



The Sherwin-Williams Company

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS To Be Held April 15, 2015

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY will be held in the Landmark Conference Center, 927 Midland Building, 101 West Prospect Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio on Wednesday, April 15, 2015 at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Daylight Time, for the following purposes:

1. To fix the number of directors of Sherwin-Williams at 10 and to elect the 10 director nominees named in the attached Proxy Statement to hold office until the next Annual Meeting of Shareholders and until their successors are elected;
2. To approve, on an advisory basis, compensation of the named executives;
3. To approve the material terms for qualified performance-based compensation under The Sherwin-Williams Company 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of February 17, 2015);
4. To ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as Sherwin-Williams' independent registered public accounting firm; and
5. To transact such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting.

Shareholders of record at the close of business on February 24, 2015, the record date for the Annual Meeting, are the only shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, please promptly vote on the Internet, by telephone or by completing and returning the enclosed proxy card. Voting early will help avoid additional solicitation costs and will not prevent you from voting in person at the Annual Meeting if you wish to do so.

CATHERINE M. KILBANE
Secretary

101 West Prospect Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075
March 3, 2015

ADMISSION TO THE 2015 ANNUAL MEETING.

You are entitled to attend the Annual Meeting only if you were a Sherwin-Williams shareholder at the close of business on February 24, 2015. We may ask you to present evidence of share ownership and valid photo identification to enter the Annual Meeting. Please refer to the section entitled "How can I attend the Annual Meeting?" for further information.

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE SHAREHOLDER MEETING TO BE HELD ON APRIL 15, 2015.

Sherwin-Williams' Proxy Statement and 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders are available at <http://proxymaterials.sherwin.com>.



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PROXY SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this Proxy Statement. This summary does not contain all of the information you should consider. Please carefully read the entire Proxy Statement and our 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders before voting.

2015 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Date: Wednesday, April 15, 2015	Place: Landmark Conference Center
Time: 9:00 a.m., Eastern Daylight Time	927 Midland Building
Record Date: February 24, 2015	101 West Prospect Avenue
	Cleveland, Ohio 44115
Voting: Your vote is important. Please vote today. Each share owned as of the record date is entitled to one vote for each director nominee and each proposal to be voted on.	
Annual Report and Proxy Materials: Available at http://proxymaterials.sherwin.com	

Proposals and Board Voting Recommendations

<u>Proposal</u>	<u>Board Recommendation</u>
1. Election of directors	FOR
2. Advisory approval of compensation of named executives	FOR
3. Approval of the material terms for qualified performance-based compensation under the 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of February 17, 2015)	FOR
4. Ratification of Ernst & Young LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm	FOR

2014 Financial and Operating Highlights

2014 was a successful year for Sherwin-Williams. We surpassed \$11 billion in net sales for the first time in our history, finishing the year with net sales of \$11.13 billion, an increase of 9.3% over 2013. Net income increased 15.1% to \$865.89 million, and diluted net income per share increased 20.9% to \$8.78 — each a record high. We generated net operating cash of \$1.08 billion, eclipsing the \$1 billion mark for the second straight year.

During 2014, we increased our annual dividend 10% to \$2.20 per share, extending our string of dividend increases to 36 consecutive years. We also continued our history of returning significant value to our shareholders, returning \$1.70 billion through dividends and repurchases of our stock.

Corporate Governance Highlights

✓ Annual election of all directors	✓ Annual board and committee self-assessment evaluations
✓ Majority voting standard and director resignation policy for directors in uncontested elections	✓ Executive sessions of independent directors held after each regular board meeting
✓ Independent lead director has significant governance responsibilities	✓ Stringent restrictions on pledging and hedging of our stock
✓ All directors are independent, other than CEO	✓ Significant director and executive stock ownership guidelines
✓ Board committees comprised entirely of independent directors	✓ Board oversight of risk management



Director Nominees

Name	Age	Director Since	Principal Occupation	Independent	Committee Memberships			Other Public Company Boards
					AC	CMDC	NCGC	
A. F. Anton	57	2006	President & CEO, Swagelok Company	✓	C, F			2
C. M. Connor	58	1999	Chairman & CEO, Sherwin-Williams					1
D. F. Hodnik	67	2005	Retired, Former President & CEO, Ace Hardware Corporation	✓		✓		0
T. G. Kadien	58	2009	Senior VP, HR, Communications & Government Relations, International Paper Company	✓		✓		1
R. J. Kramer	51	2012	Chairman, CEO & President, The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company	✓	F		✓	1
S. J. Kropf	66	2003	Retired, Former President & COO, Avon Products, Inc.	✓		C	✓	3
C. A. Poon	62	2014	Professor of Management & HR, The Ohio State University	✓	F		✓	3
R. K. Smucker	66	1991	CEO, The J.M. Smucker Company	✓ L	F		✓	1
J. M. Stropki	64	2009	Retired, Former Chairman, President & CEO, Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc.	✓		✓	C	2
M. Thornton III	56	2014	Senior VP, US Operations, FedEx Express, FedEx Corporation	✓	✓			0

AC = Audit Committee
CMDC = Compensation and Management Development Committee
NCGC = Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

C = Committee Chair
F = Financial Expert
L = Lead Independent Director

Information about Our Board and Committees

	Number of Members	Independence	Number of Meetings During 2014
Board of Directors	10	9 of 10	4
Audit Committee	5	100%	5
Compensation and Management Development Committee	4	100%	4
Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee	5	100%	3

Each of our incumbent directors attended at least 75% of the 2014 meetings of the Board of Directors and each committee on which he or she served.



Executive Compensation Program

We manage our business with the long-term fundamental objective of creating and maximizing value for our shareholders. Our pay for performance philosophy supports this objective by rewarding performance.

We design and manage our company-wide compensation programs to align with our overall business strategy and to focus our employees on delivering sustained financial and operating results and long-term, superior shareholder returns. We believe it is important that our compensation programs:

- *Are competitive.* Our programs are designed to attract, retain and motivate talented and high-performing people at all levels of our company around the world.
- *Maintain a performance and achievement-oriented culture.* A significant percentage of our employees are on incentive plans tied to clear performance goals that support our business strategies. We utilize both annual and long-term incentives to appropriately balance consistent annual results with improved performance over the long term.
- *Align the interests of our executives with those of our shareholders.* It is important that a portion of our executives' incentive compensation is directly tied to the price of our stock to align the financial interests of our executives with the interests of our shareholders and to keep our executives focused on sustained financial performance.

Key Pay Components

Component	Primary Purpose	Form
Base Salary	Provides base compensation for the day-to-day performance of job responsibilities.	Cash
Annual Cash Incentive Compensation	Rewards performance during the year based on the achievement of annual performance goals.	Cash
Long-Term Equity Incentive Compensation	Encourages improvement in the long-term performance of our company and aligns the financial interests of our executives with the interests of our shareholders.	Stock options and restricted stock

We are committed to responsible executive compensation practices.

✓ Annual advisory vote on executive compensation	✓ No payment of current dividends on unvested performance-based restricted stock
✓ Independent Compensation Committee	✓ Long-term equity incentive awards subject to double-trigger vesting upon change of control
✓ Independent compensation consultant	✓ No repricing or replacing of underwater stock options without shareholder approval
✓ Peer group benchmarking to median pay	✓ No above-market earnings on deferred compensation
✓ No employment agreements with executives	✓ Balanced compensation structure
✓ Clawback policy	
✓ No unnecessary or excessive risk-taking in compensation policies and practices	
✓ No excessive perquisites	



THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

101 West Prospect Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075

PROXY STATEMENT

March 3, 2015

GENERAL INFORMATION

We are providing the enclosed proxy materials to you in connection with the solicitation by the Board of Directors of proxies to be voted at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 15, 2015. We began mailing these proxy materials to our shareholders on March 3, 2015. The use of the terms “we,” “us” and “our” throughout this Proxy Statement refers to Sherwin-Williams and/or its management.

We are enclosing our Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ended December 31, 2014 with these proxy materials. We may submit additional financial and other reports at the Annual Meeting, but we do not intend to take any action relating to those reports.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MEETING

What is the purpose of the Annual Meeting?

At the Annual Meeting, shareholders will act upon the proposals outlined in the Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The agenda includes the following proposals:

<u>Proposal</u>	<u>Board Recommendation</u>
1. Election of directors	FOR
2. Advisory approval of compensation of named executives	FOR
3. Approval of the material terms for qualified performance-based compensation under the 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of February 17, 2015)	FOR
4. Ratification of Ernst & Young LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm	FOR

In addition, our management will report on Sherwin-Williams’ financial and operating performance and respond to questions from shareholders. We are not aware of any other matters that will be brought before the Annual Meeting for action.

Who is entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting?

You are entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting only if you were a record holder of our common stock at the close of business on February 24, 2015. At the close of business on the record date, 95,068,647 shares of common stock were outstanding. Each share owned on the record date is entitled to one vote.

What is the difference between a shareholder of record and a beneficial owner of shares held in street name?

Shareholder of Record. If your shares are registered directly in your name with our transfer agent, Wells Fargo Shareowner Services, you are considered the shareholder of record with respect to those shares.

Beneficial Owner of Shares Held in Street Name. If your shares are held in an account at a broker, bank or other similar organization, you are the beneficial owner of shares held in “street name.” The organization holding your account is considered the shareholder of record for purposes of voting at the Annual Meeting. As a beneficial owner, you have the right to instruct that organization on how to vote the shares held in your account.



How do I vote?

Most shareholders have a choice of voting by mail, on the Internet, by telephone or in person at the Annual Meeting. We encourage you to vote by mail, on the Internet or by telephone prior to the Annual Meeting.

Voting by Mail. If you are a shareholder of record, you may vote by signing, dating and returning your proxy card in the enclosed prepaid envelope. The proxy holders will vote your shares in accordance with your directions. If you sign and return your proxy card, but do not properly direct how your shares should be voted on a proposal, the proxy holders will vote your shares “for” Proposals 1, 2, 3 and 4. If you sign and return your proxy card, the proxy holders will vote your shares according to their discretion on any other proposals and other matters that may be brought before the Annual Meeting.

If you hold shares in street name, you should complete, sign and date the voting instruction card provided to you by your broker or nominee.

Voting on the Internet or by Telephone. If you are a shareholder of record, detailed instructions for Internet and telephone voting are attached to your proxy card. Your Internet or telephone vote authorizes the proxy holders to vote your shares in the same manner as if you signed and returned your proxy card by mail. If you are a shareholder of record and you vote on the Internet or by telephone, your vote must be received by 11:59 p.m. E.D.T. on April 14, 2015; you should not return your proxy card.

If you hold shares in street name, you may be able to vote on the Internet or by telephone as permitted by your broker or nominee.

Voting in Person. All shareholders may vote in person at the Annual Meeting. Shareholders of record may also be represented by another person present at the Annual Meeting by signing a proxy designating such person to act on your behalf. If you hold shares in street name, you may vote in person at the Annual Meeting only if you have obtained a signed proxy from your broker or nominee giving you the right to vote your shares.

What happens if I hold shares in street name and I do not give voting instructions?

If you hold shares in street name and do not provide your broker with specific voting instructions, under the rules of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), your broker may generally vote on routine matters but cannot vote on non-routine matters. Proposals 1, 2 and 3 are considered non-routine matters. Therefore, if you do not instruct your broker how to vote on Proposals 1, 2 and 3, your broker does not have the authority to vote on those proposals. This is generally referred to as a “broker non-vote.” Proposal 4 is considered a routine matter and, therefore, your broker may vote your shares on this proposal according to your broker’s discretion.

Who tabulates the votes?

Representatives of Wells Fargo Shareowner Services will tabulate the votes and act as inspectors of election at the Annual Meeting.

How do I vote if I am a participant in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan or the Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan?

If you are a participant in one of these plans, your proxy card also serves as voting instructions for the number of shares for which you are entitled to direct the vote under each plan. You may vote your shares in the same manner outlined above. If you are a participant in our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan, your voting instructions must be received by the close of business on April 10, 2015 in order to allow the trustee sufficient time for voting.

If you are a participant in our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan and you do not timely provide your voting instructions, the trustee will vote your shares in the same proportion as the trustee votes those shares for which it receives proper instructions.



What constitutes a quorum for the Annual Meeting?

A “quorum” of shareholders is necessary for us to hold a valid Annual Meeting. For a quorum, there must be present, in person or by proxy, or by use of communications equipment, shareholders of record entitled to exercise not less than fifty percent of the voting power of Sherwin-Williams. Both abstentions and broker non-votes are counted for the purpose of determining the presence of a quorum.

What vote is required to approve each proposal?

Election of Directors (Proposal 1). Proposal 1 to fix the number of directors at 10 requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares present, in person or by proxy, and entitled to vote on this proposal. As provided in our Amended Articles of Incorporation, to be elected as a director, a nominee must receive a majority of the votes cast. A “majority of the votes cast” means that the number of shares voted “for” a nominee’s election exceeds the number of shares voted “against” the nominee’s election. Abstentions and broker non-votes with respect to the election of one or more directors will not be counted as a vote cast and, therefore, will have no effect on the vote.

Any incumbent nominee who receives a greater number of “against” votes than “for” votes shall continue to serve on the Board pursuant to Ohio law, but is required to promptly tender his or her resignation for consideration by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board. We have provided more information about majority voting for directors under the heading “Corporate Governance – Majority Voting for Directors.”

Advisory Approval of Compensation of Named Executives (Proposal 2). The approval, on an advisory basis, of the compensation of our named executives requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast. Abstentions and broker non-votes with respect to this proposal will not be counted as a vote cast and, therefore, will have no effect on the vote.

Approval of the Material Terms for Qualified Performance-Based Compensation under the 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of February 17, 2015) (Proposal 3). The approval of the material terms for qualified performance-based compensation under the 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of February 17, 2015) requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast. Abstentions and broker non-votes with respect to this proposal will not be counted as a vote cast and, therefore, will have no effect on the vote.

Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Proposal 4). The ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast. Abstentions with respect to this proposal will not be counted as a vote cast and, therefore, will have no effect on the vote. Broker non-votes are not expected to exist with respect to this proposal.

Other Items. All other proposals and other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting require the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast, except as otherwise required by statute or our Amended Articles of Incorporation or Regulations.

Can I revoke or change my vote after I submit my proxy?

Yes. You can revoke or change your vote before the proxy holders vote your shares by timely:

- giving a revocation to our Corporate Secretary in writing, in a verifiable communication or at the Annual Meeting;
- returning a later signed and dated proxy card;
- entering a new vote on the Internet or by telephone; or
- voting in person at the Annual Meeting.



How can I attend the Annual Meeting?

You are entitled to attend the Annual Meeting only if you were a shareholder at the close of business on February 24, 2015. We may ask you to present evidence of share ownership and valid photo identification to enter the Annual Meeting.

- If you are a shareholder of record or own your shares through our Dividend Reinvestment Plan or our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan, an admission ticket is attached to your proxy card. Simply tear it off and bring it to the Annual Meeting.
- If you hold your shares in street name, we may ask you to provide proof of beneficial ownership as of February 24, 2015, such as a bank or brokerage account statement showing ownership on such date, a copy of the voting instruction card provided by your broker or nominee, or similar evidence of ownership.

Where will I be able to find voting results of the Annual Meeting?

We intend to announce preliminary voting results at the Annual Meeting and publish final voting results in a Current Report on Form 8-K to be filed with the SEC within four business days of the Annual Meeting.

Who pays the costs of this proxy solicitation?

The enclosed proxy is solicited by the Board, and Sherwin-Williams will pay the entire cost of solicitation. We have retained Georgeson Inc. to aid in the solicitation of proxies for which it will receive a fee estimated at \$15,500, plus reasonable expenses.

In addition, we may reimburse banks, brokers and other nominees for costs reasonably incurred by them in forwarding proxy materials to beneficial owners of our common stock. Our officers and other employees may also solicit the return of proxies. Proxies will be solicited by personal contact, mail, telephone and electronic means.

Are the Proxy Statement and the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders available on the Internet?

Yes. This Proxy Statement and our 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders are available at <http://proxymaterials.sherwin.com>.

You may help us save money in the future by accessing your proxy materials online, instead of receiving paper copies in the mail. If you would like to access proxy materials on the Internet beginning next year, please follow the instructions located under "Access Proxy Materials Online" in the "Corporate Governance" section on the "Investor Relations" page of our website at www.sherwin.com.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board and management have recognized for many years the need for sound corporate governance practices in fulfilling their respective duties and responsibilities to shareholders. We describe below our key corporate governance policies that enable us to manage our business in accordance with high ethical standards and in the best interests of our shareholders.

Corporate Governance Guidelines.

The Board has adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines, which provide the framework for the governance of our company. The Board reviews our Corporate Governance Guidelines at least annually. From time to time, the Board may revise our Corporate Governance Guidelines to reflect new regulatory requirements and evolving corporate governance practices.



Leadership Structure and Lead Director.

Combined Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Our Corporate Governance Guidelines provide that the same person should hold the positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, except in unusual circumstances such as during a period of transition in the office of the chief executive officer. Currently, the Board believes this structure provides the optimal leadership model by enhancing our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer's ability to provide clear insight and direction of business strategies and plans to both the Board and management, which facilitates the efficient and effective functioning of the Board and our company. The Board believes we can most effectively execute our business strategies and plans if our Chairman is also a member of our management team. A single person acting in the capacities of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer provides unified leadership and focus.

Lead Director. We balance the combined roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer by the appointment of a Lead Director. Richard K. Smucker is currently the Lead Director. The independent directors of the Board annually elect the Lead Director. The Board believes that a Lead Director improves the Board's overall performance by improving the efficiency of the Board's oversight and governance responsibilities and by enhancing the relationship between the Chief Executive Officer and the independent directors.

The Lead Director has a significant role, with comprehensive governance responsibilities that are clearly set forth in our Corporate Governance Guidelines. These responsibilities are as follows:

- Chair meetings of the Board at which the Chairman is not present.
- Chair executive sessions of the non-management directors. Meet separately with the Chairman after executive sessions to review the matters discussed during the executive sessions.
- Review with the Chairman the schedule for meetings of the non-management directors and set the agenda for such meetings.
- Facilitate communications and serve as the principal liaison on Board-related issues between the Chairman and the non-management directors. Each director, however, is free to communicate directly with the Chairman.
- Review with the Chairman the schedule for meetings of the Board to help assure that there is sufficient time allocated for discussion of all agenda items.
- Suggest agenda items to the Chairman for meetings of the Board and approve the agenda, as well as the substance and timeliness of information sent to the Board.
- Authorize the retention of independent legal advisors, or other independent consultants and advisors, as necessary, who report directly to the Board on Board-related issues.
- Act as a resource for, and counsel to, the Chairman.

Other Leadership Components. Another key component of our leadership structure is our strong governance practices to ensure the Board effectively carries out its responsibility for the oversight of management. All directors, with the exception of our Chairman, are independent, and all committees are entirely made up of independent directors. Non-management directors meet in executive session following every regularly scheduled Board meeting. The Lead Director may schedule additional executive sessions as appropriate. The Board has full access to our management team at all times. In addition, the Board or any committee may retain independent legal, financial, compensation or other consultants and advisors to advise and assist the Board or committee in discharging its responsibilities.

Code of Conduct.

Our Code of Conduct applies to all directors, officers and employees of Sherwin-Williams and our subsidiaries, wherever located. Our Code contains the general guidelines and principles for conducting Sherwin-Williams' business consistent with the highest standards of business ethics. Our Code



embodies our seven guiding values, which form the foundation of our company: Integrity, People, Service, Quality, Performance, Innovation and Growth. We encourage our employees to report all violations of company policies and the law, including incidents of harassment or discrimination. We will take appropriate steps to investigate all such reports and will take appropriate action. Under no circumstances will employees be subject to any disciplinary or retaliatory action for reporting, in good faith, a possible violation of our Code or applicable law or for cooperating in any investigation of a possible violation.

Under our Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Management, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and senior financial management are responsible for creating and maintaining a culture of high ethical standards and commitment to compliance throughout our company to ensure the fair and timely reporting of Sherwin-Williams' financial results and condition. Senior financial management includes the controller, the treasurer, the principal financial/accounting personnel in our operating groups and divisions, and all other financial/accounting personnel within our corporate departments and operating groups and divisions with staff supervision responsibilities.

Risk Management.

