

#### **NEWS RELEASE**

## Veeva Announces Fourth Quarter and Fiscal Year 2016 Results

#### 3/1/2016

Fiscal Year 2016 Total Revenues of \$409.2M, up 31% Year-over-year; Q4 Total Revenues of \$114.3M, up 31% Year-over-year

Fiscal Year 2016 Subscription Services Revenues of \$316.3M, up 36% Year-over-year; Q4 Subscription Services

Revenues of \$90.4M, up 36% Year-over-year

PLEASANTON, Calif.--(BUSINESS WIRE)-- Veeva Systems Inc. (NYSE: VEEV), a leading provider of industry cloud solutions for life sciences, today announced results for its fiscal fourth quarter and full year ended January 31, 2016.

"It was another excellent year for Veeva, and I'm especially pleased to close fiscal 2016 with an outstanding quarter fueled by great demand across our expanding solution set," said CEO Peter Gassner. "As Veeva enters its 10th year, we believe we are well positioned for strong multi-year growth. Through our customer success focus and the strategic nature of our industry cloud, we are poised to exceed half a billion in revenue this year."

#### Fiscal 2016 Fourth Quarter Results:

- Revenues: Total revenues for the fourth quarter were \$114.3 million, up from \$87.0 million one year ago, an increase of 31% year-over-year. Subscription services revenues for the fourth quarter were \$90.4 million, up from \$66.5 million one year ago, an increase of 36% year-over-year.
- Operating income and non-GAAP operating income(1): Fourth quarter operating income was \$15.2 million, compared to \$20.7 million one year ago, a decrease of 26% year-over-year. Non-GAAP operating income for the fourth quarter was \$25.2 million, compared to \$25.3 million one year ago.

- Net income and non-GAAP net income(1): Fourth quarter net income was \$17.6 million, compared to \$13.3 million one year ago, an increase of 32% year-over-year. Non-GAAP net income for the fourth quarter was \$21.9 million, compared to \$16.8 million one year ago, an increase of 31% year-over-year.
- Net income per share and non-GAAP net income per share(1): For the fourth quarter, fully diluted net income per share was \$0.12, compared to \$0.09 one year ago, while non-GAAP fully diluted net income per share was \$0.15, compared to \$0.12 one year ago.

#### Fiscal Year 2016 Results:

- Revenues: Total revenues for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2016 were \$409.2 million, up from \$313.2 million one year ago, an increase of 31% year-over-year. Subscription services revenues were \$316.3 million, up from \$233.1 million one year ago, an increase of 36% year-over-year.
- Operating income and non-GAAP operating income(1): Fiscal year 2016 operating income was \$78.6 million, compared to \$70.0 million one year ago, an increase of 12% year-over-year. Non-GAAP operating income for fiscal year 2016 was \$108.6 million, compared to \$86.3 million one year ago, an increase of 26% year-over-year.
- Net income and non-GAAP net income(1): Fiscal year 2016 net income was \$54.5 million, compared to \$40.4 million one year ago, an increase of 35% year-over-year. Non-GAAP net income for fiscal year 2016 was \$74.5 million, compared to \$53.2 million one year ago, an increase of 40% year-over-year.
- Net income per share and non-GAAP net income per share(1): For fiscal year 2016, fully diluted net income per share was \$0.38, compared to \$0.28 one year ago, while non-GAAP fully diluted net income per share was \$0.51, compared to \$0.37 one year ago.

"The fourth quarter was our best bookings quarter to date, marked by record Vault sales and exceptional CRM performance," said CFO Tim Cabral. "Even in a very strong CRM bookings quarter, for the first time ever, non-CRM bookings exceeded CRM bookings."

#### Fiscal Year 2016 and Recent Highlights:

- Strong Customer Growth Across All Product Lines(2) Veeva ended its fiscal year with 400 total customers, up from 276 last year. This included 212 Veeva CRM customers, 219 Veeva Vault customers, 35 Veeva Network customers, and 70 Veeva OpenData customers.
- Momentum in Commercial Cloud In the fourth quarter, a top 10 pharma standardized on Veeva Commercial Cloud globally. As of year-end, 32 companies, including 12 of the top 50 are now leveraging Veeva for improved customer data, commercial content, and customer engagement.

- Vault Expansion Continues Exiting the fourth quarter, Vault achieved an annualized total revenue run rate(3) of \$100 million, and total Vault revenue grew by more than 100% in fiscal year 2016.
- Customer Success Drives High Revenue Retention(4) Veeva continued to achieve notably high subscription services revenue retention rates of 125% for the fiscal year 2016.

