%.

Equity compensation awarded	Value on December 31, 2020	Change
\$1,750,007	\$494,117	-72%
\$1,750,000	\$95,667	-95%
\$1,750,000	\$574,000	-67%
\$1,750,000	\$1,464,286	-16%
\$1,750,000	\$4,484,375	156%
\$1,750,001	\$1,422,489	-19%
	\$1,750,000 \$1,750,000 \$1,750,000 \$1,750,000 \$1,750,000	compensation awarded Value on December 31, 2020 \$1,750,007 \$494,117 \$1,750,000 \$95,667 \$1,750,000 \$574,000 \$1,750,000 \$1,464,286 \$1,750,000 \$4,484,375

Equity compensation awarded includes equity incentives valued at the grant date as reported in the summary compensation table.

Value on December 31, 2020 includes the realized and realizable value of the equity incentives awarded each year, as at December 31, 2020:

- realized value: payouts of the 2016 and 2017 RSUs and PSUs that had vested, and gains realized from options that had been exercised (none) as of December 31, 2020
- realizable value: the value of 2018, 2019 and 2020 RSUs and PSUs that had not vested as of December 31, 2020 (assuming all units vest), and outstanding stock options that were in-the-money, using \$0.41, the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020.

Total direct compensation 2016 – 2020

We also look at David's total direct compensation over time. The table below shows total direct compensation he has been awarded for each of the past five years, the value on December 31, 2020 and the impact that performance and our share price have had on his average total direct compensation over the five years, and demonstrates that his earnings are aligned with shareholder experience.

	Target compensation	Compensation awarded	Value on December 31, 2020	Change
2016	\$3,400,000	\$3,111,257	\$1,855,367	-40%
2017	\$3,400,000	\$3,111,250	\$1,456,917	-53%
2018	\$3,400,000	\$3,160,750	\$1,984,750	-37%
2019	\$3,400,000	\$3,268,000	\$2,982,286	-9%
2020	\$3,400,000	\$3,490,750	\$6,225,125	78%
Average	\$3,400,000	\$3,228,401	\$2,900,889	-10%

Compensation awarded includes salary, short-term incentive and equity incentives valued at the grant date as reported in the summary compensation table.

Value on December 31, 2020 includes the realized and realizable value of the compensation awarded each year, as at December 31, 2020:

- realized value: salary and short-term incentive paid for the year, payouts of the 2016 and 2017 RSUs and PSUs that had vested, and gains realized from options that had been exercised (none) as of December 31, 2020
- realizable value: the value of 2018, 2019 and 2020 RSUs and PSUs that had not vested as of December 31, 2020 (assuming all units vest), and outstanding stock options that were in-the-money, using \$0.41, the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020.

STEVE WOOD

EVP & COO

Steve Wood is accountable for our operating divisions, technologies, marketing, and for safety and sustainability. He contributes to the overall success of the company through active participation in strategic planning and other key corporate processes.



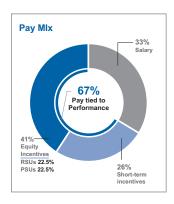
2020 Key results

- Coordinated operational response to COVID-19 with no material impact to production
- · Successfully managed Sherritt's exit as operator of Ambatovy
- Safety numbers improved despite COVID-19 implications
- Oversaw cost reductions in OGP following Block 10
- Successfully adapted to departure of SVP Metals
- Provided leadership and support to Diversity and Inclusion initiatives

2020 Compensation review

Steve was successful in delivering on his goals and the compensation decisions considered his achievements in 2020. The Human Resources Committee did not make any adjustments to the calculated short-term incentive formula. Equity incentives were awarded at target.

		2019 Actual	2020 Target	2020 Actual
Salary	Cash	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000
Short-term incentive	Cash	\$283,500	\$315,000	\$365,400
Equity incentives	RSUs	\$282,500	\$282,500	\$282,500
	PSUs	\$282,500	\$282,500	\$282,500
Total direct compensation		\$1,298,500	\$1,330,000	\$1,380,400
Compared to target				+4%
Compared to 2019				+6%



The Board also approved key employee retention plans for select executive officers, including the named executives, to retain the leadership team necessary to design and oversee the balance sheet initiative. The second and third/final tranche of Steve's award (\$251,667 each) vested on June 15, 2020 and December 15, 2020. See page 58 for details.

Short-term incentive (see page 50)

Steve's 2020 short-term incentive award was approved in February 2021. It paid out at 116% of his target, based on corporate operational and individual performance.

- Corporate financial score: 100 because we did not meet our adjusted EBITDA performance threshold and exceeded the maximum performance for Combined Free Cash Flow (see page 50).
- Operational score: 102 a blend of results from Metals, Oil & Gas and Power and Technologies (see page 51).
- Individual score: 150 based on his individual achievements in 2020.

Equity incentives (see page 54)

Steve's 2020 equity incentive award was allocated 50% to RSUs and 50% to PSUs.

Three-year lookback

The table below shows Steve's total direct compensation for each of the past three years. The graph shows the impact that performance and our share price have had on his average total direct compensation over the three years, and demonstrates that his earnings are in line with what our shareholders have experienced (see page 60 for how we calculate total direct compensation awarded and value on December 31, 2020).

	Target compensation	Compensation awarded	Value on December 31, 2020	Change
2018	\$1,330,000	\$1,280,230	\$863,486	-33%
2019	\$1,330,000	\$1,298,500	\$1,206,255	-7%
2020	\$1,330,000	\$1,380,400	\$2,263,213	64%
Average	\$1,330,000	\$1,319,710	\$1,444,318	9%

Compensation awarded includes salary, short-term incentive and equity incentives valued at the grant date as reported in the summary compensation table. Value on December 31, 2020 includes the realized and realizable value of the compensation awarded each year, as at December 31, 2020:

- realized value: salary and gains realized from options that had been exercised (none) as of December 31, 2020
- realizable value: the value of 2018, 2019 and 2020 RSUs and PSUs that had not vested as of December 31, 2020 (assuming all units vest), and outstanding stock options that were in-the-money, using \$0.41, the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020.

WARD SELLERS

SVP, Legal

Ward Sellers is accountable for the leadership and management of the overall legal affairs of the Corporation and the corporate secretarial function. In addition, he oversees the Corporation's anti-bribery and corruption program and contributes to our overall success through active participation in strategic planning and other key corporate processes.



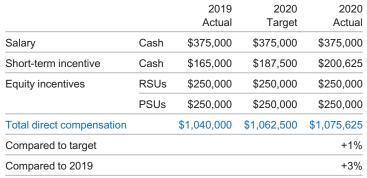
2020 Key results

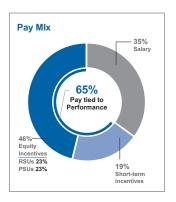
- · Significant leadership on successful completion of debt restructuring
- · Successfully transitioned board and committee meetings and Annual Shareholders Meeting to virtual format
- · Proactively manage Helms-Burton and embargo risks
- · Provided leadership and support to Diversity and Inclusion initiatives

2020 Compensation review

Ward was successful in delivering on his goals and the compensation decisions considered his achievements in 2020.