Management is responsible for assessing and managing our exposure to various risks while the Board has responsibility for the oversight of risk management. Management has an enterprise risk management process to identify, assess and manage the most significant risks facing us, including financial, strategic, operational, litigation, compliance and reputational risks.

The Audit Committee has oversight responsibility to review management's risk management process, including the policies and guidelines used by management to identify, assess and manage our exposure to risk. The Audit Committee also has oversight responsibility for financial risks. The Board has oversight responsibility for all other risks. Management reviews financial risks with the Audit Committee at least quarterly and reviews its risk management process with the Audit Committee on an ongoing basis. Management reviews various significant risks with the Board throughout the year, as necessary and/or appropriate, and conducts a formal review of its assessment and management of the most significant risks with the Board on an annual basis.

Management's role to identify, assess and manage risk, and the Board's role in risk oversight, have been well defined for many years. The Board's role in risk oversight has had no significant effect on the Board's leadership structure. However, we believe the Board's leadership structure, with Mr. Connor serving as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, enhances the Board's effectiveness in risk oversight due to Mr. Connor's extensive knowledge of our operations and the paint and coatings industry.

How You May Communicate with Directors.

The Board has adopted a process by which shareholders and all other interested parties may communicate with the non-management directors, the Lead Director or the chairperson of any of the committees of the Board. You may send communications by regular mail to the attention of the Lead Director; Chair, Audit Committee; Chair, Compensation and Management Development Committee; Chair, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee; or non-management directors as a group to the Non-Management Directors; each c/o Corporate Secretary, The Sherwin-Williams Company, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115.

Sherwin-Williams' management will review all communications received to determine whether the communication requires immediate action. Management will pass on all communications received, or a summary of such communications, to the appropriate director or directors.

Complaint Procedures for Accounting, Auditing and Financial Related Matters.

The Audit Committee has established procedures for receiving, retaining and treating complaints from any source regarding accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters. The Audit Committee has also established procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees



of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. Interested parties may communicate such complaints by following the procedures described under the heading “How You May Communicate with Directors.” Employees may report such complaints by following the procedures outlined in our Code of Conduct. We do not permit any disciplinary or retaliatory action against any person who, in good faith, submits a complaint or concern under these procedures.

Independence of Directors.

Under our Director Independence Standards (a copy of which is attached as Appendix A), 9 of our 10 directors and director nominees are independent. In addition, all members of the Audit Committee, the Compensation and Management Development Committee, and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are independent.

Majority Voting for Directors.

As provided in our Amended Articles of Incorporation, for an individual to be elected to the Board of Directors in an uncontested election of directors, the number of votes cast in favor of the individual’s election must exceed the number of votes cast against the individual’s election.

Any incumbent nominee for director in an uncontested election who receives a greater number of “against” votes than “for” votes shall continue to serve on the Board pursuant to Ohio law, but is required to promptly tender his or her resignation to the Board under our Corporate Governance Guidelines. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will promptly consider the tendered resignation and will recommend to the Board whether to accept the tendered resignation or to take some other action, such as rejecting the tendered resignation and addressing the apparent underlying causes of the majority against vote.

In making this recommendation, the Nominating Committee will consider all factors deemed relevant by its members. These factors may include the underlying reasons why shareholders voted against the director (if ascertainable), the length of service and qualifications of the director whose resignation has been tendered, the director’s contributions to Sherwin-Williams, whether by accepting the resignation Sherwin-Williams will no longer be in compliance with any applicable law, rule, regulation or governing document, and whether or not accepting the resignation is in the best interest of Sherwin-Williams and our shareholders. In considering the Nominating Committee’s recommendation, the Board will consider the factors considered by the Nominating Committee and such additional information and factors that the Board believes to be relevant. We will promptly and publicly disclose the Board’s decision and process in a report filed with or furnished to the SEC.

Executive Sessions of Non-Management Directors.

The non-management members of the Board meet in executive session following every regularly scheduled Board meeting. Additional executive sessions may be scheduled by the Lead Director or the non-management directors. The Lead Director will chair these sessions.

Annual Board Self-Assessments.

The Board has instituted annual self-assessments of the Board, as well as the Audit Committee, the Compensation and Management Development Committee, and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, to assist in determining whether the Board and its committees are functioning effectively. In early 2015, the Board and each of its committees completed self-evaluations and reviewed and discussed the results. The Nominating Committee oversees this process.

Board Committee Charters.

The Audit Committee, the Compensation and Management Development Committee, and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee have adopted written charters. Each committee reviews and evaluates the adequacy of its charter at least annually.



Stock Ownership Guidelines.

The Board believes that its directors, executive officers and operating presidents should have meaningful share ownership in Sherwin-Williams. Accordingly, the Board has established minimum share ownership requirements. More information is set forth under the heading “Stock Ownership Guidelines” in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

Clawback and Recapture Policy.

The Board has adopted a policy regarding the adjustment and recapture of compensation paid or payable to executives and key employees. Under this clawback policy, employees who participate in our 2007 Executive Performance Bonus Plan are required to reimburse Sherwin-Williams for any award paid under this plan in the event:

- the award was based upon the achievement of financial results that were subsequently the subject of an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under the federal securities laws; and
- the Board determines that the employee engaged in knowing or intentional fraudulent or illegal conduct that caused or partially caused the need for the restatement; and
- a lower amount would have been paid to the employee based upon the restated financial results.

The reimbursement will be equal to the difference in the amount of the award prior to the restatement and the amount of the award determined using the restated financial results.

In addition, under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, (a) all outstanding stock awards will be cancelled and (b) the employee will be required to reimburse Sherwin-Williams for any economic gains received by the employee pursuant to a stock award during the one-year period preceding the Board’s determination that the employee engaged in the conduct described above.

The Dodd-Frank Act requires companies to adopt a policy that, in the event the company is required to prepare an accounting restatement due to material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement, the company will recover incentive compensation received prior to the accounting restatement resulting from erroneous financial data. We will review our existing policy and make any necessary amendments once the final rules are adopted.

Availability of Corporate Governance Materials.

You may access all committee charters, our Corporate Governance Guidelines, our Director Independence Standards, our Code of Conduct and other corporate governance materials in the “Corporate Governance” section on the “Investor Relations” page of our website at www.sherwin.com.



PROPOSAL 1 — ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

At the Annual Meeting, the number of directors is to be fixed at 10, and 10 directors are to be elected to hold office until the next Annual Meeting and until their successors are elected. Each nominee was elected by our shareholders at the 2014 Annual Meeting, except for Mr. Thornton, who was appointed as a director by unanimous action of the Board on July 16, 2014.

Our Board currently has 10 members. All are standing for re-election as nominees. All of the nominees are independent, except for Mr. Connor. Mr. Connor is not considered to be independent because of his position as our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. There are no family relationships among any of the directors and executive officers.

Each nominee has agreed to serve if elected. If any nominee declines or is unable to accept such nomination or is unable to serve, an event which we do not expect, the Board reserves the right in its discretion to substitute another person as a nominee or to reduce the number of nominees. In this event, the proxy holders may vote in their discretion for any substitute nominee proposed by the Board unless you indicate otherwise.

We have presented biographical information regarding each nominee below. The biographical information of each nominee is supplemented with the particular experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills that led the Board to conclude the nominee should serve on the Board. Please also refer to the additional information set forth under the heading “Experiences, Qualifications, Attributes and Skills of Directors and Nominees.”

ARTHUR F. ANTON

*President and Chief Executive Officer,
Swagelok Company
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2006
Age: 57*

Business Experience. Arthur F. Anton has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Swagelok Company (manufacturer and provider of fluid system products and services) since January 2004. Mr. Anton served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Swagelok from January 2001 to January 2004, Executive Vice President of Swagelok from July 2000 to January 2001, and Chief Financial Officer of Swagelok from August 1998 to July 2000. Mr. Anton is also a Director of Forest City Enterprises, Inc., Olympic Steel, Inc. and University Hospitals Health System.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Anton brings significant domestic and international manufacturing and distribution experience to the Board. In addition, as a former partner of Ernst & Young LLP and the former Chief Financial Officer of Swagelok, Mr. Anton also has financial expertise and extensive financial experience in a manufacturing setting that provide him with a unique perspective on Sherwin-Williams’ business and operations.

CHRISTOPHER M. CONNOR

*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer,
Sherwin-Williams
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 1999
Age: 58*

Business Experience. Christopher M. Connor has served as Chairman of Sherwin-Williams since April 2000 and Chief Executive Officer of Sherwin-Williams since October 1999. Mr. Connor has been with Sherwin-Williams since 1983 in roles of increasing responsibility. Mr. Connor is also a Director of Eaton Corporation plc and Chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Connor, who has spent 32 years with Sherwin-Williams and who currently serves as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, has extensive, in-depth knowledge



of our company's business, operations, opportunities and strategies. His wide-ranging roles throughout his career at Sherwin-Williams also provide him with significant leadership, corporate strategy, manufacturing, retail, marketing and international experience in the paint and coatings industry.

DAVID F. HODNIK

*Retired, Former President and Chief Executive Officer, Ace Hardware Corporation
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2005
Age: 67*

Business Experience. David F. Hodnik, prior to his retirement in April 2005, served as Chief Executive Officer of Ace Hardware Corporation (cooperative of independent hardware retail stores) since January 1997. Mr. Hodnik also served as President of Ace Hardware from January 1996 through December 2004. Mr. Hodnik joined Ace Hardware in October 1972 and held various financial, accounting and operating positions at Ace Hardware.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Hodnik has valuable management and leadership skills supporting a large retail operation. Mr. Hodnik brings to the Board more than 30 years of relevant experience at Ace Hardware in various financial, accounting and operating positions, including as Ace Hardware's principal accounting officer, allowing him to add important financial expertise and business insights to the Board.

THOMAS G. KADIEN

*Senior Vice President, Human Resources, Communications & Government Relations, International Paper Company
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2009
Age: 58*

Business Experience. Thomas G. Kadien has served as Senior Vice President, Human Resources, Communications & Government Relations of International Paper Company (global paper and packaging company) since November 2014 and has served as Senior Vice President of International Paper since May 2004. Mr. Kadien joined International Paper in 1978 and has held various sales, marketing and management positions with International Paper, including Senior Vice President, Consumer Packaging and IP Asia from January 2010 to November 2014, President of xpedx from October 2005 to January 2010, President – IP Europe from April 2003 to October 2005, and Vice President – Commercial Printing and Imaging Papers from August 2000 to April 2003. Mr. Kadien is also a Director of International Paper APPM Limited and a Member of the Board of Visitors of the University of Memphis.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Kadien brings substantial sales, marketing, management and international operations experience from a large multinational company to the Board. His broad range of positions at International Paper during a career exceeding 35 years has allowed him to gain significant and diverse operating experiences in domestic and international markets, which provides the Board with a meaningful global business perspective.

RICHARD J. KRAMER

*Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President, The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2012
Age: 51*

Business Experience. Richard J. Kramer has served as Chief Executive Officer and President of The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company (global manufacturer, marketer and distributor of tires) since



April 2010 and Chairman of the Board of Goodyear since October 2010. Mr. Kramer joined Goodyear in March 2000 and has held various positions at Goodyear, including Chief Operating Officer from June 2009 to April 2010, President, North American Tire from March 2007 to February 2010, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer from June 2004 to August 2007, Senior Vice President, Strategic Planning and Restructuring from August 2003 to June 2004, Vice President, Finance – North American Tire from August 2002 to August 2003, and Vice President – Corporate Finance from March 2000 to August 2002. Prior to joining Goodyear, Mr. Kramer was with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for 13 years, including two years as a partner. Mr. Kramer is also a Director of Goodyear and John Carroll University.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Kramer has significant experience leading and managing a large multinational industrial company. As the former Chief Financial Officer of Goodyear, he brings extensive financial and risk management experience to our Board. Mr. Kramer’s diverse range of positions at Goodyear for over a decade provides him with significant knowledge of global markets, manufacturing, distribution, retail, finance and technology, which enables him to advise our Board on a variety of strategic and business matters.

SUSAN J. KROPF

Retired, Former President and Chief Operating Officer, Avon Products, Inc. Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2003 Age: 66

Business Experience. Susan J. Kropf, prior to her retirement in January 2007, served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Avon Products, Inc. (global manufacturer and marketer of beauty and related products) since January 2001. Mrs. Kropf served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, North America and Global Business Operations of Avon from December 1999 to January 2001 and Executive Vice President and President, North America of Avon from March 1997 to December 1999. Mrs. Kropf is also a Director of Coach, Inc., MeadWestvaco Corporation and The Kroger Co.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mrs. Kropf has a significant amount of manufacturing and operating experience at a large consumer products company. Mrs. Kropf joined Avon in 1970, holding various positions in manufacturing, marketing and product development, and brings a meaningful global business perspective to the Board. Mrs. Kropf has extensive board experience through her service on the boards of four public companies, including Sherwin-Williams. Mrs. Kropf also has a strong understanding of executive compensation and related areas.

CHRISTINE A. POON

Professor of Management and Human Resources, The Max M. Fisher College of Business The Ohio State University Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2014 Age: 62

Business Experience. Christine A. Poon has served as Professor of Management and Human Resources at The Max M. Fisher College of Business at The Ohio State University since October 2014. Ms. Poon served as Dean and John W. Berry, Sr. Chair in Business at The Max M. Fisher College of Business from April 2009 to October 2014. Prior to joining Ohio State, Ms. Poon spent eight years at Johnson & Johnson until her retirement in March 2009, most recently as Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors beginning January 2005 and Worldwide Chairman, Pharmaceuticals Group beginning August 2001. Prior to joining Johnson & Johnson, Ms. Poon held various senior leadership positions at Bristol-Myers Squibb Company over a period of 15 years, most recently as President, International Medicines Group, and President, Medical Devices Group. Ms. Poon is also a Director of Prudential Financial, Inc. and Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Ms. Poon also serves on the Supervisory Board of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.



Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Ms. Poon has extensive strategic and operational leadership skills due to her over 20 years of experience at Johnson & Johnson and Bristol-Myers Squibb. Ms. Poon brings significant sales and marketing expertise in domestic and international markets, which provides the Board with a valuable perspective on Sherwin-Williams' worldwide commercial operations.

RICHARD K. SMUCKER

*Chief Executive Officer,
The J.M. Smucker Company
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 1991
Lead Director since 2011
Age: 66*

Business Experience. Richard K. Smucker has served as Chief Executive Officer of The J.M. Smucker Company (makers of food products) since August 2011. Mr. Smucker served as Co-Chief Executive Officer of J.M. Smucker from February 2001 to August 2011, Executive Chairman of J.M. Smucker from June 2008 to August 2011, President of J.M. Smucker from January 1987 to June 2008 and Chief Financial Officer of J.M. Smucker from June 2003 to January 2005. Mr. Smucker is also a Director of J.M. Smucker and the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, a Trustee of the Musical Arts Association (The Cleveland Orchestra) and a Director of the Grocery Manufacturers Association, the Food Marketing Institute and The Consumer Goods Forum.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Smucker brings significant leadership, governance, management and financial experience at a leading marketer and manufacturer of consumer products that enables him to advise the Board on a variety of strategic and business matters, including the acquisition and integration of businesses. As a former Chief Financial Officer of J.M. Smucker, Mr. Smucker brings considerable financial and risk management expertise to the Board.

JOHN M. STROPKI

*Retired, Former Chairman,
President and Chief Executive Officer,
Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc.
Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2009
Age: 64*

Business Experience. John M. Stropki, prior to his retirement in December 2013, served as Executive Chairman of Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc. (manufacturer and reseller of welding and cutting products) since December 2012. Mr. Stropki served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Lincoln Electric Holdings from June 2004 to December 2012 and Chairman of Lincoln Electric Holdings from October 2004 to December 2012. Mr. Stropki also served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Lincoln Electric Holdings from May 2003 to June 2004 and Executive Vice President of Lincoln Electric Holdings and President, North America of The Lincoln Electric Company from May 1996 to May 2003. Mr. Stropki is also a Director of Hyster-Yale Materials Handling, Inc. and Rexnord Corporation. Mr. Stropki is a former Director of Lincoln Electric Holdings.

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Stropki has vast management, technical, manufacturing and leadership skills at an industrial company with a long history of financial improvement. His 41 years of experience at Lincoln Electric Holdings provided him with extensive knowledge of employee development and engagement, as well as important perspectives in operating a business in global markets that are relevant to Sherwin-Williams' business.



MATTHEW THORNTON III

Senior Vice President, US Operations,

FedEx Express

FedEx Corporation

Director of Sherwin-Williams since 2014

Age: 56

Business Experience. Matthew Thornton III has served as Senior Vice President, US Operations of FedEx Express, a subsidiary of FedEx Corporation (global transportation, business services and logistics company), since September 2006. Mr. Thornton joined FedEx Corporation in November 1978 and has held various management positions of increasing responsibility with the company, including Senior Vice President – Air, Ground & Freight Services from July 2004 to September 2006 and Vice President – Regional Operations (Central Region) from April 1998 to July 2004. Mr. Thornton also serves on the Board of Directors of Safe Kids Worldwide and is a member of The Executive Leadership Council (ELC).

Key Qualifications, Attributes and Skills. Mr. Thornton brings extensive management and leadership experience from a large multinational company to the Board. Through his broad range of positions at FedEx Corporation during a career exceeding 36 years, Mr. Thornton has gained significant strategic operations expertise and logistics management experience that allows him to provide the Board with a meaningful perspective on Sherwin-Williams' operations and business matters.

***The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote "FOR"
Proposal 1 to fix the number of directors at 10 and to elect all of the nominees listed.***



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT OUR DIRECTORS

Independence of Directors.

The Board has adopted categorical Director Independence Standards to assist the Board in determining the independence of each director. To be considered independent, the Board must affirmatively determine that the director has no material relationship with Sherwin-Williams. In each case, the Board broadly considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including the director's commercial, industrial, banking, consulting, legal, accounting, charitable and familial relationships, and such other criteria as the Board may determine from time to time. Our Director Independence Standards also include additional independence requirements for members of the Audit Committee and the Compensation and Management Development Committee. A complete copy of our Director Independence Standards is attached as Appendix A.

During the Board's annual review of director independence, the Board considers transactions, relationships and arrangements between each director or an immediate family member of the director and Sherwin-Williams. The Board also considers transactions, relationships and arrangements between each director or an immediate family member of the director and our senior management. Under our Director Independence Standards, the following relationships are not considered to be material relationships that would impair a director's independence:

- if the director is a current employee, or an immediate family member of the director is a current executive officer, of another company that has made payments to, or received payments from, Sherwin-Williams for property or services in an amount which, in any of the last three fiscal years, is less than \$1 million or two percent, whichever is greater, of such other company's annual gross revenues;
- if the director, or an immediate family member of the director, is an executive officer of another company which is indebted to Sherwin-Williams, or to which Sherwin-Williams is indebted, in an amount which is less than five percent of such other company's total assets;
- if the director, or an immediate family member of the director, serves as an officer, director or trustee of a not-for-profit organization, and Sherwin-Williams' discretionary charitable contributions (excluding matching contributions) to the organization are less than \$500,000 or five percent, whichever is greater, of that organization's annual gross revenues;
- if the director serves as a director or executive officer of another company that also uses Sherwin-Williams' independent auditor;
- if the director is a member of, or associated with, the same professional association, or social, educational, civic, charitable, fraternal or religious organization or club as another Sherwin-Williams director or executive officer; or
- if the director serves on the board of directors of another company at which another Sherwin-Williams director or executive officer also serves on the board of directors (except for compensation committee interlocks).

Early this year, the Board performed its independence review for 2015. As a result of this review, the Board determined that 9 of our 10 directors and director nominees are independent. In addition, all members of the Audit Committee, the Compensation and Management Development Committee, and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are independent. The Board determined that Mrs. Kropf, Ms. Poon and Messrs. Anton, Hodnik, Kadien, Kramer, Smucker, Stropki and Thornton meet these standards and are independent and, in addition, satisfy the independence requirements of the NYSE. Mr. Connor is not considered to be independent because of his position as our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.



Experiences, Qualifications, Attributes and Skills of Directors and Nominees.