#### Financial Outlook:

Veeva is providing guidance for its fiscal first quarter ending April 30, 2016 as follows:

- Total revenues between \$114.5 and \$116.0 million.
- Non-GAAP operating income between \$25.5 and \$26.0 million.
- Non-GAAP fully diluted net income per share of \$0.11.

Veeva is providing guidance for its fiscal year ending January 31, 2017 as follows:

- Total revenues between \$508.0 and \$513.0 million.
- Non-GAAP operating income between \$122.5 and \$127.5 million.
- Non-GAAP fully diluted net income per share between \$0.54 and \$0.56.

#### Conference Call Information:

What: Veeva's Fiscal 2016 Fourth Quarter and Full Year Results Conference Call

When: Tuesday, March 1, 2016

Time: 1:30 p.m. PT (4:30 p.m. ET)

Live Call: 1-877-201-0168, domestic

1-877-201-0168, domestic 1-647-788-4901, international Conference ID 1667 5746

Webcast: ir.veeva.com

- (1) This press release uses non-GAAP financial metrics that are adjusted for the impact of various GAAP items. See the sections titled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and the tables entitled "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below for details.
- (2) The customer counts by product line exceed the total customer count because some customers subscribe to multiple product lines. Total customer count also includes 40 unique Zinc Ahead customers.

- (3) We calculate our annualized revenue run-rate for a product or customer as of the end of a given quarter by totaling two values: (i) the daily subscription revenue for the product or customer recognized on the last day of the fiscal quarter, multiplied by 365, and (ii) the associated professional services revenue for the quarter, multiplied by four.
- (4) We calculate our annual subscription services revenue retention rate for a particular fiscal year by dividing (i) annualized subscription revenue as of the last day of that fiscal year from those customers that were also customers as of the last day of the prior fiscal year by (ii) the annualized subscription revenue from all customers as of the last day of the prior fiscal year. Annualized subscription revenue is calculated by multiplying the daily subscription revenue recognized on the last day of the fiscal year by 365. This calculation includes the impact on our revenues from customer non-renewals, deployments of additional users or decreases in users, deployments of additional solutions or discontinued use of solutions by our customers, and price changes for our solutions.

#### **About Veeva Systems**

Veeva Systems Inc. is a leader in cloud-based software for the global life sciences industry. Committed to innovation, product excellence, and customer success, Veeva has 400 customers, ranging from the world's largest pharmaceutical companies to emerging biotechs. Veeva is headquartered in the San Francisco Bay Area, with offices in Europe, Asia, and Latin America. For more information, visit www.veeva.com.

#### Forward-looking Statements

This release contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding Veeva's future financial outlook and financial performance, market growth, the benefits from the use of Veeva's solutions, our strategies, and general business conditions. Any forward-looking statements contained in this press release are based upon Veeva's historical performance and its current plans, estimates and expectations and are not a representation that such plans, estimates, or expectations will be achieved. These forward-looking statements represent Veeva's expectations as of the date of this press announcement. Subsequent events may cause these expectations to change, and Veeva disclaims any obligation to update the forward-looking statements in the future. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially, including (i) our limited operating history, which makes it difficult to predict future results; (ii) our expectation that the future growth rate of our revenues will decline, and that as our costs increase, we may not be able to generate sufficient revenues to sustain the level of profitability we have achieved in the past or achieve profitability in the future; (iii) breaches in our security measures, unauthorized access to our customers' data, or system availability or performance problems associated with our data centers or computing infrastructure; (iv) dependence on revenues from our Veeva CRM solution, and the rate of adoption of our new products; (v)

acceptance of our applications and services by customers, including renewals of existing subscriptions and purchases of subscriptions for additional users and solutions; (vi) our ability to integrate the Zinc Ahead business, retain Zinc Ahead customers and achieve the expected results from our acquisition of Zinc Ahead; (vii) loss of one or more key customers; (viii) adverse changes in general economic or market conditions, particularly in the life sciences industry; (ix) delays or reductions in information technology spending, particularly in the life sciences industry, including as a result of mergers in the life sciences industry; (x) the development of the market for enterprise cloud services, particularly in the life sciences industry; (xi) competitive factors, including but not limited to pricing pressures, industry consolidation, difficulty securing rights to access, host or integrate with complementary third party products or data used by our customers, entry of new competitors and new applications and marketing initiatives by our competitors; (xii) our ability to manage our growth effectively; and (xiii) changes in sales that may not be immediately reflected in our results due to the ratable recognition of our subscription revenue.