The Human Resources Committee did not make any adjustments to the calculated short-term incentive formula. Equity





incentives were awarded at target.

The Board also approved key employee retention plans for select executive officers, including the named executives, to retain the leadership team necessary to design and oversee the balance sheet initiative. The second and third/final tranche of Ward's award (\$177,083 each) vested on June 15, 2020 and December 15, 2020. See page 58 for details.

Short-term incentive (see page 50)

Ward's 2020 short-term incentive award was approved February 2021. It paid out at 107% of his target, based on corporate, divisional and individual performance:

- Corporate financial score: 100 because we did not meet our adjusted EBITDA performance threshold and exceeded the maximum performance for Combined Free Cash Flow (see page 50).
- Operational score: 102 a blend of results from Metals, Oil & Gas and Power and Technologies (see page 51).
- Individual score: 120 based on his individual achievements in 2020.

Equity incentives (see page 54)

Ward's 2020 equity incentive award was allocated 50% to RSUs and 50% to PSUs.

Three-year lookback

The table below shows Ward's total direct compensation for each of the past three years. The graph shows the impact that performance and our share price have had on his average total direct compensation over the three-year period, and demonstrates that his earnings are in line with what our shareholders have experienced (see page 60 for how we calculate total direct compensation awarded and value on December 31, 2020).

	Target compensation	Compensation awarded	Value on December 31, 2020	Change
2018	\$1,025,000	\$1,027,250	\$658,450	-36%
2019	\$1,062,500	\$1,040,000	\$958,368	-8%
2020	\$1,062,500	\$1,075,625	\$1,856,875	73%
Average	\$1,050,000	\$1,047,625	\$1,157,898	11%

Compensation awarded includes salary, short-term incentive and equity incentives valued at the grant date as reported in the summary compensation table. Value on December 31, 2020 includes the realized and realizable value of the compensation awarded each year, as at December 31, 2020;

- realized value: salary and gains realized from options that had been exercised (none) as of December 31, 2020
- realizable value: the value of 2018, 2019 and 2020 RSUs and PSUs that had not vested as of December 31, 2020 (assuming all units vest), and outstanding stock options that were in-the-money, using \$0.41, the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020.

KAREN TRENTON

SVP. HR

Karen Trenton is accountable for the strategic coordination of all Human Resource matters and employee communications. She also contributes to Sherritt's overall success through active participation in strategic planning and other key corporate processes.



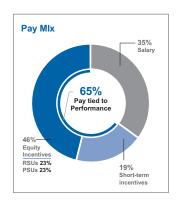
2020 Key results

- Provided leadership to companywide COVID-19 response
- Developed and implemented 5-year Labour Relations strategy and ratified a 2-year collective bargaining agreement
- Enhanced company-wide offering for Mental Health support
- Provided leadership to advance Diversity and Inclusion strategic plan
- · Significant progress on goal of eliminating manual HR processes

2020 Compensation review

Karen was successful on delivering on her goals and the compensation decisions considered her achievements in 2020. The Human Resources Committee did not make any adjustments to the calculated short-term incentive formula. Equity incentives were awarded at target.

ew				
		2019 Actual	2020 Target	2020 Actual
Salary	Cash	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000
Short-term incentive	Cash	\$173,438	\$187,500	\$206,250
Equity incentives	RSUs	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000
	PSUs	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000
Total direct compensation		\$1,048,438	\$1,062,500	\$1,081,250
Compared to target				+2%
Compared to 2019				+3%



The Board also approved key employee retention plans for select executive officers, including the named executives, to retain the leadership team necessary to design and oversee the balance sheet initiative. The second and third/final tranche of Karen's award (\$177,083 each) vested on June 15, 2020 and December 15, 2020. See page 58 for details.

Short-term incentive (see page 50)

Karen's 2020 short-term incentive award was approved and paid in February 2021. It paid out at 110% of her target, based on corporate, divisional and individual performance:

- Corporate financial score: 100 because we did not meet our adjusted EBITDA performance threshold and exceeded the maximum performance for Combined Free Cash Flow (see page 50).
- Operational score: 102 a blend of results from Metals, Oil & Gas and Power and Technologies (see page 51).
- Individual score: 130 based on her individual achievements in 2020.

Equity incentives (see page 54)

Karen's 2020 equity incentive award was allocated 50% to RSUs and 50% to PSUs.

Three-year lookback

The table below shows Karen's total direct compensation for each of the past three years. The graph shows the impact that performance and our share price have had on her average total direct compensation over the three-year period, and demonstrates that her earnings are in line with what our shareholders have experienced (see page 60 for how we calculate total direct compensation awarded and value on December 31, 2020).

	Target compensation	Compensation awarded	Value on December 31, 2020	Change
2018	\$950,000	\$935,475	\$621,995	-34%
2019	\$1,062,500	\$1,048,438	\$966,806	-8%
2020	\$1,062,500	\$1,081,250	\$1,862,500	72%
Average	\$1,025,000	\$1,021,721	\$1,150,434	13%

Compensation awarded includes salary, short-term incentive and equity incentives valued at the grant date as reported in the summary compensation table. Value on December 31, 2020 includes the realized and realizable value of the compensation awarded each year as at December 31, 2020:

- realized value: salary and gains realized from options that had been exercised (none) as of December 31, 2020
- realizable value: the value of 2018, 2019 and 2020 RSUs and PSUs that had not vested as of December 31, 2020 (assuming all units vest), and outstanding stock options that were in-the-money, using \$0.41, the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020.

SHARE PERFORMANCE AND EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Understanding the impact of metal prices

Every resource company's share price is directly related to the performance of the metals it produces. The graph below shows the annual average price of five base metals over the past five years (in US\$/tonne indexed to \$100 to provide a meaningful comparison).

These are the metals produced by the companies in our comparator group. None of the companies in our comparator group produces nickel as a primary product, and there are very few nickel companies in the S&P/TSX Metals and Mining Index. The volatility of nickel and cobalt prices to the base metals produced by the companies in our comparator group helps to put our share performance in context.

Through the five-year period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020 nickel prices have ranged from a low of US\$3.50/lb in February 2016 to a high of US\$8.45/lb in September 2019 and before retreating to a low of US\$5.01/lb in March 2020 with the onset of the global COVID-19 pandemic. During the same period, cobalt prices have fluctuated more dramatically going from a low of US\$9.90/lb in December 2015 to reaching a high of US\$44.55/lb in April 2018 and subsequently falling to a low of US\$12.48/lb in July 2019.