In considering each director nominee and the composition of the Board as a whole, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee utilizes a diverse group of experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills, including diversity in gender, ethnicity and race, that the Nominating Committee believes enables a director nominee to make significant contributions to the Board, Sherwin-Williams and our shareholders. These experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills, which are more fully described in the following table, are set forth in a director matrix. The Nominating Committee regularly reviews the director matrix as part of its annual Board composition review, which includes a review of potential director candidates. The Nominating Committee may also consider such other experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills, as it deems appropriate, given the then-current needs of the Board and Sherwin-Williams.

	A. F. Anton	C. M. Connor	D. F. Hodnik	T. G. Kadien	R. J. Kramer	S. J. Kropf	C. A. Poon	R. K. Smucker	J. M. Stropki	M. Thornton III
Management Experience Experience as a CEO, COO, President or Senior VP of a company or a significant subsidiary, operating division or business unit.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Independence Satisfy the independence requirements of the NYSE.	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Financial Expertise Possess the knowledge and experience to be qualified as an “audit committee financial expert.”	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Manufacturing; Distribution Experience in, or experience in a senior management position responsible for, managing significant manufacturing and distribution operations.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Technical; Research and Development Experience in, or experience in a senior management position responsible for, managing a significant technical or research and development function.	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
International Operations Experience working in a major organization with global operations with a thorough understanding of different cultural, political and regulatory requirements.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Marketing; Sales Experience in, or experience in a senior management position responsible for, managing a marketing and/or sales function.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Retail Operations Experience in, or experience in a senior management position responsible for, managing retail operations.		✓	✓	✓	✓					
Minority; Diversity Add perspective through diversity in gender, ethnic background, race, etc.						✓	✓			✓



2014 DIRECTOR COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table sets forth information regarding the compensation of our non-management directors for 2014.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$) ^(2,3)</u>	<u>Stock Awards (\$) ^(4,5)</u>	<u>All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁵⁾</u>	<u>Total (\$) ⁽⁵⁾</u>
A. F. Anton	116,000	115,496	-0-	231,496
D. F. Hodnik	95,000	115,496	-0-	210,496
T. G. Kadien	95,000	115,496	-0-	210,496
R. J. Kramer	95,000	115,496	-0-	210,496
S. J. Kropf	116,000	115,496	-0-	231,496
C. A. Poon ⁽¹⁾	71,250	106,406	-0-	177,656
R. K. Smucker	120,000	115,496	-0-	235,496
J. M. Stropki	110,000	115,496	-0-	225,496
M. Thornton III ⁽¹⁾	47,500	109,662	-0-	157,162

- ¹ Ms. Poon and Mr. Thornton began their terms as directors on April 16, 2014 and July 16, 2014, respectively.
- ² These amounts reflect the annual retainer, the annual retainer for the Lead Director, the annual retainer for committee chairs, and any meeting fees. Cash amounts earned include a prorated amount of annual retainers if a director served for a portion of the year.
- ³ Mrs. Kropf, Ms. Poon and Messrs. Kadien and Kramer deferred payments of fees under our Director Deferred Fee Plan. Cash amounts deferred during 2014 were as follows: Mr. Kadien (\$95,000), Mrs. Kropf (\$116,000), Mr. Kramer (\$95,000) and Ms. Poon (\$17,813). These amounts were credited to either a common stock account or a shadow stock account under our Director Deferred Fee Plan. The number of shares of common stock (which includes shares acquired through the reinvestment of dividends) held under our Director Deferred Fee Plan at December 31, 2014 was as follows: Mr. Kadien (2,091), Mr. Kramer (1,043), Ms. Poon (86) and Mr. Smucker (13,194). The number of shares of shadow stock (which includes shares acquired through the reinvestment of dividend equivalents) held under our Director Deferred Fee Plan at December 31, 2014 was as follows: Mr. Kadien (2,077) and Mrs. Kropf (15,164).
- ⁴ These values reflect the following number of shares of restricted stock granted during 2014 to each of our non-management directors under our 2006 Stock Plan for Nonemployee Directors: 552 for Ms. Poon, 542 for Mr. Thornton and 603 for Mrs. Kropf and Messrs. Anton, Hodnik, Kadien, Kramer, Smucker and Stropki. The value of restricted stock is equal to the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with stock-based accounting rules (Stock Compensation Topic 718 of the Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”)), excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. The grant date fair value of restricted stock is based on the fair market value of our common stock (the average of the highest and lowest reported sale prices) on the grant date.
- ⁵ The number of shares of restricted stock held by each of our non-management directors at December 31, 2014 was as follows: 552 for Ms. Poon, 542 for Mr. Thornton and 1,492 for Mrs. Kropf and Messrs. Anton, Hodnik, Kadien, Kramer, Smucker and Stropki. Dividends are paid on shares of restricted stock at the same rate as are paid on our common stock.
 None of our non-management directors held any stock options at December 31, 2014. Stock options are not a part of our director compensation program.



DIRECTOR COMPENSATION PROGRAM

The Compensation and Management Development Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving the compensation for our non-management directors. All of our non-management directors are paid under the same compensation program. Officers of Sherwin-Williams who also serve as directors do not receive any additional compensation for services as a director.

Director Fees.

During 2014, the cash and equity compensation program for our non-management directors consisted of the following:

- an annual cash retainer of \$95,000;
- an additional annual cash retainer of \$25,000 for the Lead Director, \$21,000 for the chair of the Audit Committee, \$21,000 for the chair of the Compensation and Management Development Committee, and \$15,000 for the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee;
- a meeting fee of \$1,750 for each Board or committee meeting attended in excess of twelve meetings during the calendar year. For purposes of calculating the number of meetings, any Board and committee meetings held within 24 hours constitute one meeting; and
- an annual grant of restricted stock of approximately \$110,000, valued over a prior 30-day period, under our 2006 Stock Plan for Nonemployee Directors. Shares of restricted stock vest in annual increments of one-third of the shares granted over a period of three years. The shares will immediately vest in the event of the death or disability of the director or in the event of a change in control of Sherwin-Williams. In the event of the retirement of the director, the shares will continue to vest in accordance with the original three-year vesting schedule.

Effective January 1, 2015, the annual cash retainer was increased to \$110,000. In addition, grants of restricted stock were replaced with grants of restricted stock units to more closely align with market practices. The value of this equity grant was increased to \$125,000.

We reimburse all directors for reasonable travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attendance at meetings of the Board and its committees. We do not provide retirement benefits to our non-management directors.

Director Stock Ownership Requirement.

The Board has established a minimum share ownership requirement to ensure that the interests of our directors are aligned with the interests of our shareholders. Each director who has served on the Board for at least five years is required to own shares of common stock equal in value to at least seven times the annual Board cash retainer.

Other Benefits.

We also provide liability insurance and business travel accident insurance for all directors, including \$300,000 accidental death and dismemberment coverage and \$300,000 permanent total disability coverage, while the directors are traveling on Sherwin-Williams' business.

Directors may also receive the same discounts as our employees on the purchase of products at Sherwin-Williams' stores and are eligible to participate in our matching gifts and grants for volunteers program on the same basis as employees. None of our non-management directors participated in the matching gifts or grants program during 2014.

Directors may defer all or a part of their retainer and meeting fees under our Director Deferred Fee Plan into a common stock account, a shadow stock account or an interest bearing cash account. Amounts deferred may be distributed either in annual installments over a period of up to ten years or in a lump sum pursuant to a director's payment election. Amounts credited to a shadow stock account are distributed in cash.



BOARD MEETINGS AND COMMITTEES

The Board held four meetings during 2014. Each incumbent director attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board and committees on which he or she served. Each director is expected to attend, absent unusual circumstances, all meetings of shareholders. All directors attended the 2014 Annual Meeting.

The Board has established an Audit Committee, a Compensation and Management Development Committee, and a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Each committee has adopted a written charter. You may find a complete copy of each charter in the “Corporate Governance” section on the “Investor Relations” page of our website at www.sherwin.com.

Committee Membership.

The following table sets forth the current membership and the chairs of the committees of the Board.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Audit</u>	<u>Compensation and Management Development</u>	<u>Nominating and Corporate Governance</u>
A. F. Anton	Chair		
D. F. Hodnik		✓	
T. G. Kadien		✓	
R. J. Kramer	✓		✓
S. J. Kropf		Chair	✓
C. A. Poon	✓		✓
R. K. Smucker	✓		✓
J. M. Stropki		✓	Chair
M. Thornton III	✓		

Audit Committee.

The purpose of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities on matters relating to:

- the integrity of our financial statements and effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting;
- the independence, qualifications and performance of the independent registered public accounting firm;
- the performance of our internal audit function;
- our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- engaging in such other matters as may from time to time be specifically delegated to the Audit Committee by the Board.

The Audit Committee met five times during 2014. Each member of the Audit Committee is independent under SEC rules, NYSE listing standards and our Director Independence Standards. The Board has determined that Ms. Poon and Messrs. Anton, Kramer and Smucker are “audit committee financial experts” under SEC rules.



Compensation and Management Development Committee.

The purpose of the Compensation and Management Development Committee is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities on matters relating to:

- compensation for our directors and management, which includes our executive officers;
- overseeing our management succession planning; and
- engaging in such other matters as may from time to time be specifically delegated to the Compensation Committee by the Board.

The Compensation Committee met four times during 2014. Each member of the Compensation Committee meets the independence requirements under SEC rules, NYSE listing standards and our Director Independence Standards.

Process for Determining Director and Executive Compensation. The Compensation Committee reports to the Board on all compensation matters regarding our directors, executives and other key employees. The Compensation Committee does not generally delegate any of its authority to other persons, although it has the power to delegate authority to subcommittees. The Compensation Committee relies upon several members of our management and their staff, as well as an outside compensation consultant, for assistance in performing its duties.

The Compensation Committee has engaged Compensation Advisory Partners LLC as its outside compensation consultant reporting directly to the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee has evaluated the independence of Compensation Advisory Partners taking into account all factors relevant to their independence from management under SEC rules and NYSE listing standards. Based upon that evaluation, the Compensation Committee determined Compensation Advisory Partners is independent. In addition, the Compensation Committee conducted an assessment to evaluate whether the work performed by Compensation Advisory Partners raises a conflict of interest. Based upon that assessment, the Compensation Committee determined that no conflict of interest exists.

Role of the Compensation Consultant. The compensation consultant performs services for the Compensation Committee relating to director and executive compensation, including the following:

- attends Compensation Committee meetings to present and offer independent recommendations, insights and perspectives on compensation matters;
- assesses the appropriateness of our peer group used for compensation decisions;
- assesses how our executive compensation program aligns with pay for performance;
- reviews compensation levels for executives and non-management directors relative to our peer group and published survey data and recommends compensation pay levels;
- reviews targeted pay levels and the mix of primary compensation components;
- prepares CEO pay recommendations;
- advises on annual and long-term incentive design and plan structure, performance goals, award opportunities and vesting conditions;
- conducts an annual risk assessment of our compensation programs; and
- provides information on current executive compensation trends and new developments.

The Compensation Committee meets multiple times throughout the year with the compensation consultant in executive session without management present.

From time to time, the compensation consultant may provide services to Sherwin-Williams in addition to services related to director and executive compensation. During 2014, the compensation consultant did not provide any of these additional services to Sherwin-Williams.



Role of Management. Several members of our management participate in the Compensation Committee's executive compensation process. The Compensation Committee relies upon our Senior VP – HR and his staff for input related to director and executive compensation matters. With regard to executive compensation, management plays a more active role in the compensation process and makes recommendations with respect to:

- the development of compensation plans and programs and changes to existing plans and programs;
- the evaluation of executive performance;
- salary increases;
- the performance goals (and weightings) for annual cash incentive compensation;
- the financial performance goals for grants of restricted stock and the results attained; and
- the number of stock options and shares of restricted stock granted.

Prior to providing recommendations to the Compensation Committee at its meetings, our Senior VP – HR will meet with our CEO to review the recommendations, except for recommendations concerning our CEO's compensation. Our CEO and our Senior VP – HR also may meet with the chair of the Compensation Committee and the compensation consultant prior to meetings to review the agenda for the meetings and the compensation recommendations. Our CEO and our Senior VP – HR generally attend all Compensation Committee meetings. Our CEO does not have the ability to call meetings. Our Senior VP – HR serves as secretary for the Compensation Committee at its meetings. Our CEO is excused from that part of the meeting during which the Compensation Committee discusses his annual performance evaluation and compensation.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

The purpose of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities on matters relating to:

- identifying individuals qualified to become members of the Board;
- determining the composition of the Board and its committees;
- reviewing and developing our Corporate Governance Guidelines and practices;
- guiding the annual evaluation of the performance of the Board; and
- engaging in such other matters as may from time to time be specifically delegated to the Nominating Committee by the Board.

The Nominating Committee met three times in 2014. Each member of the Nominating Committee is independent under NYSE listing standards and our Director Independence Standards.

Director Qualifications. The Nominating Committee seeks a diverse group of candidates who possess the appropriate experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills to make a significant contribution to the Board, Sherwin-Williams and our shareholders. The Nominating Committee seeks input from senior management and other members of the Board to identify and evaluate potential director candidates. Each candidate is evaluated in the context of the Board as a whole, with the objective that the Board can best perpetuate our company's success and represent shareholders' interests through the exercise of sound business judgment using the directors' diversity of experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills, including diversity in gender, ethnicity and race. Each candidate shall have the highest personal and professional character and integrity and shall have demonstrated exceptional ability and judgment in his or her respective endeavors. Candidates must possess sufficient time to effectively carry out their duties and responsibilities.



The Nominating Committee may employ professional search firms (for which it would pay a fee) to assist it in identifying potential members of the Board.

Diversity of Director Nominees. In considering the composition of the Board as a whole, the Nominating Committee utilizes a diverse group of experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills, including diversity in gender, ethnicity and race, as described under the heading “Experiences, Qualifications, Attributes and Skills of Directors and Nominees.” The Nominating Committee utilizes these factors when identifying, considering and recommending director nominees. On an ongoing basis, the Nominating Committee reviews the experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills of potential director candidates as part of its process of identifying individuals qualified to become Board members and recommending director nominees. The Nominating Committee also regularly reviews the experiences, qualifications, attributes and skills of current directors. The Nominating Committee utilizes these reviews, as well as its committee self-assessment questionnaires, to assess the Nominating Committee’s overall effectiveness in recommending a diverse group of director nominees as a whole.

Consideration of Candidates Recommended by Shareholders. The Nominating Committee’s policy with respect to the consideration of director candidates recommended by shareholders is that the Nominating Committee will consider such candidates on the same basis and in the same manner as it considers all director candidates. Recommendations are required to include the following information:

- the name and address of the shareholder;
- the number of shares of common stock owned by the shareholder;
- a description of all arrangements or understandings between or among any of (a) the shareholder, (b) each candidate and (c) any other person or persons pursuant to which the recommendation is being made;
- the candidate’s full name, address and telephone numbers;
- a statement of the candidate’s qualifications and experiences, and any other relevant qualities;
- the information that would be required under the rules of the SEC in a proxy statement soliciting proxies for the election of the candidate as a director;
- a statement, signed by both the shareholder and the candidate (a) that the shareholder and the candidate currently do not have, and in the prior three years have not had, directly or indirectly, any business, professional or other relationship with each other, and that the shareholder and the candidate do not have any agreement, arrangement or understanding with each other with respect to the candidate’s proposed service as a director, or (b) if either of the foregoing statements is incorrect in any manner, describing in detail the relationship, agreement, arrangement or understanding;
- the candidate’s resume, a list of other boards of directors of public companies on which the candidate currently serves or has served in the past five years, educational information and at least three references; and
- a written statement signed by the candidate agreeing that if he or she is nominated by the Board, he or she will (a) be a nominee for election to the Board, (b) provide all information necessary to be included in Sherwin-Williams’ proxy statement under applicable SEC or NYSE rules, and (c) serve as a director if he or she is elected by shareholders.

You may find a complete description of these requirements under “Procedures for Shareholders to Recommend Director Candidates” in the “Corporate Governance” section on the “Investor Relations” page of our website at www.sherwin.com. Shareholders may submit recommendations, along with proof of shareholder status, in writing to Chair, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, c/o Corporate Secretary, The Sherwin-Williams Company, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115.



AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

Management has the primary responsibility for the integrity of Sherwin-Williams' financial information and the financial reporting process, including the system of internal control over financial reporting. Ernst & Young LLP, Sherwin-Williams' independent registered public accounting firm, is responsible for conducting independent audits of Sherwin-Williams' financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and expressing an opinion on the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting based upon those audits. The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the conduct of these activities by management and Ernst & Young LLP.

As part of its oversight responsibility, the Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements, the adequacy of financial controls and the effectiveness of Sherwin-Williams' internal control over financial reporting with management and Ernst & Young LLP. The Audit Committee also has discussed with Ernst & Young LLP the matters required to be discussed by Auditing Standard No. 16, *Communicating with Audit Committees*, as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. The Audit Committee has received the written disclosures and the letter from Ernst & Young LLP required by applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding the independent accountant's communications with the audit committee concerning independence. The Audit Committee also has discussed with Ernst & Young LLP that firm's independence.

Based upon these reviews and discussions, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the audited financial statements be included in Sherwin-Williams' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

A. F. Anton, Chair
R. J. Kramer
C. A. Poon
R. K. Smucker
M. Thornton III



COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The Compensation and Management Development Committee has reviewed and discussed with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this Proxy Statement. Based upon this review and discussion, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in Sherwin-Williams' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and this Proxy Statement.

COMPENSATION AND MANAGEMENT DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

S. J. Kropf, Chair
D. F. Hodnik
T. G. Kadien
J. M. Stropki

COMPENSATION RISK ASSESSMENT

The Compensation and Management Development Committee annually assesses the risks related to our compensation policies and practices. In July 2013, the Compensation Committee engaged Compensation Advisory Partners to conduct a comprehensive risk assessment of our compensation programs, plans and policies. Compensation Advisory Partners presented the risk assessment to the Compensation Committee. Since then, Compensation Advisory Partners has assessed recent changes to the Company's compensation programs, plans and policies.

Based upon the assessment, the Compensation Committee and Compensation Advisory Partners have concluded that our compensation policies and practices do not encourage excessive or unnecessary risk-taking and are not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on Sherwin-Williams. In reaching this conclusion, the following factors were considered that help mitigate against employees taking excessive or unnecessary risks.

- We utilize a balanced approach to compensation, which combines fixed and variable, short-term and long-term, and cash and equity.
- We have diversified incentive compensation measurements with performance goals focused on growth, profitability and managing capital at different levels within our company.
- We design our incentive compensation plans without steep payout cliffs that might encourage short-term business decisions that are inconsistent with our long-term business strategy.
- Performance incentives are not completely based on arithmetic formulas, but incorporate the exercise of negative discretion and judgment, and we cap maximum amounts.
- We grant equity awards annually, with appropriate vesting periods, that encourage consistent behavior and reward long-term, sustained performance.
- Our equity plans include a "double-trigger" acceleration provision with respect to vesting in connection with a change in control.
- We have significant stock ownership guidelines.
- We regularly benchmark our current compensation practices, policies and pay levels against peer companies and have a pay philosophy that targets median market compensation.
- We have stringent restrictions on the hedging and pledging of our securities by executive officers and other employees.
- The Compensation Committee reviews tally sheets for our named executives that provide a holistic view of each executive's compensation.
- We have a clawback policy allowing us to "clawback" incentive compensation earned by executives and key employees.



COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CD&A)

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes our executive compensation program and how it applies to our five “named executives” identified below.

<u>Named Executive</u>	<u>Title</u>
Christopher M. Connor	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
John G. Morikis	President and Chief Operating Officer
Sean P. Hennessy	Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial Officer
Steven J. Oberfeld	Senior Vice President – Corporate Planning and Development
Robert J. Davisson	President, The Americas Group

Executive Summary

We manage our business with the long-term fundamental objective of creating and maximizing value for our shareholders. Our pay for performance philosophy supports this objective by rewarding performance. Our compensation programs are designed to drive sustainable results and deliver long-term, superior shareholder returns. A significant percentage of our executive compensation program is tightly linked to company performance, business unit performance (where applicable) and stock price appreciation.