Additional risks and uncertainties that could affect Veeva's financial results are included under the captions, "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the company's filing on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 31, 2015. This is available on the company's website at <a href="http://www.veeva.com">http://www.veeva.com</a> under the Investors section and on the SEC's website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>. Further information on potential risks that could affect actual results will be included in other filings Veeva makes with the SEC from time to time.

#### VEEVA SYSTEMS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	la						
lanuary 3							
2016	2015						
Assets Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$132,179 \$	129,253						
Short-term investments Accounts receivable, net Deferred income taxes  144,798 Deferred income taxes	268,620 92,661 4,815						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,488						
Total current assets 501,224	501,837						
Property and equipment, net 47,469 Capitalized internal-use software, net 979	28,203 1,240						
Go'odwill 95,544	4,850						
Intangible assets, net 47,500 Deferred income taxes, noncurrent 9,359	4,904						
Other long-term assets3,724	3,856						
Total assets \$ 705,799 \\ \frac{\pmathbf{p}}{2} \text{Total assets}	544,890						
Liabilities and stockholders' equity  Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable \$ 4.600 \$	3,886						
Accrued compensation and benefits 12,451 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 11,059	6,497 8,939						
Income tax payable 750	3,241						
Deferred revenue 157,419	112,960						
Total current liabilities 186,279 Deferred income taxes, noncurrent 10,622	135,523 170						
Other long-term liabilities 3,649	2,364						
Total liabilities 200,550	138,057						
Stockholders' equity: Class A common stock							
Class B common stock —	1						
Additional paid-in capital 361,691 Accumulated other comprehensive income 172	317,881 26						
Accumulated other comprehensive income 172 Retained earnings 143,385	88,925						
Total stockholders' equity 505,249	406,833						
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 705,799 \square\$	544,890						

# VEEVA SYSTEMS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited) For the three months ended For the fiscal years

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	2016		2015		2016		_	2015	
Revenues: Subscription services Professional services and other Total revenues	\$	90,404 23,866 114,270	\$	66,535 20,477 87.012	\$	316,314 92,907 409.221	\$	233,063 80,159 313,222	
Cost of revenues(5):     Cost of subscription services     Cost of professional services and other     Total cost of revenues Gross profit		20,215 19,529 39,744 74,526		15,210 15,946 31,156 55,856	_	71,180 71,034 142,214 267.007	_	55,005 60,653 115,658 197,564	
Operating expenses(5): Research and development Sales and marketing General and administrative Total operating expenses		20,097 27,086 12,132 59,315		11,742 15,328 8,103 35,173		65,976 80,984 41,458 188,418		41,156 56,203 30,239 127,598	
Operating income Other income (expense), net Income before income taxes Provision for (benefit from) income taxes Net income		15,211 (400) 14,811 (2,779)		20,683 (1,660) 19,023 5,697	· <u> </u>	78,589 28 78,617 24,157	_	69,966 (2,780) 67,186 26,803	
Net income	\$	17,590	\$	13,326	\$	54,460	\$	40,383	
Net income attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted:	\$	17,580	\$	13,288	\$	54,413	\$	40,138	
Net income per share attributable to common stockholders:  Basic  Diluted	\$	0.13	\$	0.10	\$	0.41	\$	0.31	
Weighted-average shares used to compute net income per share attributable to common stockholders:  Basic  Diluted		133,097 145,192		130,345 144,737		132,020 144,977		127,713 144,204	
Other comprehensive income (loss):  Net change in unrealized losses on available-for-sale investments  Net change in cumulative foreign currency translation gain (loss)	\$	(68) 215	\$	47 3	\$	(181) 327	\$	76 (69)	
Comprehensive income	\$	17,737	\$	13,376	\$	54,606	\$	40,390	
(5) Includes stock-based compensation as follows:  Cost of revenues:									
Cost of subscription services Cost of professional services and other Research and development Sales and marketing General and administrative	\$	167 1,101 2,202 2,054 1,633	\$	92 561 1,141 931 1,359	\$	563 3,858 7,249 6,861 5,727	\$	273 2,272 3,844 3,221 4,715	
Total stock-based compensation	\$	7,157	\$	4,084	\$	24,258	\$	14,325	