Nickel prices experienced a significant recovery in 2020 following the re-start of economic activity after first wave of the COVID-19 pandemic, particularly in China. Nickel prices closed the year at US\$7.50/lb, up 18% from the end of 2019. The price increase was also driven by the renewed interest in the electric vehicle market, which is slated to generate significant demand for nickel in the coming years. Despite its price increase in 2020, nickel lagged behind the performance of other metals, including zinc, copper and gold. Cobalt, Sherritt's other primary metal, was the worst performing base metal in 2020, ending the year at US\$15.60/lb, flat from the start of 2020.

In response to volatility of nickel and cobalt prices over the past five years, we have focused on preserving our liquidity and building balance sheet strength. During this period, we have managed to reduce more than \$2.4 billion of debt by:

- selling non-core assets;
- restructuring the terms of debenture agreements without any dilution of shares; and
- · extending the maturities of debentures.

In 2020, in particular, we completed a plan of arrangement under the Canada Business Corporations Act. This plan of arrangement enabled us to:

- reduce our outstanding debt by approximately \$300 million:
- eliminate debt maturities in 2021, 2023, and 2025 and replace them with maturities in 2026 and 2029;
- reduce our annual interest payments by more than \$15 million; and
- exit the Ambatovy project and thereby terminate of our debt obligations to our Ambatovy partners and eliminate the risk of cross-defaults to our debt as a result of not funding Ambatovy.

This plan of arrangement was completed without any dilution to our common shares, and marked the culmination of nearly seven years of efforts to strengthen our balance sheet from the financial threat posed by Ambatovy.

(as at December 31) \$400 \$350 \$300 \$250 \$200 \$150 \$100 \$50 \$0

2017

2018

2019

2020

METAL PRICES (US\$/tonne indexed to \$100)

2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020
\$100	\$116	\$141	\$122	\$162	\$191
\$100	\$117	\$152	\$127	\$131	\$165
\$100	\$161	\$210	\$158	\$143	\$171
\$100	\$109	\$123	\$121	\$143	\$179
\$100	\$142	\$350	\$265	\$151	\$151
	\$100 \$100 \$100 \$100	\$100 \$116 \$100 \$117 \$100 \$161 \$100 \$109	\$100 \$116 \$141 \$100 \$117 \$152 \$100 \$161 \$210 \$100 \$109 \$123	\$100 \$116 \$141 \$122 \$100 \$117 \$152 \$127 \$100 \$161 \$210 \$158 \$100 \$109 \$123 \$121	\$100 \$116 \$141 \$122 \$162 \$100 \$117 \$152 \$127 \$131 \$100 \$161 \$210 \$158 \$143 \$100 \$109 \$123 \$121 \$143

2016

2015

Share performance analysis

Consistent with a number of small-cap base metals peers, our share price performance over the past five years has fluctuated in response to a number of market and geopolitical developments that have adversely impacted the sector more broadly and Sherritt more specifically. Sherritt has also been impacted by a number of unique as well as external circumstances that have impacted our share price performance over this period.

Over the past five years, Sherritt's share price has suffered as a result of Sherritt's legacy investment in Ambatovy and the associated resulting debt levels. This, together with the risk of cross defaults from Sherritt's inability to continue to fund Ambatovy presented a threat to Sherritt which management has worked for the last seven years to mitigate. The efforts over the last seven years culminated in a restructuring transaction in 2020 that saw Sherritt exit the Ambatovy project and further reduce that debt, have been aimed at mitigating this legacy risk. In total, since 2014, Sherritt has eliminated more than \$2.4 billion in debt from the balance sheet along with a further \$1.1 billion debt guarantee, and has removed the default risks posed by the Ambatovy agreements. However, Sherritt's share price suffered over this time as a result of the material threats to Sherritt's existence that no other company in our peer group faced. In addition, in 2020 the uncertainty surrounding this transaction acted as a catalyst for considerable share price volatility with Sherritt reaching a 52-week low of \$0.08 in March. With successful completion of the balance sheet initiative in August following approval from all stakeholders and without any dilution of shares, Sherritt's share price started an ascent that culminated in a 52-week high of \$0.43 in December. Additional details regarding this transaction are set forth at page 64.

Sherritt's share price over the years has also been impacted by risks associated with our operations and joint ventures in Cuba. Over the course of the last four years of the Trump administration, we have witnessed an increasingly hostile US policy towards Cuba with significantly increased sanctions. These sanctions included the implementation of Title III of the Helms-Burton Act, bans on U.S. travel to Cuba, limits on remittances that can be sent to the country, and restrictions on financial transactions. Other U.S. sanctions affected the availability of diesel fuel and other supplies, negatively affecting our operations. Combined, these sanctions have adversely impacted Cuba's access to foreign currency and have negatively impacted our partners' ability to pay amounts owed to us and significantly elevated the overdue receivables accruing to the company. No other company in our peer group, on the Metals and Mining Index, or on the TSX Composite Index faces these issues to the extent that Sherritt does.

Our share price has also been affected by wide fluctuations in commodity prices over the past several years that have had a direct impact on our financial results and outlook. Through the five-year period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020 nickel prices have ranged from a low of US\$3.50/lb in February 2016 to a high of US\$8.45/lb in September 2019 and before retreating to a low of US\$5.01/lb in March 2020 with the onset of the global COVID-19 pandemic. During the same period, cobalt prices have fluctuated more dramatically going from a low of US\$9.90/lb in December 2015 to reaching a high of US\$44.55/lb in April 2018 and subsequently falling to a low of US\$12.48/lb in July 2019.

Named executive officer compensation

Over the past five years named executive officer total compensation, as reported in each year's Summary Compensation Table, experienced modest growth. However, total compensation reported includes all equity-based compensation at grant date value, representing a significant portion of total compensation. Actual value received for the 2020 named executives is detailed starting on page 59 and further details for the CEO follow the graph.

As noted at page 58, for the period 2019 through 2020, named executive compensation includes the payment of a retention award, as it was an imperative of the Board to retain the resilient and tenacious executive team to see through to conclusion the resolution of legacy Ambatovy debt and the survival of Sherritt. That achievement without any dilution to shareholders' interest was the best possible outcome. The market responded positively as illustrated below with the share price growth through 2020.

TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURN \$300 \$250 \$200 \$150 \$100 \$50 \$0 (as at December 31) 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Sherritt \$100 \$182 \$236 \$62 \$26 \$56 S&P/TSX Metals and Mining Index \$100 \$161 \$168 \$150 \$201 \$250 S&P/TSX Composite Index \$100 \$121 \$132 \$120 \$148 \$156

CEO equity compensation and share performance

While we do not believe that executive compensation should be assessed only against our share performance, mainly because there are other important factors to consider, we do link a significant portion of what named executives earn to the price of our shares. Executives also invest in our shares through our employee share ownership plan or personally (see page 41 for more about equity ownership).

The table below shows the CEO's equity compensation for the past five years and its realized and realizable value on December 31, 2020. It also compares the actual value of \$100 of equity compensation awarded to the CEO to the value earned by shareholders over the same period with the time periods aligning to the grant dates of his equity compensation and the earlier of the respective vesting date and December 31, 2020. David has also acquired 503,164 shares since 2012 with an acquisition value of over \$1.1 million. At December 31, 2020, these shares were valued at \$206,297, representing a loss in value of more than \$900,000 or 82%.