Our compensation programs have been integral to our long-standing success as they assist us in attracting, retaining and motivating talented and high-performing people throughout our organization who drive consistent financial and operating results. Our long track record of sustained success is exemplified by the following:

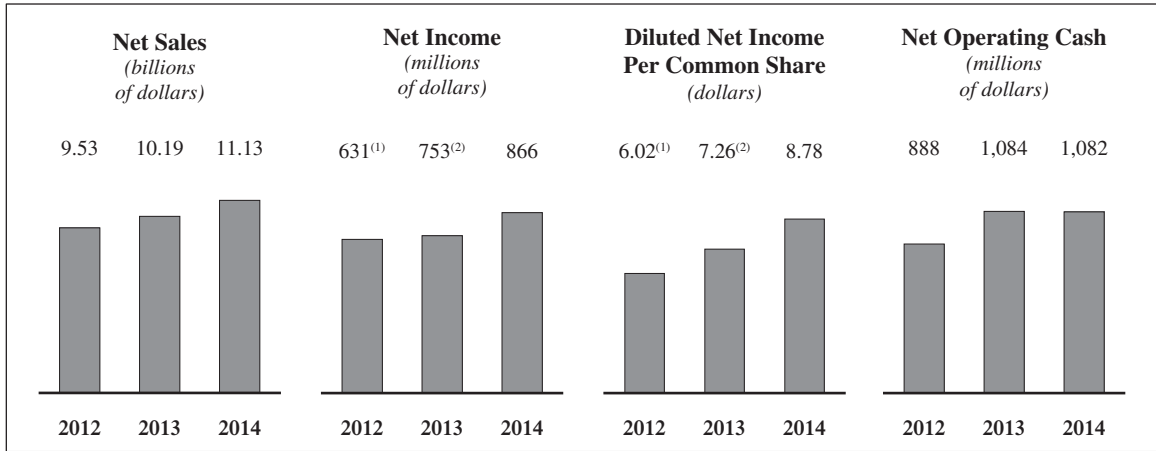
- Our average annual shareholder return, including dividends, over the past 10 years is 21.6%, compared to the average annual return for the S&P 500 of 7.7%.
- We continued our dividend payment record. 2014 was our 36th consecutive year of increased dividends.

2014 Financial and Operating Highlights. 2014 was a successful year for Sherwin-Williams. We surpassed \$11 billion in net sales for the first time in our history, finishing the year with net sales of \$11.13 billion, an increase of 9.3% over 2013. Our strong revenue performance was matched by strong results for net income, diluted net income per share and net operating cash. Net income increased 15.1% to \$865.89 million, and diluted net income per share increased 20.9% to \$8.78 — each a record high. Also, we generated net operating cash of \$1.08 billion, eclipsing the \$1 billion mark for the second straight year.

We have consistently returned significant value to our shareholders. During 2014, we returned \$1.70 billion to our shareholders through dividends and repurchases of our stock. Over the past three years, we have returned approximately \$3.40 billion in cash to shareholders through dividends and stock repurchases.

During 2014, we reached a new milestone in our 148-year history with the opening of our 4,000th store in the U.S., Canada and the Caribbean.

The table on the next page shows our company’s performance for key financial measures over the past three-year period. Please also see our consolidated financial statements and notes on pages 40 through 73 of our 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders.



¹ Includes charges of \$49.2 million, or \$0.47 per share, for the settlement of the Department of Labor’s investigation of our ESOP.

² Includes charges of \$21.9 million, or \$0.21 per share, resulting from government import duty assessments related to our Brazilian operations.

Recent Key Compensation Decisions.

Highlights of the Compensation Committee’s recent key executive compensation decisions include the following:

- 2014 salary increases for our named executives ranged from 0% to 4.5%. Our CEO’s salary has remained the same since 2008.
- Our named executives earned an average of 164.6% of their 2014 target annual cash incentive compensation as we delivered above-target performance results.
- 100% of the maximum number of shares of performance-based restricted stock for the 2012 – 2014 performance period vested based upon above-target company performance for cumulative earnings per share over the three-year performance period.
- The Compensation Committee assessed the independence of its independent compensation consultant, Compensation Advisory Partners, under SEC rules and NYSE listing standards and determined Compensation Advisory Partners is independent and their work raises no conflicts of interest. Compensation Advisory Partners did not provide any services to Sherwin-Williams other than those matters for which the Compensation Committee is responsible.
- The Compensation Committee reevaluated the composition of the peer group used for making executive compensation decisions — removing six companies and adding three new companies to ensure the group remains the most relevant group of companies to use for executive compensation purposes.
- Beginning in 2015, the Compensation Committee replaced grants of restricted stock with grants of restricted stock units to facilitate the ease of global administration of equity grants and to more closely align with market practices. The economic value delivered to participants does not change as a result of this move to restricted stock units.

Relationship between Pay and Performance. Our executive compensation program combines different elements of compensation. As a result, the total amount of executive compensation paid is not directly tied to any one measure or component of compensation. We believe this approach assists us in viewing performance holistically and helps mitigate the risk of over-emphasizing any one metric. That

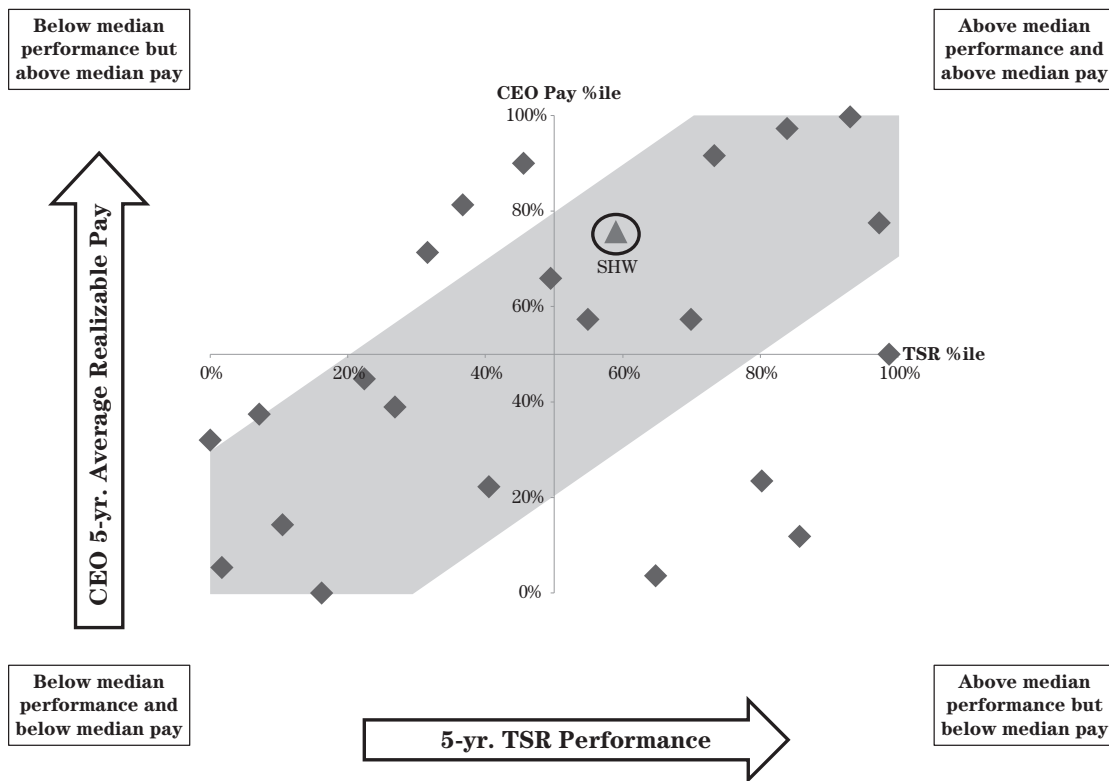


said, a significant portion of our executive compensation program is tied to the value of our stock, which is critical to ensuring we are delivering value to shareholders and our executives only realize the full value of their compensation if our shareholders also realize value.

Each year, the Compensation Committee assesses our CEO's compensation in light of Sherwin-Williams' performance. In October 2014, the Compensation Committee analyzed the relationship between the realizable pay of our CEO and total shareholder return (TSR) over the five-year period ended December 31, 2013, comparing Sherwin-Williams to the updated peer group we use when making executive compensation decisions. 2013 is the most recent year that compensation information is available for our peer group. TSR includes the reinvestment of dividends and is calculated on a compounded annual growth rate basis. Our updated peer group is listed on page 34.

The following chart, prepared by the compensation consultant, shows the degree of alignment between the total realizable pay of our CEO and Sherwin-Williams' TSR relative to our peer group over the five-year period. Peer group companies are indicated by the diamonds in the chart. Companies that fall within the shaded diagonal alignment zone are generally viewed as having pay and performance alignment. As illustrated below, our CEO's realizable pay was comfortably within the alignment zone.

PAY FOR PERFORMANCE ALIGNMENT CEO REALIZABLE PAY AND TSR



Realizable pay includes (a) base salary during the five-year period, (b) actual cash incentive compensation earned during the five-year period, (c) the value of time-based restricted stock granted during the five-year period based on the 2013 year-end closing stock price, (d) the vesting date value of long-term performance equity awards that were earned in 2011, 2012 and 2013, (e) the value of target long-term performance equity awards granted in 2012 and 2013 based on the 2013 year-end closing stock price, and (f) the value of outstanding in-the-money stock options granted during the five-year period based on the 2013 year-end stock closing price. Valuing equity awards in this manner is different from



valuing equity awards at their aggregate grant date fair value, which is the method used in the Summary Compensation Table and the Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

Overview of Executive Compensation Practices. Our compensation programs, practices and policies are reviewed and evaluated on an ongoing basis. We modify our compensation programs to address evolving best practices and changing regulatory requirements. We have listed below some of the more significant best practices we have adopted and the practices we have avoided, which we believe promote responsible pay and governance principles and alignment with shareholder interests.

What We Do	What We Don't Do
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Performance-Based Pay.</u> For 2014, an average of 76% of the key compensation components for our named executives (87% for our CEO) were tied to performance.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Employment Agreements.</u> We do not have employment agreements with any of our executives.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Independent Compensation Committee.</u> Each member of the Compensation Committee meets the independence requirements under SEC rules and NYSE listing standards.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Current Dividends for Unvested Performance-Based Awards.</u> Dividend payments on performance-based restricted stock are deferred and paid only on earned shares.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Independent Compensation Consultant.</u> The Compensation Committee uses an independent compensation consultant, who provided no other services to our company during 2014.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Repricing or Replacing of Underwater Stock Options.</u> We do not permit the repricing or replacing of underwater stock options without shareholder approval.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Balanced Compensation Structure.</u> We utilize a balanced approach to compensation, which combines fixed and variable, short-term and long-term, and cash and equity.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Hedging.</u> Directors, executive officers and other employees are prohibited from engaging in hedging transactions with respect to our securities.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Target Median.</u> We have a pay philosophy that targets median market compensation. We assess our current compensation practices, policies and pay levels against peer companies.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Pledging.</u> Directors, executive officers and operating presidents may not hold our securities in margin accounts or otherwise pledge our securities as collateral for a loan.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Responsibly Administered Incentive Compensation Programs.</u> We have diversified incentive compensation goals without steep payout cliffs. Vesting periods for annual equity awards encourage consistent behavior and reward long-term, sustained performance.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Speculative Trading.</u> Directors, executive officers and operating presidents may not engage in short sales of our securities and transactions in put options, call options or other derivative securities of our stock.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Clawback Policy.</u> Our clawback policy allows us to “clawback” incentive compensation earned by our executives and key employees.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Excessive Perquisites.</u> Consistent with our culture, we provide only limited perquisites to our executives.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Double-Trigger Change in Control.</u> Our stock plan contains a “double-trigger” acceleration provision for the vesting of equity awards upon a change of control.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Excessive Risk-Taking.</u> We conducted a risk assessment and concluded that our compensation policies do not encourage excessive or unnecessary risk-taking.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Significant Stock Ownership.</u> We have significant stock ownership requirements for our directors, executive officers and operating presidents.	<input type="checkbox"/> <u>No Above-Market Earnings on Deferred Compensation.</u> We do not pay guaranteed, above-market or preferential interest or earnings on deferred compensation.



Impact of Last Year's Say-On-Pay Vote. At last year's Annual Meeting, our shareholders approved the compensation of our named executives with a substantial majority of shareholders (96.5% of votes cast) voting in favor. The Compensation Committee considered the results of our 2014 say-on-pay vote, and based upon the strong shareholder support, the Compensation Committee does not believe our executive compensation program requires material changes.

The Compensation Committee highly values the input of our shareholders and will continue to consider the views of our shareholders in connection with our executive compensation program and make improvements based upon evolving best practices, market compensation information and changing regulatory requirements. We encourage you to support this year's say-on-pay proposal. We will continue to hold annual say-on-pay votes until the next shareholder advisory vote on frequency takes place.

Overview of Our Executive Compensation Program

The Compensation Committee.

The Compensation and Management Development Committee, which is comprised entirely of independent directors, oversees our executive compensation program. The Compensation Committee reports to the Board on all compensation matters for approximately 22 of our executives and key employees, including our named executives. The Compensation Committee has engaged an independent compensation consultant in order to fulfill its responsibilities. During 2014, the Compensation Committee utilized the services of Compensation Advisory Partners LLC as its compensation consultant. We have included additional information about the Compensation Committee, including the role of the compensation consultant and management in the compensation setting process, under the heading "Board Meetings and Committees – Compensation and Management Development Committee."

Compensation Objectives.

We design and manage our company-wide compensation programs to align with our overall business strategy and to focus our employees on delivering sustained financial and operating results and creating value for our shareholders. We believe it is important that our compensation programs:

- *Are competitive.* Our programs are designed to attract, retain and motivate talented and high-performing people at all levels of our company around the world. We structure our compensation programs to be competitive with the programs of companies of comparable size and business.
- *Maintain a performance and achievement-oriented culture.* A significant percentage of our employees are on incentive plans tied to clear performance goals that support our business strategies. We utilize both annual and long-term incentives to appropriately balance consistent annual results with improved performance over the longer term. We select performance goals that are sufficiently demanding, support our financial and operating objectives and help drive our business. We reward employees for achieving and exceeding performance goals, without creating a sense of entitlement and without encouraging unnecessary or excessive risk-taking.
- *Align the interests of our executives with those of our shareholders.* It is important that a portion of our executives' incentive compensation is directly tied to the price of our stock to align the financial interests of our executives with the interests of our shareholders and to keep our executives focused on sustained financial performance. In addition, we have implemented significant stock ownership requirements for our officers and operating presidents.

We believe our compensation programs achieve these goals.



Components of Compensation.

The components of our executive compensation program, the primary purpose of each component and the form of compensation for each component are described in the following table.

Component	Primary Purpose	Form of Compensation
Base Salary	Provides base compensation for the day-to-day performance of job responsibilities.	Cash
Annual Cash Incentive Compensation	Rewards performance during the year based on the achievement of annual performance goals.	Cash
Long-Term Equity Incentive Compensation	Encourages improvement in the long-term performance of our company and aligns the financial interests of our executives with the interests of our shareholders.	Stock options, which vest in equal installments on the first, second and third anniversary dates of a ten-year term. Performance-based restricted stock, which vests at the end of a three-year period based upon the achievement of a financial performance goal. Time-based restricted stock, which vests at the end of a three-year period.
Other Employee and Executive Benefits	Provides a broad-based executive compensation program for employee retention, retirement and health.	Retirement and savings programs, health and welfare programs, and employee benefit plans, programs and arrangements generally available to all employees; executive life insurance program and executive long-term disability program.

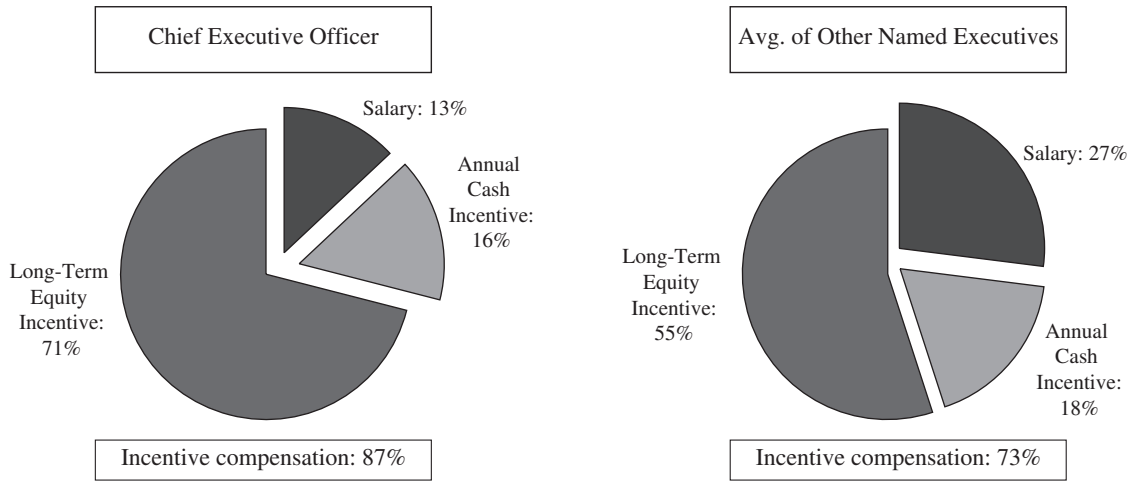
Allocation of Compensation Components.

We compensate our executives by using a balanced approach, which combines elements that vary by (a) the type of compensation (fixed and performance-based), (b) the length of the performance period (annual and long-term) and (c) the form of compensation (cash and equity). We believe this mix helps to support our business strategies and emphasizes pay for performance. We determine this mix by reviewing market compensation information. We do not have a specific policy for the allocation of compensation between fixed and performance-based, annual and long-term, and cash and equity.

We manage our business with the long-term goal of creating and maximizing shareholder value. Accordingly, a significant percentage of the compensation opportunity of each executive is variable, at risk and tied to company or business unit performance, including stock price appreciation. The following chart illustrates the allocation of the key compensation components for our named executives for 2014. The percentages reflect the amounts of 2014 salary and targeted annual cash incentive compensation and the aggregate grant date fair values of stock options and shares of restricted stock granted in 2014.



MIX OF KEY PAY COMPONENTS



Peer Group

The Compensation Committee utilizes a peer group of companies to ensure that our executive compensation program is competitive in the market. The compensation consultant identifies annually the compensation paid to executives holding equivalent positions or having similar responsibilities at a group of chemical, industrial, manufacturing and retail companies with comparable sales that are considered to be our peers. The compensation consultant also compiles compensation data derived from broad-based surveys of industrial companies of similar size to us. These surveys are sponsored by nationally recognized compensation consulting firms. Many of our peer group companies, along with us, participate in these surveys.

We monitor compensation paid at these peer group companies because their size and business make them most comparable to us. We also believe these companies likely compete with us for executive talent. The compensation consultant annually reviews current and potential peer companies, and recommends changes, principally based upon revenue size, market capitalization, industry, business description/mix and brand recognition. The Compensation Committee periodically reevaluates and, if necessary, adjusts the composition of our peer group to ensure it remains the most relevant group of companies to use for compensation purposes. In 2014, the Committee made the following changes to our peer group:

- Removed Avery Dennison Corporation, The Clorox Company, The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, MeadWestvaco Corporation, Owens Corning and Weyerhaeuser Company. Clorox, MeadWestvaco and Owens Corning were removed because they were much smaller than Sherwin-Williams in revenue and lacked industry relevance. Avery Dennison and Weyerhaeuser were removed because of lack of industry relevance. Goodyear was removed because its CEO is a member of our Board.
- Added Colgate-Palmolive Company, Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Kimberly-Clark Corporation. These companies' appropriate revenue size and the industries in which they operate make them more comparable to Sherwin-Williams.



Our peer group now consists of the 22 companies listed below. 2013 annual revenues for the companies in the peer group ranged from approximately \$4 billion to \$20 billion, with Sherwin-Williams ranking in the 48th percentile in annual revenue.

Air Products & Chemicals, Inc.	Ecolab Inc.	The Mosaic Company
Akzo Nobel N.V.	Huntsman Corporation	Newell Rubbermaid Inc.
Ashland Inc.	Illinois Tool Works Inc.	Praxair, Inc.
Ball Corporation	Kimberly-Clark Corporation	PPG Industries, Inc.
Celanese Corporation	Masco Corporation	Stanley Black & Decker, Inc.
Colgate-Palmolive Company	Mohawk Industries, Inc.	The Valspar Corporation
Crown Holdings, Inc.	Monsanto Company	Whirlpool Corporation
Eastman Chemical Co.		

