

Fort Benning Solar Facility



Georgia Power is the largest electric subsidiary of Southern Company (NYSE: SO), America's premier energy company. Value, Reliability, Customer Service and Stewardship are the cornerstones of the company's promise to 2.5 million customers in all but four of Georgia's 159 counties. Committed to delivering clean, safe, reliable and affordable energy at rates below the national average, Georgia Power maintains a diverse, innovative generation mix that includes nuclear, 21st century coal and natural gas, as well as renewables such as solar, hydroelectric and wind. Georgia Power focuses on delivering world-class service to its customers every day and the company is consistently recognized by J.D. Power and Associates as an industry leader in customer satisfaction. Learn more at www.GeorgiaPower.com.

Southern Company is America's premier energy company, with 44,000 megawatts of generating capacity and 1,500 billion cubic feet of combined natural gas consumption and throughput volume serving 9 million electric and gas utility customers through its subsidiaries. The company provides clean, safe, reliable and affordable energy through electric utilities in four states, natural gas distribution utilities in seven states, a competitive generation company serving wholesale customers across America and a nationally recognized provider of customized energy solutions, as well as fiber optics and wireless communications.

Location

FORT BENNING

Capacity

30 MEGAWATTS

Fuel Resource

PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR

Ownership

GEORGIA POWER

The Fort Benning solar facility was completed by Georgia Power in collaboration with the military. The facility is owned and operated by Georgia Power with energy delivered to the state's electric grid. The facility reached commercial operation on December 31, 2015.

Size

The solar facility is located on an approximately 216-acre site in Fort Benning.

Technology

The project utilizes approximately 133,000 solar photovoltaic (PV) modules.

PV modules generate electricity directly from sunlight through an electronic process that occurs naturally in certain types of material known as semiconductors. Solar energy frees electrons in these materials to travel through an electrical circuit, powering devices or sending electricity to the grid.