					Value of \$100
	Equity compensation awarded	Value on December 31, 2020 or at vesting	Period	Sherritt CEO	Sherritt shareholders
2016	\$1,750,007	\$494,117	February 23, 2016 to February 23, 2019	\$28	\$71
2017	\$1,750,000	\$95,667	February 28, 2017 to February 28, 2020	\$5	\$13
2018	\$1,750,000	\$574,000	February 22, 2018 to December 31, 2020	\$33	\$33
2019	\$1,750,000	\$1,464,286	February 26, 2019 to December 31, 2020	\$84	\$84
2020	\$1,750,000	\$4,484,375	March 9, 2020 to December 31, 2020	\$256	\$256

Compensation awarded includes equity incentives valued at the grant date as reported in the summary compensation table.

Value on December 31, 2020 includes the realized and realizable value of the equity incentives awarded each year:

- Realized value: payouts of 2016 and 2017 RSUs and PSUs that had vested, and gains realized from options that had been exercised (none) as of the respective
- Realizable value: the value of 2018, 2019 and 2020 RSUs and PSUs that had not vested as of December 31, 2020 (assuming all units vest), and outstanding stock options that were in-the-money, using \$0.41, the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020.

Value of \$100

- for Sherritt shareholders: represents the cumulative value of a \$100 investment in common shares made on the first trading day of the period, assuming dividends are reinvested.
- for the Sherritt CEO: his realized and realizable compensation indexed to \$100 for ease of comparison.

Compensation details

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The table below shows the total compensation awarded to the named executives for the last three years ended December 31.

		Salary	Share-based awards	Option-based awards	Annual incentive	Pension value	All other compensation	Total compensation
David Pathe	2020	\$825,000	\$1,750,000	n/a	\$915,750	n/a	\$1,707,252	\$5,198,002
CEO	2019	\$825,000	\$1,750,000	n/a	\$693,000	n/a	\$1,007,236	\$4,275,236
	2018	\$825,000	\$1,750,000	n/a	\$585,750	n/a	\$296,811	\$3,457,561
Andrew Snowden	2020	\$400,000	\$500,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$698,255	\$1,598,255
Former SVP & CFO	2019	\$400,000	\$500,000	n/a	\$188,000	n/a	\$448,631	\$1,536,631
	2018	\$350,000	\$320,000	\$80,000	\$160,475	n/a	\$176,693	\$1,087,168
Steve Wood	2020	\$450,000	\$565,000	n/a	\$365,400	n/a	\$716,736	\$2,097,136
EVP & COO	2019	\$450,000	\$565,000	n/a	\$283,500	n/a	\$465,227	\$1,763,727
	2018	\$450,000	\$452,000	\$113,000	\$265,230	n/a	\$210,153	\$1,490,383
Ward Sellers	2020	\$375,000	\$500,000	n/a	\$200,625	n/a	\$537,329	\$1,612,954
SVP, Legal	2019	\$375,000	\$500,000	n/a	\$165,000	n/a	\$360,583	\$1,400,583
	2018	\$375,000	\$400,000	\$100,000	\$152,250	n/a	\$183,744	\$1,210,994
Karen Trenton	2020	\$375,000	\$500,000	n/a	\$206,250	n/a	\$538,691	\$1,619,941
SVP, Human	2019	\$375,000	\$500,000	n/a	\$173,438	n/a	\$363,924	\$1,412,362
Resources	2018	\$350,000	\$340,000	\$85,000	\$160,475	n/a	\$175,872	\$1,111,347

The value of RSUs and PSUs awarded as equity incentives (see page 55) at grant date value. There is no discount applied for the risk associated with the PSUs. We calculated the number of units awarded by dividing the dollar amount of the award by \$0.16 (2020), \$0.49 (2019) and \$1.25 (2018), the volume-weighted average trading price of our shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately before each grant date (rounded up to the nearest whole unit).

Option-based awards

The value of options awarded as equity incentives (see page 71). We calculate the number of options by dividing the grant date fair value of the award by the market price of our shares on the date of the grant multiplied by each year's Black Scholes value (rounded up to the nearest whole unit).

The table to the right shows the assumptions we used for calculating the Black Scholes value each year. We used the continuous method for determining the dividend yield in 2018.

	Market price	Scholes value	Option term	price volatility	Interest rate	Dividend yield
2018	\$1.25	\$0.86	10 years	58.71%	2.34%	nil

Annual incentive

The cash bonus awarded as an annual incentive (see page 49).

Pension value

Employer contributions to the executive supplementary pension plan. The plan was closed to contributions on January 1, 2018 and is being phased out (see page 73).

Andrew Snowden resigned effective December 31, 2020 and was not eligible for a 2020 annual incentive award. At the time of his resignation his 2020, 2019 and 2018 share-based awards and unvested stock options were forfeited. His vested stock options will expire on March 31, 2021 if not exercised beforehand. The values are included in the above to meet disclosure requirements.

All other compensation

All other benefits and compensation in 2020. These amounts are fully taxable and not grossed up for tax purposes.

\$93,750	\$32,000 \$93,750 \$354,167 \$0
\$93,750	\$93,750
. ,	
\$32,000	\$32,000
\$9,912	\$11,274
489,829	\$491,191
\$2,500	\$2,500
\$45,000	\$45,000
Ward Sellers	Karen Trenton
	\$45,000 \$2,500

Helms-Burton allowance

All of the named executives have been listed under Title IV of the Helms-Burton Act, and advised by the United States Department of State that they, their spouse and minor children are inadmissible for entry into the United States. In recognition of the hardship, loss of opportunity and emotional distress suffered by the named executives and their families, the named executives receive a Helms-Burton allowance. These allowances are not considered compensation, but have been included in the table in the interest of providing full disclosure. Helms-Burton allowances are fully taxable and not grossed-up for tax purposes.

Signing or other ad hoc payments

On July 1, 2019, the Board approved key employee retention plans for select executive officers, including the named executives, to retain the leadership team necessary to design and oversee the balance sheet initiative. The retention awards were critical to ensure the best possible alternatives were considered thoroughly and without bias, and that effective business operations and continuity were not compromised (see page 58 for details). The retention award vested in three tranches over 18 months, with one-third vesting on each of December 15, 2019, June 15, 2020 and December 15, 2020. The first tranche vested on December 15, 2019, paid out in January 2020 and was included in last year's summary compensation table. The second and third/final tranche values that vested and paid out in 2020 are included in the summary compensation table on page 67.

EQUITY COMPENSATION

Outstanding option-based and share-based awards

The table below shows all outstanding option-based awards and unvested share-based awards as of December 31, 2020. See page 54 for more information about equity incentives.

The value of unexercised in-the-money options is the difference between the option's exercise price and \$0.41 (the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020). None of the options were in-the-money on December 31, 2020, so no value is reported.