Use of Market Compensation.

The compensation consultant calculates an average of (a) the compensation available at our peer group (using the most recent proxy data) and (b) the average compensation derived from the broad-based surveys. We refer to this average as “market” compensation, which provides a framework to evaluate the competitiveness of our executive compensation program and determine the mix of compensation components and target compensation levels. We generally benchmark the target compensation we pay our executives within a general range (plus or minus approximately 15%) of the median market compensation of comparable positions, although we do not have a formal policy of setting target compensation levels at a specific percentile of the median market. We benchmark against market compensation because it allows us to attract and retain executives and helps us to manage the overall cost of our compensation program. We use this information only as a reference point or as a framework, not as a determining factor or part of any arithmetic formula, in setting compensation. The policies we use to make compensation decisions and the decisions we make are materially similar for all executives. These policies and decisions result in higher compensation levels for our CEO, primarily based upon the higher market compensation for chief executive officers.

The compensation consultant annually provides the Compensation Committee with a comprehensive analysis of market compensation, which includes base salary, annual cash incentive compensation, long-term equity incentive compensation, total annual cash compensation and total direct compensation. We define total direct compensation as the sum of base salary, annual cash incentive compensation and long-term equity incentive compensation. We review total direct compensation to help us determine whether the key compensation components we pay our executives are competitive in the aggregate.

The Compensation Committee compares each executive’s base salary, annual cash incentive compensation, long-term equity incentive compensation, total annual cash compensation and total direct compensation to the median market compensation. Individual components may be greater or lesser than median market because we focus on the overall competitiveness of our entire compensation program. Judgment and discretion may be used to adjust a component of compensation above or below the median market for reasons such as an executive’s performance, responsibilities, experience and tenure, our company-wide performance and internal pay equity.



The following table sets forth the projected total direct compensation for each named executive as a percentage of the median market total direct compensation. For purposes of this table, projected total direct compensation includes 2015 base salary, 2015 targeted annual cash incentive compensation, stock options granted in 2014 and the targeted value of restricted stock units granted in early 2015.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Projected Targeted Total Direct Compensation as a Percentage of Market Compensation</u>
C. M. Connor	99.2%
J. G. Morikis	110.0%
S. P. Hennessy	101.9%
S. J. Oberfeld	112.0%
R. J. Davisson	100.8%

The actual amounts we pay our executives may vary from the targeted amounts based upon the achievement of company and business unit performance goals. The Compensation Committee did not increase or decrease the amount of any compensation component based upon the amount of any other compensation component or its review of projected targeted total direct compensation.

Key Components of Our Executive Compensation Program

Base Salary.

Salary Ranges. Salary is the only key compensation component that is guaranteed. Each executive position at our company is assigned a salary grade. Salary grades are designed to be competitive and to recognize different levels of responsibility within our company. Each salary grade corresponds to a salary range with a minimum and maximum. We review the salary ranges against market base salaries based upon the position and level of responsibility. The midpoint of the range generally approximates the median market salary paid for an equivalent or similar position. The Compensation Committee reviews and approves the base salary of each executive annually and at other times in connection with a promotion or other change in responsibility. Annual base salary increases are effective in February.

Annual salary increases are based, in part, on the overall annual salary budget guidelines for our company. We adopt annual salary guidelines for all of our employees as part of our annual budgeting process, which includes a range of merit salary increases. The maximum amount of the range is equal to the amount necessary to increase the salary of an employee (whose salary is below median market for his or her position, but who receives the highest performance rating) towards the median market salary for his or her position. For each of 2014 and 2015, we adopted an overall 3% merit budget for annual salary increases with possible merit increases ranging from 0% to 6.15%.

Annual Performance Appraisals. All salaried employees, including our executives, undergo an annual performance appraisal. The executive’s performance for the prior year is evaluated by his or her direct supervisor. Our CEO reviews each of these evaluations. For the evaluation of our CEO, each director provides ratings and comments for the following categories: performance results, business strategy, developing a management team and leadership. The results are reviewed by the Compensation Committee and by the non-management directors in executive session.

As part of this annual performance appraisal, each executive is assigned a performance rating by his or her direct supervisor that corresponds to a merit increase. The performance rating is based upon the executive’s performance results (accomplishment of incentive performance goals, financial accomplishments and other contributions) and leadership (including work ethic and strategic



contributions). These factors are not quantified or weighted. Instead, discretion and subjective judgment are used in assessing those factors in a qualitative manner. In any one year, any one factor or group of factors may play a larger role in determining the performance rating compared to any previous year. Our CEO reviews and approves the annual performance appraisals.

2014 and 2015 Base Salaries. The Compensation Committee approved salary increases for 2014 and 2015 for our named executives, other than Mr. Connor. Mr. Connor has not received a salary increase since 2008. Mr. Davisson’s increases move his salary to approximately the median market for his position as President, The Americas Group.

Name	2013 Base Salary (\$)	% Increase for 2014	2014 Base Salary (\$)	% Increase for 2015	2015 Base Salary (\$)
C. M. Connor	1,221,987	0%	1,221,987	0%	1,221,987
J. G. Morikis	826,696	3.25%	853,580	3.25%	881,322
S. P. Hennessy	623,506	3.25%	643,786	3.25%	664,716
S. J. Oberfeld	569,036	2.50%	583,284	3%	600,808
R. J. Davisson	505,362	4.5%	528,112	13%	596,778

Annual Cash Incentive Compensation.

Annual cash incentive compensation may be earned by our executives under our shareholder-approved 2007 Executive Performance Bonus Plan. Annual incentive compensation is intended to motivate our executives to achieve annual performance goals that strengthen our company over the long term. Our Executive Performance Bonus Plan is designed so that our executives may earn higher annual cash incentive compensation for exceeding target performance goals and lower annual cash incentive compensation when target performance goals are not met.

Target and Maximum Annual Incentive Levels. The Compensation Committee annually reviews target and maximum annual cash incentive compensation levels for our executives as a percentage of base salary. Target incentive awards are determined by using the median market annual cash incentive compensation, which generally equals the amount an executive could receive if he or she achieves a 100% average of his or her performance goals. The maximum incentive awards are determined by using the maximum annual cash incentive compensation available at our peer group companies and according to the broad-based surveys.

The following table sets forth the 2014 minimum, target and maximum annual cash incentive compensation levels, as a percentage of base salary, for each named executive.

Name	Incentive Amount as a Percentage of Salary		
	Minimum	Target	Maximum
C. M. Connor	0%	125%	250%
J. G. Morikis	0%	75%	150%
S. P. Hennessy	0%	75%	150%
S. J. Oberfeld	0%	60%	120%
R. J. Davisson	0%	60%	120%

Objective Annual Performance Goals. The Compensation Committee approves objective annual performance goals for our named executives. Our CEO also approves the goals for our other named executives. Four of our named executives have identical corporate financial performance goals:



earnings per share (EPS), net sales, free cash flow and after tax return on net assets employed (RONAE). Mr. Davisson's performance goals related to the Paint Stores Group (PSG), for which he is responsible.

We use multiple performance goals to encourage executives to have a well-rounded approach to their performance and not concentrate on achieving just one goal to the detriment of others. We use EPS as a performance metric for both our annual cash incentive program and our performance-based restricted stock program. EPS is widely communicated, easily understood and a key measure used in evaluating the success of our company's performance and in determining the market value of our stock. The Compensation Committee and management believe it is important to utilize EPS for both our annual cash incentive compensation and long-term equity compensation programs because over the long term, we believe EPS will drive value for our shareholders. In addition, by using EPS, management is held accountable for driving top-line growth and managing our operating cost structure. Each year, the Compensation Committee and management evaluate the incentive structure, including the metrics used in each of the incentives, and based on the most recent review, we believe EPS provides effective line of sight to drive individual performance. In addition, by delivering the entire long-term incentive in equity, executives are encouraged to drive long-term value for shareholders, and the performance metrics used in the annual incentive program (e.g., EPS, net sales, free cash flow and RONAE) provide reinforcement of the activities that will drive value.

For 2014, the Compensation Committee reviewed our annual operating budget and approved target financial performance goals that were set at levels that were of the same magnitude as set forth in our 2014 annual operating budget. The Compensation Committee may exercise its discretion to adjust performance goals to reflect pro-forma financial projections for significant acquisitions. The Compensation Committee did not adjust any 2014 performance goals to reflect any significant acquisitions.

The Compensation Committee reviews and approves each named executive's achievement of performance goals for the prior year. In determining the level of achievement of performance goals, the Compensation Committee may exercise its discretion whether to reflect or exclude the impact of extraordinary non-recurring items or changes in accounting standards, principles and statements. The Compensation Committee believes that retaining the ability to exercise such discretion to reflect or exclude the impact of these items encourages management to take actions that are in the best long-term interests of the shareholders even though they may adversely affect the short-term performance of our company. In determining the level of achievement of 2014 free cash flow, the Compensation Committee excluded the impact of the initial start-up expenses related to the HGTV HOME® by Sherwin-Williams paint program at Lowe's. The Compensation Committee made this adjustment because the impact was unanticipated when the performance goal was set.



The following table shows, for each named executive, the 2014 performance goals, minimums, targets, maximums and actual results (taking into account the adjustment to free cash flow mentioned in the preceding paragraph).

Name	Performance Goals	2014 Annual Cash Incentive Performance Goals			
		Minimum	Target	Maximum	Actual Results
C. M. Connor	EPS	\$6.58	\$8.22	\$8.60	\$8.78
J. G. Morikis	Net sales	\$8.91 billion	\$11.14 billion	\$11.62 billion	\$11.13 billion
S. P. Hennessy	Free cash flow ⁽¹⁾	\$556.10 million	\$695.13 million	\$799.82 million	\$705.41 million
S. J. Oberfeld	RONAE ⁽²⁾	17.44%	21.80%	22.07%	23.05%
R. J. Davison	PSG sales	\$5.39 billion	\$6.74 billion	\$6.99 billion	\$6.85 billion
	PSG profit before taxes	\$737.60 million	\$922.00 million	\$995.77 million	\$1.04 billion
	PSG RONAE	52.95%	66.19%	69.02%	74.45%
	PSG percentage increase for gallons over prior year	(8.95%)	13.81%	17.65%	16.28%
	PSG Comex sales	\$318.70 million	\$398.38 million	\$418.29 million	\$392.45 million
	PSG Comex profit before taxes	(\$83.08 million)	(\$75.21 million)	(\$71.45 million)	(\$38.18 million)

- ¹ We explain how we calculate free cash flow on page 29 of our 2014 Annual Report.
- ² We calculate RONAE by dividing reported net income (excluding any items relating to extraordinary events or which result in a distortion of comparative results) by the twelve-month average net assets employed, which is the sum of net accounts receivable, total inventory, net fixed assets, total intangible assets and goodwill, less accounts payable.

We intend annual cash incentive amounts to be fully deductible for federal income tax purposes under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. In order to achieve this, we establish an annual maximum payout amount against which payouts for achievements may be made to 162(m) participants. The maximum payout for 162(m) participants is based upon one or more of the performance measurements defined in our Executive Performance Bonus Plan. For 2014, the Compensation Committee approved 0.7% of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) as the amount of the maximum payout for 162(m) participants. We explain how we calculate EBITDA on page 33 of our 2014 Annual Report. We selected EBITDA as the method for determining the amount of the maximum payout because we consider EBITDA a useful measure of our operating profitability. For 2014, this resulted in a maximum payout of \$10.65 million for the 162(m) participants. After the Compensation Committee determines the amount of the maximum payout, the Compensation Committee may exercise discretion to reduce, but not to increase, the amount of each individual award based on an overall assessment of the performance goals shown in the table above.

Calculation of 2014 Annual Cash Incentive Amounts Earned. In February 2015, the Compensation Committee approved the annual incentive compensation amounts earned by our named executives during 2014 based upon the level of achievement of the performance goals. Each performance goal has corresponding pre-established achievement levels ranging from a minimum of 0 to a maximum of 125, with 100 equal to target achievement. Based upon 2014 business results, the Compensation Committee reviewed and approved the achievement level of each performance goal. The achievement level for each goal was multiplied by the goal's weight to determine a weighted achievement for the goal. For each named executive, the weighted achievement levels for all goals were added together to determine a total weighted achievement level. Total weighted achievement levels range from a minimum of 0 to a maximum of 125, with a target of 100. Total weighted achievement levels correspond to a pre-established range of final payouts as a percentage of salary for each named executive. The range of final payouts as a percentage of salary between 0 – 75, 75 – 100, and 100 – 125 are determined on a straight-line basis.



The calculations used to determine the actual incentive amounts earned by each named executive during 2014 are shown in the table below and are illustrated by the following formula.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Weighting} \times \text{Achievement Level} &= \text{Weighted Achievement Level} \rightarrow \\ \text{Incentive Amount as a \% of Salary} \times \text{Salary} &= \text{Incentive Amount Earned} \end{aligned}$$

		C. M. Connor	J. G. Morikis	S. P. Hennessy	S. J. Oberfeld	R. J. Davisson	
Weighting	EPS	40%	40%	40%	40%	PSG Sales	20%
	Net Sales	20%	20%	20%	20%	PSG PBT	35%
	Free Cash Flow	20%	20%	20%	20%	PSG RONAE	20%
	RONAE	20%	20%	20%	20%	PSG Gallons	15%
						Comex Sales	5%
						Comex PBT	5%
Achievement Level	EPS	125.00	125.00	125.00	125.00	PSG Sales	111.02
	Net Sales	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	PSG PBT	125.00
	Free Cash Flow	102.45	102.45	102.45	102.45	PSG RONAE	125.00
	RONAE	125.00	125.00	125.00	125.00	PSG Gallons	116.07
						Comex Sales	92.57
						Comex PBT	125.00
Weighted Achievement Level	EPS	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	PSG Sales	22.20
	Net Sales	19.90	19.90	19.90	19.90	PSG PBT	43.75
	Free Cash Flow	20.49	20.49	20.49	20.49	PSG RONAE	25.00
	RONAE	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	PSG Gallons	17.41
						Comex Sales	4.63
						Comex PBT	6.25
	Total	115.39	115.39	115.39	115.39	Total	119.24
Incentive Amount as a % of Salary	Minimum	0%	0%	0%	0%	Minimum	0%
	Target	125%	75%	75%	60%	Target	60%
	Maximum	250%	150%	150%	120%	Maximum	120%
	Actual Result	201.95%	121.17%	121.17%	96.94%	Actual Result	106.19%
Salary		\$1,221,987	\$849,444	\$640,666	\$581,092		\$524,612
Incentive Amount Earned		\$2,468,000	\$1,029,000	\$776,000	\$563,000		\$557,000

Long-Term Equity Incentive Compensation.

The largest percentage of total compensation is allocated to long-term equity incentive compensation. We grant long-term equity incentive compensation annually under our shareholder-approved 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. Our long-term equity incentive compensation is designed to focus our executives on company performance over a multi-year period to encourage long-term decision making and to reward executives the way our shareholders are rewarded — through growth in the value of our stock. The value delivered on these long-term incentives ultimately depends upon company performance and our stock price.

Our long-term equity compensation program for our executives consists of stock options, performance-based restricted stock and time-based restricted stock. Our stock option program is the primary means by which we grant long-term stock compensation to a broad group of employees to focus their efforts on our long-term performance and stock price improvement. Our restricted stock program is designed for a more select group of key employees and rewards employees based upon the achievement of financial performance goals and stock price appreciation. Beginning with the grant in February 2015, the Compensation Committee replaced grants of restricted stock with grants of restricted stock units. The Compensation Committee made this change to facilitate the ease of global administration of equity grants and to more closely align with market practices. The economic value delivered to participants does not change as a result of this move to restricted stock units.



Double-Trigger Acceleration Provision. Grants of stock options and restricted stock include a “double-trigger” acceleration provision with respect to the vesting of the awards in connection with a change of control. Upon a change of control, awards that are assumed by the surviving entity will continue to vest and become exercisable in accordance with their original terms unless, within three years after the change of control, the participant’s employment is terminated other than for cause or the participant terminates his or her employment for good reason.

Dividends. We do not pay current dividends on unvested shares of performance-based restricted stock. The payment of dividends on unvested shares of performance-based restricted stock is deferred and paid only if and to the extent the restricted stock vests based on the achievement of the performance goals.

Grant Practices – Emphasis on Performance-Based Awards. When making grants of stock options and restricted stock, we begin by determining the median market value of long-term equity incentive compensation. We allocate the target mix of types of equity grants in order to provide appropriate focus on operating performance. We believe the structure shown in the table below provides an appropriate balance among aligning executive interests with those of our shareholders, encouraging executive retention, and rewarding executives for sustained performance results. We believe this mix is in line with market practices.

Type of Equity Award	Allocation
Stock Options	40%
Performance-Based Restricted Stock	40%
Time-Based Restricted Stock	20%

Our long-term incentive opportunities are intended to be competitive with market long-term incentive opportunities. Therefore, we do not consider the amount of outstanding stock options and shares of restricted stock currently held by an executive when making equity awards.

We grant stock options and restricted stock on an annual basis at regularly scheduled Compensation Committee meetings. We schedule the dates of these meetings approximately three years in advance. We grant restricted stock at each February Compensation Committee meeting. This meeting typically occurs in the middle of February, a few weeks or so after we release our annual earnings results. We grant stock options at each October Compensation Committee meeting. These grants are typically made on the same day the Audit Committee approves our earnings release for the third quarter and shortly before we release our third quarter earnings results. We grant restricted stock and stock options in February and October, respectively, so our annual grants are made at different times of the year. We may also grant restricted stock and stock options at other Compensation Committee meetings in connection with an employee’s initial hire, promotion and other events. The dates of these grants may occur shortly before we release our quarterly earnings results. We do not take into account our earnings results when determining the number of stock options or shares of restricted stock to be granted or the date of grant.



2014 Awards. The following table shows the number of stock options and shares of restricted stock granted to each named executive during 2014.

Name	Number of Stock Options Granted in 2014	Number of Shares of Restricted Stock Granted in 2014	
		Performance-Based	Time-Based
C. M. Connor	55,200	29,600	7,400
J. G. Morikis	17,100	9,200	2,300
S. P. Hennessy	12,600	6,400	1,600
S. J. Oberfeld	8,800	4,400	1,100
R. J. Davisson	8,800	4,400	1,100

Stock Options. The number of stock options granted to an executive is based upon the executive's position and level of responsibility. We determine the specific number of stock options to be granted by calculating the Black-Scholes value of the stock options over the 30-day period ending on the last day of the quarter before the award date. Black-Scholes is a generally accepted model used in estimating the value of stock options.

Stock options have value only if our stock price increases following the grant date. In accordance with the terms of our stock plan, the option exercise price is equal to the average of the highest and lowest sale prices of our stock on the grant date. Accordingly, the exercise price may be higher or lower than the closing price of our stock on that day. The Compensation Committee believes that the average of the high and low prices is a better representation of the fair market value of our stock and is less volatile than the closing price given potential intra-day price volatility. We do not reprice stock options — our stock plans do not permit the repricing or replacing of underwater stock options with cash or equity without shareholder approval and do not contain reload features.

Restricted Stock. Our annual grant of restricted stock consists of performance-based shares and time-based shares, both vesting at the end of a three-year period. The number of shares of restricted stock granted is determined by using the value of our stock over the 30-day period ending on the last day of the quarter before the award date. We designed our time-based shares to vest at the end of the three-year period, rather than ratably over the vesting period, to strengthen the retention power of the grants. With respect to performance-based shares, the number of shares granted is equal to approximately two times the target value, and we correspondingly set maximum goals higher, making achievement of the goals more difficult to attain in order to provide a greater incentive for above-target performance.

The financial goal for the 2014 grant of performance-based restricted stock is EPS over the 2014 – 2016 performance period as illustrated in the following table. Performance between the achievement levels is measured on a straight-line basis to reward improvements at various achievement levels, while not encouraging executives to take unnecessary risks to hit achievement levels with larger payouts.

	Cumulative EPS	% of Target	Vesting %
Maximum	\$30.38	200%	100%
Target	\$27.71	100%	50%
Threshold	\$25.21	25%	13%



2014 and 2015 Vesting of Performance-Based Restricted Stock. In February 2014 and February 2015, the Compensation Committee determined the vesting of shares of performance-based restricted stock for the 2011 – 2013 and 2012 – 2014 performance periods, respectively, based upon the achievement of performance goals over those periods. As reflected in the tables below, 100% of the maximum number of shares vested for each performance period.