### VEEVA SYSTEMS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)	For	Janua	Fiscal Year Ended January 31,				
		2016	 2015	2016	2015		
Cash flows from operating activities  Net income  Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	17,590	\$ 13,326	\$ 54,460	\$ 40,383		
Depreciation and amortization Amortization of premiums on short-term investments Stock-based compensation Deferred income taxes Bad debt expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		3,615 598 7,157 (5,598) (2)	986 832 4,084 (4,192) 186	8,464 2,804 24,258 (5,906) 201	3,929 2,176 14,325 (4,268) 227		
Accounts receivable Income taxes Other current and long-term assets Accounts payable Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Deferred revenue Other long-term liabilities		(69,495) (5,953) (605) (1,368) 1,405 54,772 1,284	(47,606) 5,515 (1,008) 1,234 (3,545) 28,292 476	(46,653) (3,352) 134 (494) 5,042 39,357 1,793	(34,455) 3,326 (4,652) 1,290 (754) 45,580 467		
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,400	(1,420)	80,108	67,574		
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of short-term investments Maturities and sales of short-term investments Purchases of property and equipment Acquisitions, net of cash acquired Purchases of intangible assets Capitalized internal-use software development costs Changes in restricted cash and deposits		(51,247) 67,431 (2,105) — (237) 38	(68,227) 59,553 (459) — (112) 12	(313,357) 364,968 (21,153) (126,183) (568) (431)	(401,955) 156,860 (26,531) — (413) 21		
Net cash used in investing activities		13,880	 (9,233)	(96,683)	(272,018)		
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from early exercise of common stock options Proceeds from exercise of common stock options Net proceeds from offerings Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan Restricted stock units acquired to settle employee tax withholding liability Excess tax benefits from employee stock plans Net cash provided by financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1,783 — — — 4,559 6,342 (37)	 1,499 (323) (15) 6,610 7,771	10 5,921 — (6) 13,527 19,452 49	5,813 34,172 5,951 (15) 25,341 71,262 (72)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		23,585 108.594	(2,882) 132.135	2,926 129.253	(133,254) 262,507		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	132,179	\$	\$ 132,179			

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Veeva has provided in this release financial information that has not been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP. This information primarily includes non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income, and non-GAAP fully diluted net income per share. Veeva uses these non-GAAP financial measures internally for budgeting and resource allocation purposes and in analyzing its financial results. Veeva believes these measures are useful to investors, as a supplement to GAAP measures, as a means to evaluate period-to-period comparisons, in evaluating Veeva's ongoing operating results and trends and in comparing its financial measures with other companies in Veeva's industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors. These non-GAAP measures are adjusted for the impact of expenses associated with stock-based compensation, amortization of purchased intangibles, capitalization of expenses associated with development of internal-use software and the subsequent amortization of the capitalized expenses, deferred compensation associated with the Zinc Ahead acquisition, and the tax effect

of all of these non-GAAP adjustments.

As described above, Veeva may exclude the following items from its non-GAAP measures:

- Stock-based compensation expenses. Veeva excludes stock-based compensation expenses from its non-GAAP measures primarily because they are non-cash expenses and management finds it useful to exclude certain non-cash charges to assess the appropriate level of various operating expenses to assist in budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods. Moreover, because of varying available valuation methodologies, subjective assumptions and the variety of award types that companies can use under FASB ASC Topic 718, Veeva believes excluding stock-based compensation expenses allows investors to make meaningful comparisons between our recurring core business operating results and those of other companies.
- Amortization of purchased intangibles. Veeva incurs amortization expense for purchased intangible assets in connection with acquisitions of certain businesses and technologies. Amortization of intangible assets is inconsistent in amount and frequency and is significantly affected by the timing and size of acquisitions.
   Management finds it useful to exclude these variable charges to assess the appropriate level of various operating expenses to assist in budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods. Investors should note that the use of intangible assets contributed to our revenues earned during the periods presented and will contribute to our future period revenues as well. Amortization of purchased intangible assets will recur in future periods.
- Capitalization of internal-use software development expenses and the subsequent amortization of the capitalized expenses. Veeva capitalizes certain costs incurred for the development of computer software for internal use and then amortizes those costs over the estimated useful life. Capitalization and amortization of software development costs can vary significantly depending on the timing of products reaching technological feasibility and being made generally available. Moreover, because of the variety of approaches taken and the subjective assumptions made by other companies in this area, Veeva believes that excluding the effects of capitalized software costs allows investors to make more meaningful comparisons between our operating results and those of other companies.
- Deferred compensation associated with the Zinc Ahead acquisition. The Zinc Ahead share purchase agreement called for \$10.0 million in share purchase consideration to be deferred and paid to certain former Zinc Ahead employees at a rate of one-third of the deferred consideration amount per year only in the event such former Zinc Ahead employees remain employed by Veeva on each deferred consideration payment date. Pursuant to GAAP, these payments are being accounted for as deferred compensation and the expense is recognized over the requisite service period. Veeva believes excluding these deferred compensation expenses from our non-GAAP measures may allow investors to make more meaningful comparisons between our recurring business operating results and those of other companies.