We calculated the value of RSUs and PSUs by multiplying our assumption for the number of units that would vest by \$0.41 (the closing price of our shares on the TSX on December 31, 2020). Vesting assumptions:

- RSUs granted in 2018, 2019 and 2020: assumes 100% of the units vest
- PSUs granted in 2018, 2019 and 2020: assumes a performance factor of 0 and that none of the units vest.

		Option-based awards						Share-based awards
		Number of securities underlying unexercised options	Options exercise price	Option expiration date	Value of unexercised in-the-money options	Type of award	Number of units that have not vested	Market or payout value of unvested unit awards not paid out or distributed
	2011	70,300	\$9.10	March 4, 2021	\$0		_	_
David Pathe	2012	199,200	\$6.04	March 2, 2022	\$0	_	_	_
	2013	319,100	\$5.14	March 11, 2023	\$0		_	_
	2014	516,100	\$3.00	March 3, 2024	\$0	_	_	_
	2015	875,000	\$2.11	March 13, 2025	\$0	_	_	_
	2016	2,034,900	\$0.68	February 23, 2026	\$0		_	_
	2017	546,875	\$1.20	February 28, 2027	\$0		_	_
	2018	_	_		_	RSUs	525,000	\$215,250
		_	_		_	PSUs	875,000	\$0
	2019	_	_		_	RSUs	1,785,715	\$732,143
		_	_		_	PSUs	1,785,715	\$0
	2020	_	_		_	RSUs	5,468,750	\$2,242,188
						PSUs	5,468,750	\$0
	Total	4,561,475			\$0		15,908,930	\$3,189,581
	2017	93,750	\$1.20	February 28, 2027	\$0			
Andrew Snowden ¹	2018	93,023	\$1.25	February 22, 2028	\$0	RSUs	96,000	\$39,360
		_	_	_	_	PSUs	160,000	\$0
	2019	_	_	_	_	RSUs	510,205	\$209,184
		_	_	_	_	PSUs	510,205	\$0
	2020	_	_	_	_	RSUs	1,562,500	\$640,625
		_	_	_	_	PSUs	1,562,500	\$0
	Total	186,773			\$0		4,401,410	\$889,169

Share-based awards	Option-based awards						
Number of units that have not vested Vested Market or payout value of unvested unit awards not paid out or distributed	Type of award	Value of unexercised in-the-money options	Option expiration date	Options exercise price	Number of securities underlying unexercised options		
		\$0	May 11, 2025	\$2.98	109,700	2015	
		\$0	February 23, 2026	\$0.68	523,300	2016	Steve Wood
		\$0	February 28, 2027	\$1.20	176,563	2017	
135,600 \$55,596	RSUs	\$0	February 22, 2028	\$1.25	131,395	2018	
226,000 \$0	PSUs	_		_	_		
576,531 \$236,378	RSUs	_		_	_	2019	
576,531 \$0	PSUs	_		_	_		
1,765,625 \$723,906	RSUs	_		_	_	2020	
1,765,625 \$0	PSUs	_		_	_		
5,045,911 \$1,015,880		\$0			940,958	Total	
		\$0	January 6, 2024	\$3.70	30,100	2014	
		\$0	March 3, 2024	\$3.00	87,100	2014	Ward Sellers
		\$0	March 13, 2025	\$2.11	150,000	2015	
		\$0	February 23, 2026	\$0.68	348,800	2016	
		\$0	February 28, 2027	\$1.20	156,250	2017	
120,000 \$49,200	RSUs	\$0	February 22, 2028	\$1.25	116,279	2018	
200,000 \$0	PSUs	_	_	_	_		
510,205 \$209,184	RSUs	_	_	_	_	2019	
510,205 \$0	PSUs	_	_	_	_		
1,562,500 \$640,625	RSUs	_	_	_	_	2020	
1,562,500 \$0	PSUs	_	_	_	_		
4,465,410 \$899,009					888,529	Total	
		\$0	March 3, 2024	\$3.00	64,500	2014	
		\$0	March 13, 2025	\$2.11	125,000	2015	Karen Trenton
		\$0	February 23, 2026	\$0.68	290,700	2016	
		\$0	February 28, 2027	\$1.20	132,813	2017	
102,000 \$41,820	RSUs	\$0	February 22, 2028	\$1.25	98,837	2018	
170,000 \$0	PSUs	_	_	_	_		
510,205 \$209,184	RSUs	_	_	_	_	2019	
510,205 \$0	PSUs	_	_	_	_		
1,562,500 \$640,625	RSUs	_		_	_	2020	
1,562,500 \$0	PSUs	_	_	_	_		
4,417,410 \$891,629		\$0			711,850	Total	

^{1.} Andrew Snowden resigned effective December 31, 2020, and as of that date he forfeited his unvested stock options, RSUs and PSUs. His vested stock options will expire on March 31, 2021 if not exercised beforehand.

Value vested or earned during the year

The table below shows:

- Option-based awards: What David Pathe, Andrew Snowden, Steve Wood, Ward Sellers and Karen Trenton would have realized from options that vested in 2020 if they had exercised them on the vesting date. One third of their 2017 and 2018 option awards vested in 2020. The value is the difference between the option's exercise price and the closing price of our shares on the TSX on the vesting date. The difference was negative in each case, so the options were not in-the-money and had no value. See page 71 for information about the stock option plan.
- Share-based awards: The payout value of the 2017 mid-term incentives that vested in 2020 see page 56 for information about how we calculated the payout value.
- Non-equity incentive plan compensation: The value of the 2020 short-term incentive see page 50 for details.

	Option-based awards Value vested during the year	Share-based awards Value vested during the year	Non-equity incentive plan compensation Value earned during the year
David Pathe	\$0	\$95,667	\$915,750
Andrew Snowden	\$0	\$16,400	\$0
Steve Wood	\$0	\$30,887	\$365,400
Ward Sellers	\$0	\$27,333	\$200,625
Karen Trenton	\$0	\$23,233	\$206,250

Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans

The table below shows the total number of securities to be issued and available future issuance under our stock option plan (the plan) as at December 31, 2020. We are authorized to issue up to 17,500,000 shares (2.79% of the issued and outstanding shares as at December 31, 2020) under the plan. The number of shares available for future issuance includes shares that have not previously been reserved for an option grant and shares underlying unexercised options that have expired or were terminated.

	up	s to be issued on exercise of anding options	rcise of		Securities remaining available for future issuance		Total securities issuable under option plan	
	Number	% of shares outstanding	exercise price of outstanding options	Number	% of shares outstanding	Number	% of shares outstanding	
Stock option plan approved by securityholders	8,978,031	2.26%	\$1.97	2,113,173	0.53%	11,091,204	2.79%	

Stock option plan

The plan was established in 1995, after the company was formed but before shares were distributed to the public. It was amended in 2005, 2007, 2010 and 2014. Under the plan, stock options can be issued to employees.