Performance Period	Cumulative EPS Goal at Target	Actual EPS Results	% of Restricted Stock Vesting
2011 – 2013	\$15.84	\$18.80	100%
2012 – 2014	\$17.96	\$22.74	100%

In approving the vesting of performance-based restricted stock as shown in the table above, the Compensation Committee approved adjustments to eliminate the impact of several items on EPS, including (a) with respect to the 2011 – 2013 performance period, charges relating to the settlements with the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of Labor (DOL) related to our ESOP and the Brazil tax assessments and (b) with respect to the 2012 – 2014 performance period, charges relating to the settlement with the DOL and the Brazil tax assessments.

Other Arrangements, Policies and Practices

No Employment Agreements.

We do not have employment agreements with any of our executives. Our executives are employed at will.

Limited Perquisites.

Consistent with our culture, the perquisites provided to our named executives are limited. Additional information, including the incremental cost of these benefits in 2014, is set forth in a footnote to the “All Other Compensation” column of the Summary Compensation Table.

Internal Pay Equity.

Our compensation program is designed so that compensation opportunities are similar for executives with comparable responsibilities, experience and tenure. Our executive compensation program uses the same compensation components for our executives, but results in different pay levels due to an executive’s market compensation, position and performance. In order to maintain internal equity in connection with grants of stock options and restricted stock, the Compensation Committee generally grants the same number of stock options and shares of restricted stock to employees who are in similar pay grades.

Tally Sheets.

When approving changes in compensation for our named executives, we prepare a tally sheet for each named executive. Tally sheets set forth the dollar amounts of all components of each named executive’s current compensation, including base salary, annual cash incentive compensation, long-term incentive compensation, retirement and savings plans, health and welfare programs and other executive benefits. Tally sheets also set forth the potential payments to our named executives in the event of retirement and termination following a change in control.

Tally sheets allow the Compensation Committee and management to assess how a change in the amount of each compensation component affects each named executive’s total compensation and to provide overall perspective on each named executive’s total compensation. Based upon its most recent review, the Compensation Committee determined that total compensation, in the aggregate, for each of

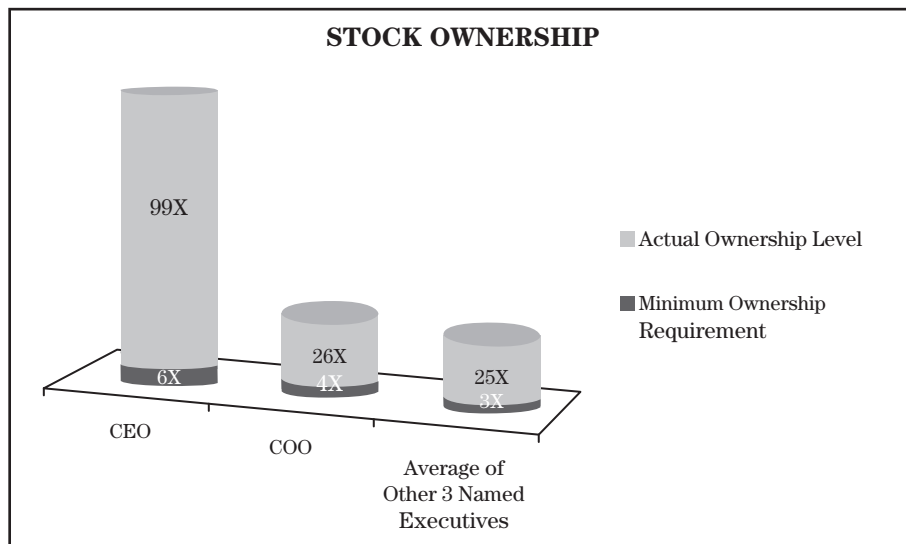


our named executives is consistent with the Compensation Committee’s expectations. The Compensation Committee did not increase or decrease the amount of compensation of our named executives solely based upon the review of tally sheets.

Stock Ownership Guidelines.

We have established minimum stock ownership requirements for our directors, executive officers and operating presidents to encourage meaningful stock ownership in Sherwin-Williams. We require each director who has served on the Board for at least five years to own shares of our stock equal in value to a minimum of seven times the annual Board cash retainer. We require each executive and operating president who has served in such capacity for at least five years to own shares of stock equal in value to a multiple of his or her base salary ranging from three times for certain executive officers and operating presidents to six times for our CEO. For purposes of meeting this requirement, each equivalent share of stock held under our benefit plans, each share of time-based restricted stock and each time-based restricted stock unit is considered a share of stock. Stock options, shares of performance-based restricted stock and performance-based restricted stock units are not considered towards meeting the requirement.

The Compensation Committee reviews share holdings on an annual basis to determine whether our directors, executives and operating presidents are meeting these requirements. The requirements for our named executives, as well as their actual ownership levels at December 31, 2014, are set forth in the table below. All directors and named executives have either met the guidelines or are pursuing plans to meet the guidelines within the prescribed time frames.



Anti-Hedging and Anti-Pledging Policy.

Directors, executive officers and other employees may not engage in hedging transactions related to our securities through various financial instruments, such as prepaid variable forwards, equity swaps, collars and exchange funds, may not engage in short sales, and may not purchase or sell put options, call options or other such derivative securities. In addition, directors, executive officers and operating presidents may not hold our securities in margin accounts or otherwise pledge our securities as collateral for a loan.

Retirement Plans and Other Benefits.

We provide our executives with various tax-qualified and nonqualified retirement and savings plans, health and welfare programs and other executive benefits. We annually review these programs in



connection with our review of the overall compensation packages of our named executives and tally sheets. Additional information about our retirement and savings plans is set forth in the executive compensation tables and the accompanying narrative discussion.

Other executive benefits include executive life insurance and executive long-term disability programs. The life insurance and long-term disability programs are designed to provide our named executives with life and disability benefits greater than the life and disability benefits available under the broad-based life insurance and long-term disability programs that we offer to other employees due to benefit limitations within the broad-based programs. The 2014 amounts for these programs are set forth in a footnote to the “All Other Compensation” column of the Summary Compensation Table.

Clawback and Recapture Policy.

We have a policy allowing Sherwin-Williams to recapture or “clawback” incentive compensation paid or payable to executives and key employees in the event of a financial restatement. Under our policy, employees who receive an award under our Executive Performance Bonus Plan are required to reimburse Sherwin-Williams in the event:

- the amount was based upon the achievement of financial results that were subsequently the subject of an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under federal securities laws; and
- the employee engaged in knowing or intentional fraudulent or illegal conduct that caused or partially caused the need for the restatement; and
- a lower amount would have been made to the employee based upon the restated results.

The reimbursement will be equal to the difference in the amount of the award prior to the restatement and the amount of the award determined using the restated financial results. In addition, under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, (a) all stock awards will be cancelled and (b) the employee will be required to reimburse Sherwin-Williams for any economic gains received by the employee pursuant to a stock award during the one-year period preceding the Board’s determination that the employee engaged in such conduct.

The Dodd-Frank Act requires the SEC to adopt rules requiring companies to adopt a policy that, in the event the company is required to prepare an accounting restatement due to material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement, the company will recover incentive compensation received prior to the accounting restatement resulting from erroneous financial data. We will review our existing policy and make any necessary amendments once the final rules are adopted.

Severance Pay Agreements.

To ensure continuity and the continued dedication of our executives during any period of uncertainty caused by the possible threat of a takeover, we have entered into severance pay agreements with our executives, including each of our named executives. Given the heightened focus on change in control agreements, the Compensation Committee engaged its compensation consultant in 2013 to compare our severance pay agreements to prevailing market practices. Based upon such review, the Compensation Committee believes that the material terms of the severance agreements are generally in line with market practices.

Potential cash severance payments are based upon a multiplier of base salary and annual cash incentive pay. Because Mr. Connor’s base salary and annual cash incentive pay are higher than that of our other named executives, Mr. Connor’s potential cash severance payment is correspondingly higher than that of our other named executives. These severance pay agreements have not been a significant factor in setting compensation levels and have not affected the Compensation Committee’s decisions



with respect to compensation components. Additional information regarding the severance agreements, including the estimated amounts payable to each named executive, is set forth under the heading “Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control.”

Policy Concerning Future Severance Agreements.

We have a policy that provides we will not enter into any future severance agreements (including material amendments of existing agreements) with a senior executive providing for cash severance payments exceeding 2.99 times base salary and bonus without shareholder approval or ratification. For purposes of this calculation, cash severance payments do not include the acceleration of equity-based awards, vacation pay, retirement benefits, health continuation coverage and outplacement services. In addition, the policy provides that future severance agreements will not include any tax gross-up payments.

Tax and Accounting Considerations.

From time to time, we review the accounting and tax laws, rules and regulations that may affect our compensation programs. However, tax and accounting considerations have not significantly impacted the compensation programs we offer our executives.

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally disallows a federal income tax deduction to publicly-traded companies for compensation in excess of \$1 million per year paid to a company’s chief executive officer and three other most highly compensated executive officers, other than the company’s chief financial officer, who are employed as of the end of the year. The \$1 million deduction limit generally does not apply to compensation that satisfies the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m).

While we may decide from time to time that it is in the best interests of Sherwin-Williams and our shareholders to pay executive compensation that may be able to qualify as performance-based compensation for purposes of Section 162(m), we also may decide from time to time to grant compensation that will not qualify as performance-based compensation for purposes of Section 162(m). The Compensation Committee believes that the Section 162(m)-related tax deduction is only one of several relevant considerations in setting compensation. The Compensation Committee also believes that the Section 162(m) tax deduction limitation should not be permitted to compromise its ability to design and maintain executive compensation arrangements that, among other things, are intended to attract, retain and motivate talented, high-performing people. As a result, the Compensation Committee retains the flexibility to provide compensation it determines to be in the best interests of Sherwin-Williams and its shareholders even if that compensation is ultimately not deductible for tax purposes. Moreover, even if we intend to grant compensation that qualifies as performance-based compensation for purposes of Section 162(m), we cannot guarantee that such compensation will so qualify or will ultimately be deductible by us.



SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table sets forth information regarding the compensation of our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, our Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial Officer and our other three highest paid executive officers.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽³⁾	Total (\$)
C. M. Connor Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	2014	1,221,987	-0-	4,252,077	2,361,782	2,468,000	-0-	592,888	10,896,734
	2013	1,221,987	-0-	3,403,504	3,008,952	2,661,000	-0-	521,904	10,817,347
	2012	1,221,987	-0-	3,697,866	3,302,040	2,300,000	-0-	460,140	10,982,033
J. G. Morikis President and Chief Operating Officer	2014	849,444	-0-	1,321,592	731,639	1,029,000	-0-	272,213	4,203,888
	2013	822,692	-0-	1,063,595	932,351	1,075,000	-0-	265,498	4,159,136
	2012	797,370	-0-	1,232,622	1,023,632	1,072,000	-0-	220,675	4,346,299
S. P. Hennessy Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial Officer	2014	640,666	-0-	919,368	539,102	776,000	-0-	230,326	3,105,462
	2013	620,486	-0-	736,335	635,694	811,000	-0-	215,128	3,018,643
	2012	601,388	-0-	844,943	693,428	809,000	-0-	236,345	3,185,104
S. J. Oberfeld Senior Vice President – Corporate Planning and Development	2014	581,092	-0-	632,066	376,516	563,000	-0-	172,489	2,325,163
	2013	566,280	-0-	490,890	444,986	592,000	-0-	192,028	2,286,184
	2012	548,850	-0-	556,668	495,306	590,000	-0-	141,214	2,332,038
R. J. Davisson President, The Americas Group	2014	524,612	-0-	632,066	376,516	557,000	-0-	139,432	2,229,626
	2013	498,294	-0-	490,890	444,986	560,000	-0-	684,925	2,679,095
	2012	452,992	-0-	556,668	495,306	494,000	-0-	318,293	2,317,259

¹ These values reflect shares of restricted stock granted to our named executives. The value of restricted stock is equal to the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with stock-based accounting rules (Stock Compensation Topic 718 of the ASC), excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. This valuation method values restricted stock assuming target level of performance based on the fair market value of our common stock (the average of the highest and lowest reported sale prices) on the grant date.

The following table sets forth the aggregate grant date fair value for the shares of restricted stock reflected in this column assuming the highest level of performance conditions will be achieved.

	2014	2013	2012
C. M. Connor	\$7,086,795	\$5,105,256	\$5,546,799
J. G. Morikis	2,202,653	1,595,393	1,848,933
S. P. Hennessy	1,532,280	1,104,503	1,267,414
S. J. Oberfeld	1,053,443	736,335	835,002
R. J. Davisson	1,053,443	736,335	835,002



- ² These values reflect stock options granted to our named executives. The value of stock options is equal to the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with stock-based accounting rules (Stock Compensation Topic 718 of the ASC), excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. The values were calculated using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions.

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Risk-free interest rate	1.47%	1.37%	0.78%
Expected life of options	5.10 years	5.10 years	5.11 years
Expected dividend yield of stock	1.19%	1.32%	1.43%
Expected volatility of stock	0.223	0.281	0.274

- ³ The amounts for 2014 include compensation under the following plans and programs.

	<u>C. M. Connor</u>	<u>J. G. Morikis</u>	<u>S. P. Hennessy</u>	<u>S. J. Oberfeld</u>	<u>R. J. Davisson</u>
Pension Investment Plan	\$ 15,300	\$ 12,750	\$ 15,300	\$ 15,300	\$ 12,750
Employee Stock Purchase Plan	15,600	15,600	15,600	15,600	15,600
Deferred Compensation Savings Plan	434,758	183,037	142,953	109,538	90,664
Executive Life Insurance Plan	85,800	49,430	41,900	27,485	16,225
Executive Disability Income Plan	5,540	5,452	4,899	4,566	4,193
Charitable Matching Gifts	-0-	3,000	-0-	-0-	-0-
Perquisites	35,890	2,944	9,674	-0-	-0-
TOTAL	\$592,888	\$272,213	\$230,326	\$172,489	\$139,432

- *Pension Investment Plan* — company contributions under our Salaried Employees' Revised Pension Investment Plan, a tax-qualified defined contribution plan.
- *Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan* — company matching contributions under our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan, a tax-qualified 401(k) plan.
- *2005 Deferred Compensation Savings and Pension Equalization Plan* — company contributions under our 2005 Deferred Compensation Savings and Pension Equalization Plan.
- *Executive Life Insurance Plan* — the dollar value of non-compensatory split-dollar life insurance benefits under our Executive Life Insurance Plan.
- *Executive Disability Income Plan* — company payments for premiums under our Executive Disability Income Plan.
- *Charitable Matching Gifts* — company charitable matching contributions under our matching gifts program.
- *Perquisites* — the incremental cost of perquisites consisting of \$35,890, \$2,944 and \$9,674 for Messrs. Connor, Morikis and Hennessy, respectively, for personal use of corporate aircraft.

Under our executive travel policy, the Board strongly recommends that our CEO use corporate aircraft at all times when he is traveling, whether for business or personal reasons. Our CEO has the authority to authorize the personal use of corporate aircraft by the other members of senior management. We believe this policy is similar to the policies of many other large public companies. The incremental cost of personal use of corporate aircraft is determined based upon the variable operating costs of the aircraft, which includes fuel costs, maintenance and repair



costs, landing fees, engine reserve fees, catering costs and travel costs for the pilots. The incremental cost includes the cost of “dead head” flights, which are return or pick-up flights without passengers flown. An average hourly rate is calculated by dividing the total variable operating costs for the year by the number of hours the aircraft is flown. The average hourly rate is then multiplied by the number of hours of the executive’s personal use to derive the total incremental cost. Fixed operating costs, such as pilot salaries, depreciation and insurance, that do not change based upon usage are not included. To the extent any use of corporate aircraft results in imputed income to the executive, we do not provide tax gross-ups on such income.

Narrative Information Regarding the Summary Compensation Table.

Salary. The salary amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts of base salary earned by our named executives during the indicated year. For 2014, salaries earned by our named executives accounted for the following percentages of their total compensation set forth in the table: Mr. Connor (11.2%), Mr. Morikis (20.2%), Mr. Hennessy (20.6%), Mr. Oberfeld (25%) and Mr. Davisson (23.5%).

Salaried Employees’ Revised Pension Investment Plan. Our Salaried Employees’ Revised Pension Investment Plan is a tax-qualified money purchase pension plan that provides eligible U.S. salaried employees with a company contribution based on an age and service formula. All of our named executives participate in this plan on the same terms as other eligible employees.

Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan. We provide all of our eligible U.S. salaried employees the opportunity to participate in our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan, a tax-qualified 401(k) plan. Under this plan, participants may contribute a percentage of their compensation on a pre-tax or after-tax basis and receive company matching contributions. Our named executives participate in this plan on the same terms as other eligible employees.

2005 Deferred Compensation Savings and Pension Equalization Plan. Our Deferred Compensation Savings Plan is an unfunded nonqualified plan that provides participating employees with the employer contributions the employees would have received under our qualified retirement plans, but for federal tax limitations. We do not pay guaranteed, above-market or preferential interest or earnings on amounts deferred under this plan. Our executives became eligible to participate in this plan effective January 1, 2010. Information about this plan is set forth in the 2014 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table and the accompanying narrative discussion.

In addition, we purchase tickets to sporting and cultural events for business purposes. If not used for business purposes, the tickets are made available to our executives and other employees for personal use.



2014 GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS TABLE

The following table sets forth information regarding the grants of annual cash incentive compensation, stock options and restricted stock during 2014 to our named executives.

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards ⁽¹⁾			Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards ⁽²⁾			All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units ⁽³⁾	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options ⁽⁴⁾	Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards ⁽⁵⁾	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards ⁽⁶⁾
		Threshold (\$)	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)				
C. M. Connor	02/18/2014	-0-	1,527,483	3,054,967							
	02/18/2014				3,848	14,800	29,600				2,834,718
	02/18/2014							7,400			1,417,359
	10/22/2014								55,200	227.73	2,361,782
J. G. Morikis	02/18/2014	-0-	637,083	1,274,166							
	02/18/2014				1,196	4,600	9,200				881,061
	02/18/2014							2,300			440,531
	10/22/2014								17,100	227.73	731,639
S. P. Hennessy	02/18/2014	-0-	480,500	960,999							
	02/18/2014				832	3,200	6,400				612,912
	02/18/2014							1,600			306,456
	10/22/2014								12,600	227.73	539,102
S. J. Oberfeld	02/18/2014	-0-	348,655	697,310							
	02/18/2014				572	2,200	4,400				421,377
	02/18/2014							1,100			210,689
	10/22/2014								8,800	227.73	376,516
R. J. Davisson	02/18/2014	-0-	314,767	629,534							
	02/18/2014				572	2,200	4,400				421,377
	02/18/2014							1,100			210,689
	10/22/2014								8,800	227.73	376,516

- ¹ These amounts reflect the threshold, target and maximum annual cash incentive compensation amounts that could have been earned during 2014 based upon the achievement of performance goals under our 2007 Executive Performance Bonus Plan. The grant date of February 18, 2014 is the date the performance goals were approved by the Compensation Committee. The amounts of annual cash incentive compensation earned in 2014 by our named executives have been determined and were paid in February 2015. The amounts paid are included in the “Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation” column of the Summary Compensation Table.
- ² These amounts reflect the threshold, target and maximum number of shares of performance-based restricted stock granted on February 18, 2014 under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. These shares vest in February 2017 based upon the achievement of the financial performance goal.
- ³ These amounts reflect the number of shares of time-based restricted stock granted on February 18, 2014 under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. These shares vest in February 2017.
- ⁴ These amounts reflect the number of stock options granted on October 22, 2014 under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. These stock options vest at the rate of one-third per year on the first, second and third anniversary dates of the grant and expire on October 21, 2024.
- ⁵ The exercise price equals the average of the highest and lowest sale prices of our common stock on the grant date, October 22, 2014. The closing price of our common stock on the grant date was \$225.92.



⁶ The value of performance-based and time-based restricted stock is equal to the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with stock-based accounting rules (Stock Compensation Topic 718 of the ASC), excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. This valuation method values restricted stock assuming target level of performance based on the fair market value of our common stock (the average of the highest and lowest reported sale prices) on the grant date.