• Income tax effects on the difference between GAAP and non-GAAP costs and expenses. The income tax effects that are excluded from the non-GAAP measures relate to the tax impact on the difference between GAAP and non-GAAP costs and expenses due to stock-based compensation, purchased intangibles, capitalized internal-use software, and deferred compensation associated with the Zinc Ahead acquisition for GAAP and non-GAAP measures.

There are limitations in using non-GAAP financial measures because non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with GAAP and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures are limited in value because they exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results. In addition, they are subject to inherent limitations as they reflect the exercise of judgments by management about which items are adjusted to calculate our non-GAAP financial measures. Veeva compensates for these limitations by analyzing current and future results on a GAAP basis as well as a non-GAAP basis and also by providing GAAP measures in our public disclosures.

Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measure and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business. A reconciliation of GAAP to the non-GAAP financial measures has been provided in the tables below.

Veeva is not able, at this time, to provide GAAP targets for operating income and fully diluted net income per share for the first quarter and full year of its fiscal year ending January 31, 2017 because of the difficulty of estimating certain items that are excluded from non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP fully diluted net income per share, such as charges related to stock-based compensation expense, capitalization of internal-use software development expenses and the subsequent amortization of the capitalized expenses, amortization of acquisition-related intangibles, and deferred compensation associated with the Zinc Ahead acquisition, the effect of which may be significant.

The following table reconciles the specific items excluded from GAAP net income in the calculation of non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP net income per share for the periods shown below:

## VEEVA SYSTEMS INC. RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

For the three work the display   For the three work   For the three work   For the fiscal year ended   fautury 31   fau	(Unaudited									
Cost of subscription services revenues on a GAAP basis   20.15   5.005   5.0		For								
cost of subscription services revenues on a GAAP basis         \$ 20,215         \$ 15,210         \$ 71,180         \$ 55,005           Stock-based compensation of purchased intangibles         (1,081)         (370)         (2,778)         (1,478)           Amortization of purchased intangibles         (1,081)         (370)         (2,778)         (1,478)           Mortization of internal-use software         (168)         (1,681)         (2,778)         (1,478)           Cost of subscription services revenues on a non-GAAP basis         77.6%         77.1%         77.5%         76.4%           Gross margin on subscription services revenues on a GAAP basis         77.6%         77.1%         77.5%         76.4%           Gross margin on subscription services revenues on a non-GAAP basis         1.2         0.0         0.9         0.1           Gross margin on subscription services revenues on a non-GAAP basis         79.2%         78.1%         78.6%         77.5%           Gross margin on subscription services revenues on a non-GAAP basis         19.59.9         15.94         78.6%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%         77.5%								<u>ary</u>	,,	
Gross margin on subscription services revenues on a GAAP basis         77.6%         77.1%         77.5%         76.4%           Stock-based compensation expense         0.2         0.1         0.2         0.1           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1.2         0.6         0.9         0.6           Amortization of purchased intangibles on internal-use software         0.2         0.3         0.2         0.4           Gross margin on subscription services revenues on a GAAP basis         79.2%         78.1%         78.8%         77.5%           Cost of professional services and other revenues on a GAAP basis         1 19,529         \$ 15,946         \$ 71,034         \$ 60,653           Stock-based compensation expense         (1,101)         (1,661)         3.88,819         \$ 60,653           Cost of professional services and other revenues on a non-GAAP basis         \$ 18,419         \$ 15,385         \$ 67,164         \$ 58,831           Gross margin on professional services and other revenues on a GAAP basis         \$ 18,249         \$ 15,385         \$ 67,164         \$ 58,831           Gross profit on a GAAP basis         \$ 7,4526         \$ 5,856         \$ 26,007         \$ 197,564           Stock-based compensation expense         \$ 1,081         3.70         2.77.7%         27.2%           Gross profit on	Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles	\$	20,215 (167) (1,081)	\$	15,210 (92) (370)	\$	71,180 (563) (2,778)	\$	55,005 (273) (1,478)	
Stock-based compensation expense         0.2         0.1         0.2         0.1           Amortization of purchased intangibles         0.2         0.3         0.2         0.4           Gross margin on subscriptions services sand other revenues on a GAAP basis         79.2%         78.1%         78.8%         77.5%           Cost of professional services and other revenues on a GAAP basis         \$ 19,529         \$ 15,946         \$ 71,034         \$ 60,653           Stock-based compensation expense         (1,101)         (561)         (3.858)         (2,272)           Deferred compensation expense         (10)         — (12)         —           Cross margin on professional services and other revenues on a GAAP basis         18.24         22.1%         23.5%         24.3%           Stock-based compensation expense         4.6         2.8         4.2         2.9           Deferred compensation expense         4.6         2.8         4.2         2.9           Deferred compensation expense         4.6         2.8         4.2         2.9           Ecross profit on a GAAP basis         5         74,526         \$ 55,856         \$ 267,007         \$ 197,554           Stock-based compensation expense         1,268         65.3         4,241         2,945           Amo	Cost of subscription services revenues on a non-GAAP basis	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Stock-based compensation expense   (1,101)   (561)   (3,858)   (2,272)	Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Amortization of internal-use software		0.2 1.2 0.2		0.1 0.6 0.3		0.2 0.9 0.2		0.1 0.6 0.4	
Cost of professional services and other revenues on a non-GAAP basis         \$ 18,419         \$ 15,385         \$ 67,164         \$ 58,381           Gross margin on professional services and other revenues on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense         18.2%         22.1%         23.5%         24.3%           Stock-based compensation expense Deferred compensation on professional services and other revenues on a non-GAAP basis         22.8%         24.9%         27.7%         27.2%           Gross profit on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense         1,268         653         4,21         2,545           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1,081         370         2,778         1,775           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1,081         370         2,778         1,788           Amortization of internal-use software         168         186         755         818           Deferred compensation         9         -         1,2         -           Gross margin on total revenues on a GAAP basis         65.2%         64.2%         65.2%         66.1%           Stock-based compensation expense         1,1         0.8         1.1         0.8           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1,0         0.4         0.7         0.5           Stock-based compensation expense	Stock-based compensation expense	\$	(1,101)	\$	(561)	\$	(3,858)	\$		
Stock-based compensation expense         4.6         2.8         4.2         2.9           Deferred compensation         0.0         —         0.0         —           Gross margin on professional services and other revenues on a non-GAAP basis         \$22,8%         24.9%         27.7%         27.2%           Gross profit on a GAAP basis         \$74,526         \$55,856         \$267,007         \$197,564           \$10,8         370         2,778         1,248           \$10,8         370         2,778         1,248           \$10,8         370         2,778         1,478           \$10,8         370         2,778         1,478           \$10,9         —         12         —           \$168         186         755         818           \$166 compensation of internal-use software         168         186         755         818           \$17,052         \$57,065         \$274,973         \$202,405           \$180         \$65,2%         \$64,2%         \$65,2%         \$63,1%           \$10         \$1,1         \$0.8         1.1         \$0.8         1.1         \$0.8         1.1         \$0.8         1.1         \$0.8         1.1         \$0.8         1.1         <	Cost of professional services and other revenues on a non-GAAP basis	\$		\$	15,385	\$		\$	58,381	
Gross profit on a GAAP basis         \$74,526         \$5,856         \$267,007         \$197,564           Stock-based compensation expense         1,268         653         4,421         2,545           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1,081         370         2,778         1,478           Amortization of internal-use software         168         186         755         818           Deferred compensation         9         -         12         -           Gross profit on a non-GAAP basis         \$77,052         \$57,065         \$274,973         \$202,405           Gross margin on total revenues on a GAAP basis         65,2%         64,2%         65,2%         63,1%           Stock-based compensation expense         1.1         0.8         1.1         0.8           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1.0         0.4         0.7         0.5           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1.0         0.4         0.7         0.5           Amortization of internal-use software         0.1         0.2         0.2         0.2           Deferred compensation         67,4%         65,6%         67,2%         64,6%           Stock-based compensation expense         (2,02)         1,14         1,72,49         <	Stock-based compensation expense		4.6				4.2		2.9	