Burn rates as of December 31

Calculated as the total number of options issued each year divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding at the end of the year:

Burn rate	0.19%	0.00%	0.00%
Weighted average number of shares outstanding on December 31	396,883,368	397,282,785	397,284,652
Total number of options issued	758,139	_	
	2018	2019	2020

Limits

- Total number of shares that can be issued to one person (together with all other security based compensation arrangements): no more than 5% of our issued and outstanding securities
- Total number of shares that can be issued to insiders within a one-year period, or that can be issuable to insiders at any time under the plan (together with all other security based compensation arrangements): 10% of our issued and outstanding securities.
- The exercise price of an option cannot be lower than the market price of the shares at the date of grant.
- Exercising options is subject to our insider trading policy (see page 40).

Making changes to the plan

The Board or the Human Resources Committee can change the terms of an option in compliance with the shareholder approved Stock Option Plan. The Board can make changes to the plan with required regulatory and shareholder approval, although a participant's previously granted options cannot be negatively affected without the participant's consent.

Changes that do not require shareholder approval include (among others):

- administrative changes
- changes to the vesting provisions of the stock option plan or any option
- changes to the stock option plan to comply with tax laws
- changes to termination provisions not providing an extension beyond the original expiry date, or a date beyond a permitted automatic extension in the case of an option expiring during a blackout period
- · adding, changing or removing a cashless exercise feature, payable in cash or shares and providing for a full deduction of underlying shares from the option reserve.

Changes to the plan that require shareholder approval:

- changing the number of shares issuable under the plan
- reducing the exercise price or purchase price of an option
- changing termination provisions to provide an extension beyond the original expiry date (or the permitted automatic extension for options expiring in a blackout period)
- changing eligibility requirements that could increase insider participation
- allowing options to be transferable or assignable other than for normal estate settlement purposes.

No changes were made to the plan in 2020.

RETIREMENT SAVINGS

Sherritt offers a Group retirement savings plan and an executive supplementary pension plan that is being phased out.

Group retirement savings plan (Group RSP)

Eligibility	All Canadian-based employees, including the named executives			
Description	Contributions are made on behalf of the employee to the employee's individual account under a Group RSP			
Contributions	An amount equal to a fixed percentage of base salary is invested, as directed by the employee, into investment funds that they select from an approved list established by Sherritt's Management Retirement Committee.			
	We currently contribute 12% of each named executive's base salary to the group RSP. These amounts are reported under <i>All other compensation</i> in the summary compensation table (see page 67).			
Withdrawal	Funds can be withdrawn at any time			

Before 2018, senior executives who were subject to Canadian tax rules, and whose Group RSP contributions exceeded the limits prescribed by the Income Tax Act (Canada), were also able to participate in a supplementary pension plan. The plan was closed to contributions on January 1, 2018, and is being phased out.

The table below shows the value of the supplementary plans for the four executives who qualified to participate in the plan. No contributions were made to the named executives' supplementary plan accounts in 2020. The accumulated value of their accounts (less withholdings) will be paid out to them when their employment with Sherritt ends.

	Accumulated value at start of the year	Accumulated value at the end of the year
David Pathe	\$676,027	\$722,012
Steve Wood	\$122,704	\$131,390
Ward Sellers	\$99,758	\$108,541
Karen Trenton	\$64,501	\$68,557

TERMINATION AND CHANGE OF CONTROL BENEFITS

Employment agreements

In 2020 David Pathe's employment agreement was amended to conform with the employment agreements of the other named executive officers. The table below shows the termination arrangements in the employment agreements we have with the other named executives.

	All named executives		
Salary	24 months		
Short-term incentive	2x the annual STI target value, plusa pro-rata annual incentive for the year of termination		
Equity incentives	According to the terms of the plans for awards previously received		
Benefits and perquisites	24 months		

Termination arrangements

The table below describes how PSUs, RSUs and options are treated under different termination scenarios.

	Death or disability	Retirement	Resignation	Termination with cause	Termination without cause
RSUs and PSUs	Vest immediately The PSU performance factor will be assumed	Vest following the normal vesting schedule	Forfeited	Forfeited	Vest following the normal vesting schedule
	to be at target (100%)				
Options	Vest on the date of death or disability and may be exercised within 180 days or the original expiry date, whichever is earlier	Continue to vest and may be exercised within five years of the retirement date or the original expiry date, whichever is earlier	Vested options and options that vest within 90 days of the date of resignation may be exercised prior to the original expiry date	Vested and unvested options are cancelled	Vested options and options that vest within 90 days of the termination date may be exercised prior to the original expiry date
			Unvested options and vested options that have not been exercised after 90 days are cancelled		Unvested options and vested options that have not been exercised after 90 days are cancelled

Change of control

Change of control provisions are included in the employment agreements of the named executives. Under the terms of these agreements, if an executive's employment is terminated without cause or if they resign for good reason (as defined in the respective agreements) within 24 months of a change of control or before a change of control at the request of an acquirer, the executive is entitled to certain benefits.

Change of control is defined as:

- (1) the acquisition (directly or indirectly) by any person or a combination of persons acting jointly or in concert (other than an entity or entities that were, immediately prior to such acquisition, affiliates of the company) of more than 50% of the voting securities of the company;
- (2) fifty percent or more of the issued and outstanding voting securities of the Corporation become subject to a voting trust other than a voting trust controlled by any entity or entities that were, immediately prior to such disposition, affiliates of the company;

- (3) a majority of the directors of the company are removed from office or fail to be re-elected at any annual or special meeting of Shareholders, or a majority of the directors resign from office over a period of 60 days or less, and the vacancies created thereby are not filled by appointments made by the remaining members of the Board;
- (4) the disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the company other than to an entity or entities that were, immediately prior to such disposition, affiliates of the company;
- (5) where applicable, the disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of a division of the company in which the executive is employed other than to an entity or entities that were, immediately prior to such disposition, affiliates of the company;
- (6) any resolution is passed or any action or proceeding is taken with respect to the liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the company:
- (7) the company amalgamates with one or more entities other than any entity or entities that were, immediately prior to such amalgamation, affiliates of the company, if the result of such amalgamation is that persons who were formerly shareholders of the company immediately prior to such amalgamation hold less than a majority of the voting securities of the amalgamated entity;
- (8) the company enters into any transaction or arrangement which would have the same or similar effect as any of the transactions referred to in the foregoing paragraphs; or
- (9) any person (other than the executive or any of his associates) makes a bona fide take-over bid for the shares of the company that, if successful, would result in a change of control of the company as defined in paragraph 1 above.

The treatment of share-based compensation awards upon a change of control is governed by:

- the terms of our compensation plans for a change of control without a termination, and
- the terms of the respective employment agreements for each of the other named executives, for change of control with a termination.

The table below describes what the named executives are entitled to if there is a change of control with and without termination.