The value of stock options is equal to the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with stock-based accounting rules (Stock Compensation Topic 718 of the ASC), excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. The values were calculated using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The assumptions used in this model are set forth in the table to footnote 2 of the Summary Compensation Table.

Narrative Information Regarding the 2014 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards. The non-equity incentive plan awards set forth in the table reflect annual cash incentive compensation that could have been earned by our named executives during 2014 under our 2007 Executive Performance Bonus Plan based upon the accomplishment of financial and operating performance goals. Annual cash incentive compensation is payable as a percentage of salary. These percentages vary by named executive. More information is set forth under the heading “Annual Cash Incentive Compensation” in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

Restricted Stock. We grant performance-based and time-based restricted stock pursuant to our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. We have included more information about our restricted stock program under the heading “Long-Term Equity Incentive Compensation” in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

Time-based shares granted in 2014 vest at the end of a three-year vesting period. Performance-based shares granted in 2014 vest at the end of a three-year performance period based upon cumulative earnings per share over the three-year period.

The threshold amounts for the performance-based restricted stock set forth in the table correspond to our named executives receiving 13% of the shares granted, which is the number of shares that will vest for the minimum level of performance. The maximum amounts set forth in the table reflect a grant of a number of shares of performance-based restricted stock equal to two times the target value (and correspondingly the setting of above-target goals higher, making achievement of the goals more difficult to attain) in order to provide an incentive for above-target performance.

The payment of dividends on unvested shares of performance-based restricted stock is deferred, and dividends are paid only if and to the extent the restricted stock vests based on the achievement of the financial performance goal. Current dividends are paid on shares of time-based restricted stock. Dividends are paid at the same rate as is paid on Sherwin-Williams common stock. During 2014, the quarterly dividend rate was \$0.55 per share. In February 2015, the Board of Directors announced an increase in the quarterly dividend rate to \$0.67 per share payable on March 13, 2015.

Stock Options. We grant stock options pursuant to our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. The option exercise price is equal to the average of the highest and lowest reported sale prices of our common stock on the grant date. Stock options vest at the rate of one-third per year on the first, second and third anniversary dates of the date of grant and have a term of ten years.



OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT DECEMBER 31, 2014 TABLE

The following table sets forth information regarding the number of unexercised stock options and the number and value of unvested shares of restricted stock outstanding on December 31, 2014 for our named executives.

Name	Option Awards					Stock Awards			
	Option Grant Date ⁽¹⁾	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) ⁽²⁾	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$) ⁽²⁾
C. M. Connor	10/14/2008	123,152	-0-	54.09	10/13/2018	18,600 ⁽³⁾	4,892,544	37,200 ⁽⁶⁾	9,785,088
	10/15/2009	123,419	-0-	63.25	10/14/2019	10,400 ⁽⁴⁾	2,735,616	20,800 ⁽⁷⁾	5,471,232
	10/19/2010	113,623	-0-	72.62	10/18/2020	7,400 ⁽⁵⁾	1,946,496	29,600 ⁽⁸⁾	7,785,984
	10/19/2011	118,723	-0-	78.255	10/18/2021				
	10/17/2012	66,667	33,333	154.4325	10/16/2022				
	10/16/2013	23,667	47,333	180.46	10/15/2023				
	10/22/2014	-0-	55,200	227.73	10/21/2024				
J. G. Morikis	10/19/2011	38,723	-0-	78.255	10/18/2021	6,200 ⁽³⁾	1,630,848	12,400 ⁽⁶⁾	3,261,696
	10/17/2012	20,667	10,333	154.4325	10/16/2022	3,250 ⁽⁴⁾	854,880	6,500 ⁽⁷⁾	1,709,760
	10/16/2013	7,334	14,666	180.46	10/15/2023	2,300 ⁽⁵⁾	604,992	9,200 ⁽⁸⁾	2,419,968
	10/22/2014	-0-	17,100	227.73	10/21/2024				
S. P. Hennessy	10/19/2011	30,000	-0-	78.255	10/18/2021	4,250 ⁽³⁾	1,117,920	8,500 ⁽⁶⁾	2,235,840
	10/17/2012	14,000	7,000	154.4325	10/16/2022	2,250 ⁽⁴⁾	591,840	4,500 ⁽⁷⁾	1,183,680
	10/16/2013	5,000	10,000	180.46	10/15/2023	1,600 ⁽⁵⁾	420,864	6,400 ⁽⁸⁾	1,683,456
	10/22/2014	-0-	12,600	227.73	10/21/2024				
S. J. Oberfeld	10/19/2010	27,123	-0-	72.62	10/18/2020	2,800 ⁽³⁾	736,512	5,600 ⁽⁶⁾	1,473,024
	11/15/2010	12,200	-0-	73.57	11/14/2020	1,500 ⁽⁴⁾	394,560	3,000 ⁽⁷⁾	789,120
	10/19/2011	21,500	-0-	78.255	10/18/2021	1,100 ⁽⁵⁾	289,344	4,400 ⁽⁸⁾	1,157,376
	10/17/2012	10,000	5,000	154.4325	10/16/2022				
	10/16/2013	3,500	7,000	180.46	10/15/2023				
	10/22/2014	-0-	8,800	227.73	10/21/2024				
R. J. Davisson	10/17/2012	10,000	5,000	154.4325	10/16/2022	2,800 ⁽³⁾	736,512	5,600 ⁽⁶⁾	1,473,024
	10/16/2013	3,500	7,000	180.46	10/15/2023	1,500 ⁽⁴⁾	394,560	3,000 ⁽⁷⁾	789,120
	10/22/2014	-0-	8,800	227.73	10/21/2024	1,100 ⁽⁵⁾	289,344	4,400 ⁽⁸⁾	1,157,376

- Options vest at the rate of one-third per year on the first, second and third anniversary dates of the grant.
- These values equal the number of shares of restricted stock indicated multiplied by the closing price of our common stock (\$263.04) on December 31, 2014.
- Shares of time-based restricted stock vested in February 2015.
- Shares of time-based restricted stock vest in February 2016.
- Shares of time-based restricted stock vest in February 2017.
- All of these shares of performance-based restricted stock vested in February 2015 based upon the achievement of the performance goal. The number and value of these shares reflect the maximum level of performance.
- Shares of performance-based restricted stock vest in February 2016 on the date the Compensation Committee determines the level of achievement of the performance goal. The number and value of these shares reflect the maximum level of performance.



⁸ Shares of performance-based restricted stock vest in February 2017 on the date the Compensation Committee determines the level of achievement of the performance goal. The number and value of these shares reflect the maximum level of performance.

2014 OPTION EXERCISES AND STOCK VESTED TABLE

The following table sets forth information regarding the number and value of stock options exercised and restricted stock vested during 2014 for our named executives.

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$) ⁽²⁾
C. M. Connor	110,058	14,965,591	49,050	9,377,870
J. G. Morikis	39,900	4,767,383	17,166	3,281,968
S. P. Hennessy	30,623	3,527,463	11,460	2,191,037
S. J. Oberfeld	37,377	4,958,239	10,545	2,016,099
R. J. Davisson	18,333	3,102,026	10,545	2,016,099

¹ The value realized on the exercise of stock options is equal to the number of shares acquired multiplied by the difference between the exercise price and the market price of our common stock. The market price is equal to the average of the highest and lowest reported sale prices of our common stock on the date of exercise.

² The value realized on the vesting of restricted stock is equal to the number of shares of restricted stock vested multiplied by the market price of our common stock. The market price is equal to the average of the highest and lowest reported sale prices of our common stock on the vesting date.

2014 NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table sets forth information relating to our 2005 Deferred Compensation Savings and Pension Equalization Plan for 2014.

Name	Executive Contributions in Last FY (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Registrant Contributions in Last FY (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Aggregate Earnings/(Losses) in Last FY (\$) ⁽²⁾	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions (\$) ⁽³⁾	Aggregate Balance at Last FYE (\$) ⁽³⁾
C. M. Connor	-0-	434,758	148,762	-0-	2,252,697
J. G. Morikis	-0-	183,037	21,463	-0-	843,756
S. P. Hennessy	-0-	142,953	29,013	-0-	678,101
S. J. Oberfeld	-0-	109,538	26,394	-0-	544,146
R. J. Davisson	-0-	90,664	8,538	-0-	335,387

¹ These amounts represent company contributions for each named executive. These amounts are also reported in the "All Other Compensation" column of the Summary Compensation Table.

² These amounts include earnings/(losses), dividends and interest provided on account balances, including the change in value of the underlying investments in which our named executives are deemed to be invested. These amounts are not reported in the Summary Compensation Table.



³ These amounts represent each named executive’s aggregate account balance at December 31, 2014. The amounts include company contributions, which are also reported in the “All Other Compensation” column of the Summary Compensation Table. The table below sets forth the portion of these aggregate account balances that were previously reported as compensation in the Summary Compensation Table for prior years.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount Previously Reported (\$)</u>
C. M. Connor	1,214,404
J. G. Morikis	548,552
S. P. Hennessy	423,227
S. J. Oberfeld	232,089
R. J. Davisson	192,583

Material Features of Our Deferred Compensation Savings Plan.

Our 2005 Deferred Compensation Savings and Pension Equalization Plan is an unfunded nonqualified deferred compensation plan that provides eligible participants with company-only contributions that a participant would have otherwise received under our qualified retirement plans, but for certain federal tax limitations. Our named executives became eligible to participate in this plan effective January 1, 2010.

There are two benefit components to the deferred compensation savings portion of this plan. The benefit payable under the first component is the company matching contribution under our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan (a 401(k) plan) that participants would have otherwise received, but for the limitations under Sections 401(a)(17) and 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. All of our named executives participate in this component of this plan.

The second component to this plan is the company contribution provided under our Salaried Employees’ Revised Pension Investment Plan. The benefit payable under this second component of this plan is the company contribution that participants would have otherwise received, but for the limitations under Sections 401(a)(17) and 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. All of our named executives participate in this component of this plan.

All company contributions provided under these two components of this plan are credited in the form of units and accrue earnings in accordance with the hypothetical investment options selected by the participant. The investment options contained in this plan are the same investment options provided to participants in our qualified retirement plans. We do not pay guaranteed, above-market or preferential interest or earnings on amounts deferred. Participant account balances will be distributed in a lump sum upon death, disability or upon a separation of service, unless otherwise timely elected, in equal annual installments not to exceed fifteen years.



POTENTIAL PAYMENTS UPON TERMINATION OR CHANGE IN CONTROL

The following information and table set forth the amount of payments to each of our named executives in the event of a termination of employment as a result of retirement, involuntary termination, death, disability, voluntary termination (not for cause), termination for cause, and termination following a change in control.

We do not have employment agreements with any of our named executives and do not have a formal severance policy or arrangement that provides for payments to a named executive in the event of a termination of employment (other than with respect to a termination of employment following a change in control as described below). The Compensation and Management Development Committee has sole discretion to determine the amount, if any, of severance payments and benefits that will be offered to a named executive in the event of a termination. The Compensation Committee believes that it is in the best interests of Sherwin-Williams and our shareholders that executives are treated fairly and equitably upon a termination.

Assumptions and General Principles.

The following assumptions and general principles apply with respect to the following table and any termination of employment of a named executive.

- The amounts shown in the table assume that each named executive was terminated on December 31, 2014. Accordingly, the table reflects amounts earned at December 31, 2014 and includes estimates of amounts that would be paid to the named executive upon the occurrence of a termination or change in control. The actual amounts to be paid to a named executive can only be determined at the time of the termination or change in control.
- A named executive is entitled to receive amounts earned during his term of employment regardless of the manner in which the named executive’s employment is terminated. These amounts include base salary, unused vacation pay and annual cash incentive compensation. These amounts are not shown in the table, except for potential prorated annual cash incentive compensation as described below.
- A named executive must be employed on December 31st to be entitled to receive annual cash incentive compensation pursuant to our 2007 Executive Performance Bonus Plan. In the event a termination occurs on a date other than December 31st, the Compensation Committee has discretion to award the named executive an annual cash incentive compensation payment. Typically, this payment would approximate a prorated amount of the payment the named executive would have received under the plan and takes into consideration the named executive’s performance and contributions to achieving the performance goals under the plan to the date of termination. These annual cash incentive payments have not typically been awarded in the event of a voluntary termination or a termination for cause.

Because we have assumed a December 31, 2014 termination date, each of our named executives is entitled to receive the annual cash incentive compensation payment earned under the plan for 2014. Therefore, the amount set forth in the table for prorated annual cash incentive compensation is the actual annual incentive compensation earned by each named executive during 2014. This amount is also the amount set forth in the “Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation” column of the Summary Compensation Table.

- Our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan includes a “double-trigger” acceleration provision with respect to the vesting of equity awards (granted after our 2010 Annual Meeting) in connection with a change of control. Please refer to the information set forth below under the heading “Change in Control” for a more detailed explanation of the treatment of equity awards under our equity plans in the event of a change in control.



- A named executive may exercise any stock options that are exercisable prior to the date of termination and is entitled to receive unrestricted shares of common stock with respect to any restricted stock awards for which the vesting period has expired prior to the date of termination. The number of unrestricted shares to be received by a named executive will be determined by the Compensation Committee pursuant to the applicable plan. Any payments related to these stock options and restricted stock awards are not included in the table because they are not severance payments.
- A named executive will be entitled to receive all amounts accrued and vested under our retirement and savings programs, including our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan and any pension plans and deferred compensation plans in which the named executive participates. These amounts will be determined and paid in accordance with the applicable plan and are not included in the table because they are not severance payments.

Retirement.

A named executive is eligible to elect retirement upon satisfying the criteria for retirement (age 65, age 55 – 59 with at least 20 years of vesting service or age 60 or older if the combination of age and years of vesting service equal at least 75). In the event of retirement, all outstanding stock options will continue to vest in accordance with their terms, and all outstanding restricted stock awards will continue to vest as if the named executive had continued employment throughout the restriction period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for all outstanding restricted stock awarded prior to 2013, in the event the named executive elects retirement at age 55 – 59 with at least 20 years of vesting service or age 60 or older if the combination of age and years of service equal at least 75, the Compensation Committee has the discretion to cancel all of the named executive’s rights to outstanding restricted stock, continue all rights in full, or prorate the number of shares of restricted stock for the portions of the restricted periods completed as of the date of retirement. The number of unrestricted shares that the named executive will be entitled to receive if the named executive’s rights continue in full or pro rata will be determined in accordance with the plan as if the named executive had remained employed throughout the restriction period.

At December 31, 2014, Messrs. Connor, Hennessy and Oberfeld were eligible for retirement.

Involuntary Termination.

In the event of an involuntary termination not for cause, the Compensation Committee has the sole discretion to determine the amount, if any, of severance payments and benefits that will be offered to a named executive. In making this determination, the Compensation Committee may consider a number of factors, including the reasons for the termination, the named executive’s tenure and performance, the named executive’s personal circumstances and the amount of severance payments, if any, generally offered to executives at other companies in similar positions. Because we do not have sufficient experience with involuntary terminations of executives at the positions of our named executives, we cannot reasonably estimate the amount or range of amounts of severance payments and benefits that would be offered to our named executives. Therefore, although it is reasonably likely that we will offer a severance payment and benefits to a named executive in the event of an involuntary termination not for cause, these amounts are not included in the table.

Death and Disability.

In the event of the death or disability of a named executive, all outstanding stock options will immediately vest and become exercisable, and all shares of restricted stock will immediately vest and become unrestricted. The amounts for stock options reflect the difference between the average of the high and low market price of our common stock (\$264.645) on December 31, 2014 and the exercise price for each option for which vesting accelerated. The amounts for restricted stock reflect the number of shares of restricted stock for which the vesting accelerated multiplied by the average of the high and low market price of our common stock (\$264.645) on December 31, 2014.



In addition, each named executive participates in our executive life insurance program. Under our executive life insurance program, the beneficiary of a named executive is entitled to receive a death benefit based upon the following formulas: (a) if the event occurs prior to age 62, then the death benefit will equal 4 times (for Messrs. Connor, Morikis and Hennessy) or 3.5 times (for Messrs. Oberfeld and Davisson) the named executive's base salary; (b) if the event occurs on or after age 62 and before age 65, then the death benefit will equal 4 times (for Messrs. Connor, Morikis and Hennessy) or 3.5 times (for Messrs. Oberfeld and Davisson) the named executive's base salary at age 62; and (c) if the event occurs at age 65 or older, then the death benefit will equal 2.5 times (for Messrs. Connor, Morikis and Hennessy) or 2.0 times (for Messrs. Oberfeld and Davisson) the named executive's base salary at age 62. All such named executives were less than 62 years of age on December 31, 2014, except that Mr. Oberfeld was 62 years of age.

Each named executive also participates in one of two executive long-term disability programs. The original program was frozen to new participants effective January 1, 2008. Upon the occurrence of a disability under the frozen program, a covered named executive will receive an annual benefit equal to 60% of base salary until the earliest of: (a) age 65; (b) recovery from the disability; (c) the date the named executive begins receiving retirement plan benefits; or (d) death. The second program was adopted as of January 1, 2013 to cover executives not otherwise eligible for the original frozen program and provides substantially similar benefits, subject to a benefit cap of \$35,000 per month, until the earliest of Social Security normal retirement age (or, if age 60 or older at the time of disability, a period of 12 – 60 months depending on the executive's age), recovery from the disability or death. None of the named executives participate in the program adopted in 2013. The amounts set forth in the table reflect the amount of the first annual payment (60% multiplied by the named executive's current base salary) under the programs.

Voluntary Termination and Termination for Cause.

A named executive is not entitled to receive any additional forms of severance payments or benefits upon his voluntary decision to terminate employment with Sherwin-Williams prior to being eligible for retirement or upon termination for cause.

Change in Control.

At our 2010 Annual Meeting, our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan was amended to include a "double-trigger" acceleration provision with respect to the vesting of equity awards (granted after our 2010 Annual Meeting) in connection with a change of control. Upon a change of control, awards that are assumed by the surviving entity will continue to vest and become exercisable in accordance with their original terms unless, within three years after the change of control, the participant's employment is terminated other than for cause or the participant terminates his or her employment for good reason. If a participant's employment is terminated under either of those circumstances, his or her outstanding awards will immediately vest and become exercisable in full. Awards that are not assumed by the surviving entity will also immediately vest and become exercisable in full.

For equity awards granted prior to our 2010 Annual Meeting, upon the occurrence of a change in control, all outstanding stock options will immediately vest and become exercisable and all shares of restricted stock will immediately vest and become unrestricted for all participants under the applicable stock plans, including our named executives. Because all equity awards granted prior to our 2010 Annual Meeting have already fully vested, no amounts are shown in the table for such awards. The amounts set forth in the table assume in the event of a change in control without a termination of employment that all outstanding stock options and shares of restricted stock granted after our 2010 Annual Meeting will be assumed by the surviving entity and will continue to vest and become exercisable in accordance with their original terms.

The amounts shown in the table for stock options reflect the difference between the average of the high and low market price of our common stock (\$264.645) on December 31, 2014 and the exercise



price for each option for which vesting accelerated. The amounts shown in the table for restricted stock reflect the number of shares of restricted stock for which vesting accelerated multiplied by the average of the high and low market price of our common stock (\$264.645) on December 31, 2014.

We have also entered into change in control severance agreements with each of our named executives. Forms of these agreements have been filed as an exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In general, a change of control will be deemed to have occurred under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan and the severance agreements if: (1) a person or group buys 30% or more of Sherwin-Williams common stock (excluding certain purchases by Sherwin-Williams or its benefit plans or purchases approved by Sherwin-Williams or in connection with certain “friendly” business transactions, and excluding certain inadvertent purchases); (2) Sherwin-Williams experiences a turn-over (not approved by Sherwin-Williams) of more than half of its directors during a two-year period; (3) Sherwin-Williams closes a reorganization, merger, consolidation or significant sale of assets resulting in a substantial change in its ownership or leadership; or (4) Sherwin-Williams’ shareholders approve its liquidation or dissolution.