Stock-based compensation expense         1,288         653         4,421         2,545           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1,081         370         2,778         1,478           Amortization of internal-use software         168         186         755         818           Deferred compensation         9         —         12         —           Gross profit on a non-GAAP basis         \$77,052         \$57,065         \$274,973         \$202,405           Gross margin on total revenues on a GAAP basis         65,2%         64,2%         65,2%         63,1%           Stock-based compensation expense         1.1         0.8         1.1         0.8           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1.0         0.4         0.7         0.5           Amortization of internal-use software         0.1         0.2         0.2         0.2           Deferred compensation         0.0         —         0.0         —           Gross margin on total revenues on a non-GAAP basis         \$20,097         \$11,742         \$65,976         \$41,156           Stock-based compensation expense         (2,002)         (1,141)         (7,249)         (3,844)           Sales and marketing expense on a GAAP basis         \$2,0097         \$11,742	Gross margin on professional services and other revenues on a non-GAAP basis	5	22.8%		24.9%	_	27.7%	_	27.2%	
Gross profit on a non-GAAP basis         \$ 77,052         \$ 57,065         \$ 274,973         \$ 202,405           Gross margin on total revenues on a GAAP basis         65.2%         64.2%         65.2%         63.1%           Stock-based compensation expense         1.1         0.8         1.1         0.8           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1.0         0.4         0.7         0.5           Amortization of internal-use software         0.1         0.2         0.2         0.2           Deferred compensation         0.0         —         0.0         —           Gross margin on total revenues on a non-GAAP basis         \$ 20,097         \$ 11,742         \$ 65,976         \$ 41,156           Stock-based compensation expense         (2,202)         (1,141)         (7,249)         (3,844)           Capitalization of internal-use software         237         113         431         413           Deferred compensation         (108)         —         (146)         —           Research and development expense on a non-GAAP basis         \$ 18,024         \$ 10,714         \$ 59,012         \$ 37,725           Stock-based compensation expense         (2,054)         (931)         (6,861)         (3,221)           Amortization of purchased intangibles	Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Amortization of internal-use software	\$	1,268 1,081 168	\$	653 370	\$	4,421 2,778 755	\$	2,545 1,478	
Stock-based compensation expense         1.1         0.8         1.1         0.8           Amortization of purchased intangibles         1.0         0.4         0.7         0.5           Amortization of internal-use software         0.1         0.2         0.2         0.2           Deferred compensation         0.0         —         0.0         —           Gross margin on total revenues on a non-GAAP basis         \$20,097         \$11,742         \$65,976         \$41,156           Stock-based compensation expense         (2,202)         (1,141)         (7,249)         (3,844)           Capitalization of internal-use software         237         113         431         413           Deferred compensation         (108)         —         (146)         —           Research and development expense on a non-GAAP basis         \$18,024         \$10,714         \$59,012         \$37,725           Sales and marketing expense on a GAAP basis         \$27,086         \$15,328         \$80,984         \$6,203           Stock-based compensation expense         (2,054)         (931)         (6,861)         (3,221)           Amortization of purchased intangibles         (985)         (43)         (1,530)         (172)           Deferred compensation         (18)	Gross profit on a non-GAAP basis	\$	77,052	\$	57,065	\$	274,973	\$	202,405	
Research and development expense on a GAAP basis \$ 20,097 \$ 11,742 \$ 65,976 \$ 41,156 Stock-based compensation expense (2,202) (1,141) (7,249) (3,844) Capitalization of internal-use software 237 113 431 413 Deferred compensation expense on a non-GAAP basis \$ 18,024 \$ 10,714 \$ 59,012 \$ 37,725	Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Amortization of internal-use software Deferred compensation		1.1 1.0 0.1		0.8 0.4		1.1 0.7 0.2		0.8 0.5	
Stock-based compensation expense       (2,202)       (1,141)       (7,249)       (3,844)         Capitalization of internal-use software       237       113       431       413         Deferred compensation       (108)       —       (146)       —         Research and development expense on a non-GAAP basis       \$ 18,024       \$ 10,714       \$ 59,012       \$ 37,725         Sales and marketing expense on a GAAP basis       \$ 27,086       \$ 15,328       \$ 80,984       \$ 56,203         Stock-based compensation expense       (2,054)       (931)       (6,861)       (3,221)         Amortization of purchased intangibles       (985)       (43)       (1,530)       (172)         Deferred compensation       (18)       —       (24)       —         Sales and marketing expense on a non-GAAP basis       \$ 24,029       \$ 14,354       \$ 72,569       \$ 52,810         General and administrative expense on a GAAP basis       \$ 12,132       \$ 8,103       \$ 41,458       \$ 30,239         Stock-based compensation       (1,633)       (1,359)       (5,727)       (4,715)         Deferred compensation       (698)       —       (938)       —	Gross margin on total revenues on a non-GAAP basis		67.4%		65.6%		67.2%	_	64.6%	
Sales and marketing expense on a GAAP basis \$ 27,086 \$ 15,328 \$ 80,984 \$ 56,203 \$ 50ck-based compensation expense (2,054) (931) (6,861) (3,221) Amortization of purchased intangibles (985) (43) (1,530) (172) Deferred compensation (18) — (24) — (24) — Sales and marketing expense on a non-GAAP basis \$ 24,029 \$ 14,354 \$ 72,569 \$ 52,810 \$ 50ck-based compensation expense (1,633) (1,359) (5,727) (4,715) Deferred compensation (698) — (938) —	Stock-based compensation expense Capitalization of internal-use software	\$	(2,202) 237	\$	(1,141) 113	\$	(7,249) 431	\$	(3,844) 413	
Stock-based compensation expense       (2,054)       (931)       (6,861)       (3,221)         Amortization of purchased intangibles       (985)       (43)       (1,530)       (172)         Deferred compensation       (18)       —       (24)       —         Sales and marketing expense on a non-GAAP basis       \$ 24,029       \$ 14,354       \$ 72,569       \$ 52,810         General and administrative expense on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense       \$ 12,132       \$ 8,103       \$ 41,458       \$ 30,239         Stock-based compensation       (1,633)       (1,359)       (5,727)       (4,715)         Deferred compensation       (698)       —       (938)       —	Research and development expense on a non-GAAP basis	\$	18,024	\$	10,714	\$	59,012	\$	37,725	
General and administrative expense on a GAAP basis       \$ 12,132       \$ 8,103       \$ 41,458       \$ 30,239         Stock-based compensation expense       (1,633)       (1,359)       (5,727)       (4,715)         Deferred compensation       (698)       —       (938)       —	Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Deferred compensation	\$	(2,054) (985)	\$	(931)	\$	(6,861) (1,530)	\$	(3,221)	
Stock-based compensation expense       (1,633)       (1,359)       (5,727)       (4,715)         Deferred compensation       (698)       —       (938)       —	Sales and marketing expense on a non-GAAP basis	\$		\$	14,354	\$	72,569	\$	52,810	
General and administrative expense on a non-GAAP basis \$ 9,801 \$ 6,744 \$ 34,793 \$ 25,524	Stock-based compensation expense	\$	(1,633)	\$		\$	(5,727)	\$		
	General and administrative expense on a non-GAAP basis	\$		\$	6,744	\$	34,793	\$	25,524	