	Change of control without termination	Double trigger change of control: change of control <i>and</i> termination without cause 24 months	ange of control: and termination without cause or resignation with good reason within		
Severance	None	 Lump sum payment equal to the sum of: 2x base salary at date of termination 2x annual incentive at target performance 24 months of retirement savings contributions 	24 months of perquisite allowance24 months of benefit premiums.		
Helms-Burton allowance	Continues	Continues until the executive is removed from the Title IV list. Named executives are expected to take necessary action to be removed from the Title IV list, and will be provided with reasonable assistance as necessary.			
		Subject to quarterly certification that individual has not traveled to the US, payments continue for 2 years or for as long as the individual is a defendant in a lawsuit filed under Title III.			
RSUs, PSUs and options		If Sherritt or the surviving or acquiring entity retains or assumes all of the outstanding RSUs, PSUs or options, or substitutes similar awards	If Sherritt or the surviving or acquiring entity does not retain, assume or substitute all of the outstanding RSUs, PSUs or options		
RSUs and PSUs	Continue to vest following the normal vesting schedule	Outstanding RSUs and PSUs vest on termination (at target performance) if the units are not assumed or if employment is	Outstanding RSUs and PSUs vest immediately before the change of control (at target performance).		
		terminated without cause within 24 months of the change of control.	If only part of Sherritt is subject to the change of control, these provisions will apply only to executives employed in the affected part of the business.		
• Options	Options granted after 2014 continue to vest and become	Outstanding options vest immediately and become exercisable in the 12 months	Outstanding options vest immediately before the change of control.		
	exercisable according to the normal schedule	following the termination date (subject to their original expiry date) if employment is	If only part of Sherritt is subject to the change of control, these provisions will apply only to executives employed in the affected part of the business.		
	Options granted in 2014 and earlier vest immediately	terminated without cause within 24 months of the change of control.			

Incremental payments

The incremental amounts payable to each named executive under various termination scenarios are set out in the table below. The estimated amounts in the table below include the amounts described in the table above, as well as other amounts payable based on the terms of our incentive plans.

We made the following assumptions to calculate the incremental benefit for each named executive:

- termination date of December 31, 2020
- closing share price as at December 31, 2020 of \$0.41
- for retirement, termination without cause and change of control with termination, without cause or resignation with good reason, three months of Helms-Burton allowance
- the incremental amounts for named executive officers for a termination without cause are based on the terms of their employment agreements

	David Pathe	Andrew Snowden ¹	Steve Wood	Ward Sellers	Karen Trenton
Resignation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Retirement	\$37,500		\$28,125	\$23,438	\$23,438
Termination with cause	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
Termination without cause	\$3,653,177		\$1,775,747	\$1,347,263	\$1,349,986
Change of control without termination	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
Double trigger: change of control and termination without cause or resignation with good reason within 24 months of the change of control	\$10,175,838		\$3,844,571	\$3,178,081	\$3,161,124

^{1.} Andrew Snowden resigned effective December 31, 2020, and as of that date he did not receive any incremental payments.

OTHER INFORMATION

Loans to directors and executive officers

None of our current or former directors, executive officers have had any loans outstanding to Sherritt or any of our subsidiaries at any time since the beginning of 2020 other than for routine indebtedness.

Interest of informed persons in material transactions

We are not aware of an informed person, proposed director, or any of their associates or affiliates, having a material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction since the beginning of 2020 or in any proposed transaction which has materially affected or would materially affect Sherritt or our subsidiaries.

Non-GAAP measures

Sherritt uses combined results, Adjusted EBITDA, average-realized price, unit operating cost, adjusted operating cash flow and free cash flow to monitor our performance and the performance of our operating divisions. Management believes these measures help investors and analysts compare our financial performance with our competitors, and evaluate the results of our underlying business.

Non-GAAP measures do not have a standard definition under IFRS, should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for performance measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, and may not be comparable to similar measures provided by other companies. See our 2020 MD&A for more information and a reconciliation of non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

For more information

Financial information for the year ended December 31, 2020 is provided in our 2020 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and MD&A. Please contact us at if you would like to be added to the list to receive copies in the future. Write to the Corporate Secretary, Sherritt International Corporation, Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower, 22 Adelaide Street West, Suite 4220, Toronto, ON M5H 4E3.

Copies of our 2020 Annual Information Form, together with one copy of any document, or the pertinent pages of any document, incorporated by reference, our most recently filed comparative annual financial statements, together with the auditor's report, and our interim financial statements that have been filed for any period after the end of our most recently completed financial year, and this circular are available free of charge, upon request, from the Corporate Secretary. Copies are also available on our website (www.sherritt.com) and on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

APPENDIX A SHERRITT INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION MANDATE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. GENERAL

The Board of Directors (the "Board") is responsible for overseeing the management of the business and affairs of Sherritt International Corporation (the "Corporation") according to lawful and ethical standards and in accordance with the Corporation's viability as a going concern.

The Board has the power to delegate its authority and duties to committees of the Board as it determines appropriate, as permitted by applicable law. Board committees are accountable to the Board, which at all times retains its oversight function and ultimate responsibility for all delegated responsibilities.

2. BOARD DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Directors and Senior Management

- Appoint the Chair, the Lead Director (in cases where the Chair is not independent), the President and CEO and other senior
 officers and, as permitted by applicable law, delegate to senior management responsibility for the Corporation's day-to-day
 operations.
- With the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, evaluate the performance of the Chair against the position description developed by the Board.
- With the assistance of the Human Resources Committee, evaluate the performance of the President and CEO against the position description developed by the Board. In cases where the role of Chair and President and CEO is combined, the Chair shall be excluded from this evaluation.
- With the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, ensure that management maintains a process that adequately provides for succession planning of senior management.

Ethical Leadership

 Foster an ethical corporate environment and ensure that the President and CEO and other senior officers manage the business and affairs of the Corporation in an ethical and legal manner and exhibit ethical leadership throughout the Corporation.

Strategic Direction and Risk Assessment

- With the assistance of the applicable Board committee, assess and approve management's strategic plan and review and approve annual business plans developed and proposed by management. The Board will:
 - provide advice and input regarding strategic opportunities, issues and circumstances which could threaten the Corporation's viability as a going concern;
 - approve business and operational policies within which management will operate in relation to capital expenditures, acquisitions and dispositions, disclosure and communications, finance and investment, risk management and human resources;
 - set annual corporate and management performance targets consistent with the Corporation's strategic plan;
 - review and discuss with management the process used by management to assess and manage risk, including the
 identification by management of the principal risks of the Corporation's business and the implementation by management of
 appropriate systems to deal with such risks; and
 - confirm that processes are in place to address and comply with applicable legal, regulatory, corporate, securities and other compliance matters.

Financial Reporting and Management

• The Board will approve annual operating and capital budgets.

- With the assistance of the Audit Committee, the Board will:
 - review and oversee the integrity of the Corporation with respect to its compliance with applicable audit, accounting and financial reporting requirements;
 - oversee the integrity of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting, and management information systems;
 - review operating and financial performance results relative to established strategies, plans, budgets and objectives; and
 - approve the Corporation's annual financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis and earnings press releases.