## VEEVA SYSTEMS INC. RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued) (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

For the three months ended For the fiscal year ended

	January 31,					January 31,					
		2016	2015		2016			2015			
Operating expense on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Capitalization of internal-use software Deferred compensation	\$	59,315 (5,889) (985) 237 (824)	\$	35,173 (3,431) (43) 113	\$	188,418 (19,837) (1,530) 431 (1,108)	\$	127,598 (11,780) (172) 413			
Operating expense on a non-GAAP basis	\$	51,854	\$	31,812	\$	166,374	\$	116,059			
Operating income on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Capitalization of internal-use software Amortization of internal-use software Deferred compensation	\$	15,211 7,157 2,066 (237) 168 833	\$	20,683 4,084 413 (113) 186	\$	78,589 24,258 4,308 (431) 755 1,120	\$	69,966 14,325 1,650 (413) 818			
Operating income on a non-GAAP basis	\$	25,198	\$	25,253	\$	108,599	\$	86,346			
Operating margin on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Capitalization of internal-use software Amortization of internal-use software Deferred compensation Operating margin on a non-GAAP basis		13.3% 6.3 1.8 (0.2) 0.2 0.7 22.1%		23.8% 4.7 0.4 (0.1) 0.2 — 29.0%		19.2% 5.9 1.0 (0.1) 0.2 0.3 26.5%	·	22.3% 4.6 0.5 (0.1) 0.3 —			
Net income on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Capitalization of internal-use software Amortization of internal-use software Deferred compensation Income tax effect on non-GAAP adjustments Net income on a non-GAAP basis	\$	17,590 7,157 2,066 (237) 168 833 (5,641)	\$	13,326 4,084 413 (113) 186 (1,123)	\$	54,460 24,258 4,308 (431) 755 1,120 (10,017)	\$	40,383 14,325 1,650 (413) 818 — (3,573)			
Net income on a non-gazar basis	\$	21,936	\$	16,773	\$	74,453	\$	53,190			
Net income allocated to participating securities on a GAAP basis Net income allocated to participating securities from non-GAAP adjustments	\$	(10) (2)	\$	(38) (10)	\$	(47) (18)	\$	(245) (77)			
Net income allocated to participating securities on a non-GAAP basis Net income attributable to common stockholders on a non-GAAP basis	\$	(12) 21,924	\$	(48) 16,725	\$	(65) 74,388	\$	(322) 52,868			
Diluted net income per share on a GAAP basis Stock-based compensation expense Amortization of purchased intangibles Capitalization of internal-use software Amortization of internal-use software Deferred compensation	\$	0.12 0.05 0.01 — 0.01	\$	0.09 0.04 — —	\$	0.38 0.16 0.03 — — 0.01	\$	0.28 0.10 0.01 			
Income tax effect on non-GAAP adjustments		(0.04)		(0.01)		(0.07)		(0.03)			
Diluted net income per share on a non-GAAP basis	\$	0.15	\$	0.12	\$	0.51	\$	0.37			

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