Disclosure, Communications and Insider Trading

• With the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, satisfy itself that appropriate policies and procedures are in place regarding public disclosure, communications and restricted trading by insiders.

Corporate Governance

- With the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Board will:
 - ensure that there exists an appropriate system of corporate governance, including practices to facilitate the Board's independence:
 - ensure that the necessary Board committees are in place and approve: (i) any changes to their respective mandates; (ii) the mandate of any new committee; and (iii) the authority delegated to each committee;
 - ensure that there exists appropriate processes for the annual evaluation of Board and committee effectiveness and the contributions of individual directors; and
 - approve the nomination of directors.

Independence

In cases where the Chair is not independent, a Lead Director shall be appointed annually from among the independent directors by a majority of the independent directors and shall be recommended by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Lead Director may also be removed by a majority of independent directors.

The principal role of the Lead Director is to facilitate the functioning of the Board independent of management and the Chair and serve as an independent leadership contact for the directors and senior executives. The Lead Director shall consult with the Chair and approve the agendas, board materials and schedules for board meetings, preside over in camera sessions of independent directors, call, if necessary, the holding of special meetings of the Board or independent directors and oversee the annual Board and individual director evaluation process (including providing the Chair with an annual performance evaluation). The Lead Director shall also be available for consultation and direct communication with shareholders and other key stakeholders, from time to time.

Compensation of Senior Officers and Directors

With the assistance of the Human Resources Committee, the Board will:

- approve the compensation of the President and CEO and senior management reporting directly to the President and CEO, as well as compensation policies for the President and CEO and other senior officers;
- · approve the compensation of directors, including the Chair; and
- approve any equity-based compensation plans for eligible directors, officers and other employees of the Corporation.

Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability

- With the assistance of the Environment, Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee, the Board will:
 - monitor the scope of environment, health and safety, security and sustainability risks to the Corporation's operations and future growth and ensure the adequacy and effectiveness of the Corporation's management systems and controls to mitigate these risks and attendant liabilities;
 - ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and any voluntary commitments the Corporation has made related to environment, health and safety, security and sustainability with a focus on continuous improvement and ensuring consistent practice across the Corporation and its divisions;

3. DIRECTOR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- Each director must act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation and its shareholders by
 exercising the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable
 circumstances. In order to fulfill this responsibility, each director is expected to:
 - participate with management in assessing strategic and business plans;
 - develop and maintain a thorough understanding of the Corporation's operational and financial objectives, financial position and performance and the performance of the Corporation relative to its principal competitors;
 - participate in each meeting, including seeking clarification from management and outside advisors where necessary to fully understand the issues under consideration;
 - disclose any personal interests that conflict with, or may appear to conflict with, the interests of the Corporation; and
 - engage in continuing education programs for directors, as appropriate.

4. BOARD COMPOSITION

 With the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, determine the size and composition of the Board, Board member qualifications and Board member independence to ensure that a majority of directors qualify as independent directors as determined under applicable Canadian securities laws.

5. CHAIR OF THE BOARD

In cases where the Chair is an independent director, the Chair is responsible for ensuring that the Board operates independently of management and that directors have an independent leadership contact.

Specific Roles and Responsibilities

- The Chair will:
 - chair meetings of the directors and assume such other responsibilities which the directors as a whole may designate from time to time;
 - ensure that directors have adequate opportunities to meet without management present;
 - communicate to senior management as appropriate the results of private discussions among directors;
 - monitor compliance with the Corporation's governance policies; and
 - meet annually with each director to obtain insight as to areas where the Board and its committees could be operating more
 effectively.

In cases where the Chair is not an independent director, the Lead Director will chair all in-camera meetings of the independent directors and ensure that such directors have adequate opportunities to meet without management, as well as informing the Chair of the results of private discussion among the independent directors.

Please refer to the Corporation's document entitled "Chair's Terms of Reference", attached as Appendix "B" for additional responsibilities of the Chair.

6. BOARD MEETINGS

- Board meetings are scheduled in advance and are held not less than quarterly.
- In addition to regularly scheduled Board meetings, additional Board meetings may be called upon proper notice at any time to address specific needs of the Corporation.
- An in-camera session will be held at each regularly scheduled Board meeting.
- The Board may also take action from time to time by unanimous written consent.
- A Board meeting may be called by the Chair, the Lead Director (if applicable) or any director.

APPENDIX B CHAIR'S TERMS OF REFERENCE

The principal role of the Chair of the Board of Directors ("Board") of Sherritt International Corporation (the "Corporation") is to provide leadership to the Board. The Chair is responsible for effectively managing the affairs of the Board and ensuring that the Board is properly organized and that it functions efficiently and independent of management. The Chair also advises the President and Chief Executive Officer in all matters concerning the interests of the Corporation, the Board and the relationships between management and the Board.

More specifically, the Chair shall:

A. Strategy

- 1. Provide leadership to enable the Board to act effectively in carrying out its duties and responsibilities as described in the Mandate of the Board and as otherwise may be appropriate.
- 2. Work with the Board, the President and Chief Executive Officer and other management to monitor progress on the Corporation's business plans, annual budgets, policy implementation and succession planning.
- 3. Assist the President and Chief Executive Officer in presenting the corporate vision and strategies to the Board, large shareholders, partners and the outside world.

B. Advisor to President and Chief Executive Officer

4.

- a. Provide advice, counsel and mentorship to the incumbent President and Chief Executive Officer; and
- b. In consultation with the President and Chief Executive Officer, ensure that there is an effective relationship between management personnel and the members of the Board.

C. Board Structure and Management

- 5. Preside over Board meetings and annual and special meetings of shareholders.
- 6. Provide advice, counsel and mentorship to fellow members of the Board.
- 7. Execute the responsibilities of a company director according to the lawful and ethical standards and in accordance with the Corporation's policies.
- 8. Take a leading role in determining the composition of the Board and its committees to achieve maximum effectiveness.
- 9. In consultation with the President and Chief Executive Officer, the Corporate Secretary and the chairs of the Board committees, as appropriate, determine the frequency, dates and locations of meetings of the Board, of Board committees and of the shareholders.
- 10. In consultation with the President and Chief Executive Officer, Corporate Secretary, review the annual work plan and the meeting agendas to ensure all required business is brought before the Board to enable it to efficiently carry out its duties and responsibilities.
- 11. Ensure the proper flow of information to the Board and review, with the President and Chief Executive Officer, Corporate Secretary and the Lead Director, the adequacy and timing of materials in support of management personnel's proposals.

D. Compensation Matters and Succession Planning

In conjunction with the Human Resources Committee:

- 12. Recommend compensation awards for President and Chief Executive Officer and be available to advise the Board on general compensation matters.
- 13. Advise the Board on performance of the President and Chief Executive Officer and succession planning of the President and Chief Executive Officer.



Questions? Need help voting?

Please contact our strategic shareholder advisor and proxy solicitation agent, Kingsdale Advisors

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