The severance agreements provide that upon a termination of employment following a change in control (other than upon a termination for cause or by reason of death or disability) or if the named executive terminates his employment in certain circumstances defined in the agreement which constitutes good reason, in addition to the accelerated vesting of stock options and restricted stock described above, each will receive:

- a lump sum severance payment in an amount equal to 3 times (with respect to Messrs. Connor, Morikis and Hennessy) or 2.5 times (with respect to Messrs. Oberfeld and Davisson) the sum of (a) the named executive’s highest rate of base salary during the three-year period prior to termination and (b) an amount equal to the greater of (i) the average of the annual cash incentive compensation received by the named executive for each of the three years prior to the date of termination or (ii) the named executive’s target cash incentive compensation for the year in which the termination occurs;
- a lump sum amount equal to the prorated portion of any annual cash incentive compensation earned by the named executive through the date of termination, assuming achievement of the target level of the performance goals;
- eighteen months of continued health care benefits;
- outplacement services in an amount not to exceed 10% of the named executive’s then-current base salary; and
- an amount equal to the excise tax and taxes thereon charged, if any, to the named executive as a result of any change in control payments (provided, however, in the event the aggregate change in control payments do not exceed 115% of the amount which would cause the excise tax to be assessed, the severance payments shall be reduced to a level which would cause no excise tax to apply).



ESTIMATED PAYMENTS UPON TERMINATION OR CHANGE IN CONTROL TABLE

<u>Event</u>	<u>C.M. Connor</u>	<u>J.G. Morikis</u>	<u>S.P. Hennessy</u>	<u>S.J. Oberfeld</u>	<u>R.J. Davisson</u>
Retirement					
Prorated annual cash incentive compensation	\$ 2,468,000	N/A	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	N/A
Total	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 0	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 0
Involuntary Termination					
Prorated annual cash incentive compensation	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 1,029,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 557,000
Total	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 1,029,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 557,000
Death					
Prorated annual cash incentive compensation	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 1,029,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 557,000
Accelerated stock options	9,696,233	3,004,755	2,078,484	1,465,222	1,465,222
Accelerated restricted stock	32,815,980	10,546,103	7,277,738	4,869,468	4,869,468
Life insurance proceeds	4,887,947	3,414,320	2,575,144	2,041,494	1,848,392
Total	\$49,868,160	\$17,994,178	\$12,707,366	\$8,939,184	\$ 8,740,082
Disability					
Prorated annual cash incentive compensation	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 1,029,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 557,000
Accelerated stock options	9,696,233	3,004,755	2,078,484	1,465,222	1,465,222
Accelerated restricted stock	32,815,980	10,546,103	7,277,738	4,869,468	4,869,468
Disability benefits	733,192	512,148	386,272	349,970	316,867
Total	\$45,713,405	\$15,092,006	\$10,518,494	\$7,247,660	\$ 7,208,557
Voluntary Termination and Termination for Cause					
No payments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Change in Control with Termination					
Prorated annual cash incentive compensation	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 1,029,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 557,000
Accelerated stock options	9,696,233	3,004,755	2,078,484	1,465,222	1,465,222
Accelerated restricted stock	32,815,980	10,546,103	7,277,738	4,869,468	4,869,468
Cash severance payment	11,094,960	5,539,044	4,327,358	2,912,377	2,662,780
Continued health care benefits	16,151	23,369	23,541	16,492	22,769
Outplacement services	122,199	85,358	64,379	58,328	52,811
Excise tax	0	0	0	0	3,497,918
Total	\$56,213,523	\$20,227,629	\$14,547,500	\$9,884,887	\$13,127,968



EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

The following table provides information about our common stock that may be issued under our equity compensation plans at December 31, 2014.

<u>Plan Category</u>	<u>Number of Securities to Be Issued upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights ⁽¹⁾</u> <u>(a)</u>	<u>Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights</u> <u>(b)</u>	<u>Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a))⁽²⁾</u> <u>(c)</u>
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	5,699,892 ⁽³⁾	\$117.31	4,604,924
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-0-	—	—
Total	5,699,892 ⁽³⁾	\$117.31	4,604,924

¹ These amounts represent the number of shares of common stock that may be issued in connection with the exercise of outstanding stock options granted under The Sherwin-Williams Company 2003 Stock Plan and The Sherwin-Williams Company 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan. No further grants may be made under our 2003 Stock Plan, although outstanding stock options continue in force in accordance with their terms.

² These amounts include 4,500,781 shares of common stock remaining available for future awards under our 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan and 104,143 shares of common stock remaining available for future awards under our 2006 Stock Plan for Nonemployee Directors.

³ At December 31, 2014, the 5,699,892 outstanding option rights had a weighted-average expected term of 6.57 years.

PROPOSAL 2 — ADVISORY APPROVAL OF COMPENSATION OF NAMED EXECUTIVES

We are asking our shareholders to approve, on an advisory, non-binding basis, the compensation of our named executives as disclosed in this Proxy Statement pursuant to SEC rules. This annual vote is commonly known as “say-on-pay.” This vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our named executives and our executive compensation program and practices described in this Proxy Statement.

We are focused on delivering sustained financial and operating results with the ultimate goal of creating and maximizing long-term value for our shareholders. We believe our executive compensation program has been thoughtfully and appropriately designed and managed to support our overall business goals and strategies, to drive sustained performance and to deliver superior shareholder returns.

Our objective is to ensure that our executive compensation program (a) is competitive by attracting, retaining and motivating talented and high-performing executives, (b) maintains a pay for performance philosophy with a significant percentage of executive pay tightly linked to company and business unit performance, and (c) aligns the interests of our executives with those of our shareholders through significant stock ownership requirements and long-term stock incentive compensation that rewards our executives the way our shareholders are rewarded — through growth in the value of our stock. We believe our program achieves this objective.

The Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes our executive compensation program, including detailed information about how and why we make executive compensation decisions, and the decisions made relating to 2014 compensation. We have included a list of our more significant executive



compensation practices, which promote responsible pay and governance principles and alignment with shareholder interests, in the Executive Summary of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

Accordingly, the Board of Directors requests that you vote “for” the following resolution:

“RESOLVED, that Sherwin-Williams’ shareholders hereby approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the named executives as disclosed pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the SEC, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the compensation tables and any related material disclosed in this Proxy Statement.”

Although this advisory vote on executive compensation is not binding on us, the Board and the Compensation Committee highly value the opinions of our shareholders. The results of this vote will provide information to the Compensation Committee about our executive compensation program, which the Compensation Committee will be able to consider in the future when making executive compensation decisions. We intend to hold this vote annually, with the next vote occurring at our 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote “FOR” Proposal 2 to approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the named executives.



PROPOSAL 3 — APPROVAL OF THE MATERIAL TERMS FOR QUALIFIED PERFORMANCE-BASED COMPENSATION UNDER THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 2006 EQUITY AND PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE PLAN (AMENDED AND RESTATED AS OF FEBRUARY 17, 2015)

The Board of Directors of Sherwin-Williams (the “Board”) has unanimously approved and adopted The Sherwin-Williams Company 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of February 17, 2015) (the “Amended Plan”). The Amended Plan continues to afford the Board the flexibility to design equity-based compensatory awards that are responsive to Sherwin-Williams’ business needs and authorizes a variety of awards designed to advance the interests and long-term success of Sherwin-Williams.

The Sherwin-Williams Company 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of April 21, 2010) (the “Prior Plan”) was last approved by shareholders at the 2010 Annual Meeting. In October 2014, the Prior Plan was amended by the Board (the “First Amendment”). The First Amendment was adopted to clarify that market values per share will be rounded to two decimal places as provided to Sherwin-Williams by its third-party equity plan administrator, and that real-time market values per share will be used for tax withholding purposes. The Amended Plan incorporates the terms of the First Amendment into the Prior Plan and makes certain other non-material changes, including to clarify that: (1) any Sherwin-Williams common stock either tendered or withheld by Sherwin-Williams to satisfy tax withholding obligations will count against the aggregate share limit in the Amended Plan; (2) the minimum one-year performance period for restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares and other stock-based awards will be as determined by the Board for such awards; and (3) the adjustment provisions set forth under Section 11 of the Amended Plan will operate on a mandatory basis in the event of one of the enumerated events or transactions. The changes described in this paragraph did not require shareholder approval under the terms of the Prior Plan or the applicable stock exchange rules and regulations.

Shareholders are not being asked to approve the Amended Plan or the changes made to the Amended Plan from the Prior Plan. Instead, shareholders are only being asked to approve the material terms for “qualified performance-based compensation” under the Amended Plan for purposes of the approval requirements under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). This approval is intended to preserve Sherwin-Williams’ ability to potentially design certain types of awards under the Amended Plan so that they may be able to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” and may permit Sherwin-Williams to benefit from certain tax deductions, under Section 162(m) of the Code.

Section 162(m) of the Code disallows a deduction for certain compensation paid to our Chief Executive Officer and to each of our other three most highly compensated executive officers, other than our Chief Financial Officer, in a taxable year to the extent that compensation to a covered employee exceeds \$1 million for such year. However, some types of compensation, including “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code, are not subject to the deduction limit if the compensation satisfies the requirements of Section 162(m) of the Code. The deduction limit does not apply to compensation paid under a shareholder-approved plan that meets certain requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code. While we believe it is in the best interests of Sherwin-Williams and its shareholders to have the ability to potentially grant “qualified performance-based compensation” under the Amended Plan, we may decide to grant compensation to covered employees that will not qualify as “qualified performance-based compensation” for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code. Moreover, even if we intend to grant compensation that qualifies as “qualified performance-based compensation” for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code under the Amended Plan, we cannot guarantee that such compensation will so qualify or will ultimately be deductible by us.

Generally, compensation attributable to performance-based awards may be deemed to qualify as “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code if: (1) the grant is made



by a committee of outside directors for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code; (2) the plan under which the award is granted states the maximum number of shares with respect to which share-based awards and the maximum amount of cash awards that may be granted to any individual during a specified period of time; and (3) the amount of compensation an individual may receive under the award is based solely on the achievement of one or more pre-established performance goals which incorporate business criteria approved by shareholders. Shareholder approval of this proposal is intended to satisfy the shareholder approval requirements of Section 162(m) of the Code.

Sherwin-Williams is seeking shareholder approval of the material terms for “qualified performance-based compensation” under the Amended Plan, including the performance measures and grant limits under the Amended Plan, as well as the individuals eligible to receive awards under the Amended Plan, to have the flexibility to potentially grant awards under the Amended Plan that may be fully deductible for federal income tax purposes. If Sherwin-Williams’ shareholders approve the material terms for “qualified performance-based compensation” under the Amended Plan, assuming that all other requirements under Section 162(m) of the Code are met, we may be able to obtain tax deductions with respect to awards issued under the Amended Plan to our covered employees without regard to the limitations of Section 162(m) of the Code through the 2020 Annual Meeting (in other words, for five years). If Sherwin-Williams’ shareholders do not approve this proposal, Sherwin-Williams will generally be limited in its ability to make certain performance-based awards.

Sherwin-Williams is not seeking to increase the amount of shares available for issuance or to adjust any of the individual award limits contained in the Amended Plan.

The actual text of the Amended Plan is attached to this Proxy Statement as Appendix B. The following description of the Amended Plan is only a summary of its principal terms and provisions and is qualified by reference to the actual text as set forth in Appendix B.

Section 162(m) Performance Measures.

As discussed above, Sherwin-Williams’ principal reason for submitting this proposal to shareholders is to obtain shareholder approval of the material terms for “qualified performance-based compensation” under the Amended Plan for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code. Such shareholder approval is expected to enable us to structure certain awards so that they may be able to qualify as “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code.

In particular, the Amended Plan includes a list of performance measures upon which the Committee must condition a grant or vesting of a “qualified performance-based award” pursuant to the Amended Plan, which measures are as follows:

- Appreciation in value of shares
- Total shareholder return
- Earnings per share
- Operating income
- Net income
- Pretax earnings
- Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization
- Pro forma net income
- Return on equity
- Return on designated assets
- Any of the above criteria as compared to the performance of a published or a special index deemed applicable by the Board, including, but not limited to, the Standard & Poor’s 500 Stock Index.
- Return on capital
- Economic value added
- Revenues
- Expenses
- Operating profit margin
- Operating cash flow
- Free cash flow
- Cash flow return on investment
- Operating margin or net profit margin



Amended Plan Highlights.

Administration. The Amended Plan will be administered by the Board, except that the Board has the authority to delegate any or all of its powers to the Compensation and Management Development Committee of the Board or another committee of the Board (or a subcommittee). The Board is authorized to interpret the Amended Plan and related agreements and other documents, and any determination by the Board pursuant to any provision of such documents will be final and conclusive. To the extent permitted by Ohio law, the Board may delegate to one or more officers of Sherwin-Williams the authority to grant and determine the terms and conditions of awards granted under the Amended Plan. However, such delegation will not be permitted with respect to awards to any executive officer or any person subject to Section 162(m) of the Code or who is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

Reasonable Amended Plan Limits. Subject to adjustment as described in the Amended Plan, total awards under the Amended Plan are limited to 19,200,000 shares (of which 10,000,000 were approved by shareholders in 2006 and 9,200,000 were approved by shareholders in 2010), plus any shares of common stock relating to awards that expire, are forfeited or are cancelled under the Amended Plan.

Limited Share Recycling Provisions. Subject to the Amended Plan's share counting rules, shares covered by an award shall not be counted as used unless and until they are actually issued and delivered to a participant and the total number of shares available under the Amended Plan as of a given date shall not be reduced by any shares relating to prior awards that have expired or have been forfeited or cancelled. Upon payment in cash of the benefit provided by any award, any shares that were covered by that award will be available for issue or transfer under the Amended Plan. If shares are tendered or otherwise used in payment of the exercise price of an option right, the total number of shares covered by the option right being exercised will count against the total number of shares available under the Amended Plan. Shares tendered or withheld by Sherwin-Williams to satisfy any tax withholding obligation will count against the total number of shares available under the Amended Plan. The number of shares that are repurchased by Sherwin-Williams with option right proceeds will not increase the total number of shares available under the Amended Plan. The number of shares covered by a stock appreciation right (an "SAR"), to the extent that it is exercised and settled in shares, whether or not all shares covered by the award are actually issued to the participant upon exercise of the SAR, will be considered issued or transferred pursuant to the Amended Plan. If, under the Amended Plan, a participant has elected to give up the right to receive compensation in exchange for shares of common stock based on fair market value, such shares will not count against the aggregate plan limit.

No Repricing Without Shareholder Approval. Sherwin-Williams has never repriced underwater stock options or SARs, and the repricing of options and SARs (outside of certain corporate transactions or adjustment events described in the Amended Plan) is prohibited without shareholder approval under the Amended Plan.

Change of Control Definition. The Amended Plan includes a definition of "Change of Control." In general, except as may be otherwise prescribed by the Board in any evidence of award, a change of control will be deemed to have occurred if: (1) a person or group is or becomes the beneficial owner of 30% or more of the combined voting power of Sherwin-Williams' then-outstanding common stock (excluding certain purchases by Sherwin-Williams, its subsidiaries or its benefit plans, purchases approved by Sherwin-Williams or in connection with certain "friendly" business transactions, or purchases pursuant to a transaction that does not result in a substantial change in ownership or leadership, as further described in the Amended Plan, and excluding certain inadvertent purchases); (2) Sherwin-Williams experiences a turnover (not approved by Sherwin-Williams) of more than half of its directors (subject to certain exceptions) during a two-year period; (3) Sherwin-Williams closes a reorganization, merger, consolidation or significant sale of assets, or acquires the stock or assets of another corporation, in each case, resulting in a substantial change in its ownership or leadership, as further described in the Amended Plan; or (4) Sherwin-Williams' shareholders approve its liquidation or dissolution, except pursuant to certain business transactions that do not result in a substantial change in ownership or leadership, as further described in the Amended Plan.



“Double-Trigger” Accelerated Vesting upon Change of Control. The Amended Plan includes a “double-trigger” acceleration provision with respect to the vesting of awards in connection with a change of control. Under the Amended Plan, upon a change of control, awards that are assumed by the surviving entity will continue to vest and become exercisable in accordance with their original terms unless, within three years after the change of control, the participant’s employment is terminated other than for “cause” (as defined in the Amended Plan) or the participant terminates his or her employment for “good reason” (as defined in the Amended Plan). If a participant’s employment is terminated under either of those circumstances, his or her outstanding awards granted under the Amended Plan will immediately vest and become exercisable in full. Awards that are not assumed by the surviving entity will also immediately vest and become exercisable in full.

Clawback. The Amended Plan includes a recoupment, or “clawback” provision, under which any award agreement may provide for the cancellation or forfeiture of an award or the forfeiture and repayment to Sherwin-Williams of any gain related to an award, or other provisions intended to have a similar effect, upon such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board in accordance with Sherwin-Williams’ Executive Adjustment and Recapture Policy (or successor policy).

Other Features. The Amended Plan provides that no stock options or SARs will be granted with an exercise or base price less than the fair market value of Sherwin-Williams common stock on the date of grant.

Summary of the Other Material Provisions of the Amended Plan.

Shares Subject to the Amended Plan. Subject to adjustment as provided in the Amended Plan, the number of shares of Sherwin-Williams common stock that may be issued or transferred:

- upon the exercise of option rights or SARs;
- as restricted stock and released from substantial risks of forfeiture;
- in payment of restricted stock units;
- in payment of performance shares or performance units that have been earned;
- in payment of dividend equivalents paid with respect to awards; or
- as other stock-based awards or in payment of other stock-based awards;

will not exceed in the aggregate 19,200,000, plus any shares relating to awards that expire, are forfeited or are cancelled under the Amended Plan. These shares may be shares of original issuance or treasury shares or a combination of the foregoing. Up to 5% of the maximum number of shares of common stock available under the Amended Plan may be used for awards that do not comply with the three-year and one-year vesting requirements applicable to such awards as described below.

The aggregate number of shares of common stock actually issued or transferred by Sherwin-Williams upon the exercise of incentive stock options will not exceed 19,200,000 shares. No participant will be granted option rights or SARs, in the aggregate, for more than 500,000 shares of common stock during any calendar year, and no participant will be granted restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares or other share-based awards that are intended to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code, in the aggregate, for more than 200,000 shares of common stock during any calendar year. No participant will receive in any calendar year an award of performance units intended to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code with an aggregate maximum value in excess of \$5,000,000. No participant will receive in any calendar year other share-based awards payable in cash and intended to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code with an aggregate maximum value in excess of \$5,000,000. The foregoing limits are subject to certain adjustments as provided in the Amended Plan.

Each share of common stock issued or transferred pursuant to an award of option rights or SARs will reduce the aggregate number of shares available under the Amended Plan by one share of common



stock. Each share of common stock issued or transferred (and in the case of shares of restricted stock, released from all substantial risks of forfeiture) pursuant to an award other than of option rights or SARs will reduce the aggregate number of shares available under the Amended Plan by one share of common stock if issued or transferred pursuant to an award granted prior to April 21, 2010 and two shares of common stock if issued or transferred pursuant to an award granted on or after April 21, 2010. Any shares of common stock that again become available for issuance under the Amended Plan will be added back to the aggregate plan limit in this same manner.

Eligibility. Officers and employees of Sherwin-Williams and its subsidiaries or any person who has agreed to commence serving in any of those capacities within 90 days of the date of grant may be selected by the Board to receive benefits under the Amended Plan. Persons who provide services to Sherwin-Williams or a subsidiary that are substantially equivalent to those typically provided by an employee may also be selected by the Board to receive benefits under the Amended Plan. The selection of those officers and employees who will receive awards, and the number of shares subject to awards, is entirely within the discretion of the Board. The current number of officers and employees likely to be selected to participate is approximately 10 and 2,000, respectively.

Option Rights. Option rights may be granted that entitle the optionee to purchase a specified number of shares of common stock at a price not less than the fair market value per share on the date of grant. Each grant of option rights will specify whether the option price will be payable (1) in cash or by check or wire transfer; (2) by transfer to Sherwin-Williams of shares of common stock owned by the optionee having a value equal to the option price; (3) by a combination of such payment methods; or (4) by such other methods as may be approved by the Board.

To the extent permitted by law, any grant of an option right may provide for deferred payment of the option price from the proceeds of sale through a broker of some or all of the shares to which the exercise relates. The market price of Sherwin-Williams' shares of common stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange on February 24, 2015, was \$289.81 per share.

Option rights that are awarded may consist of (1) options intended to qualify under particular provisions of the Code; (2) options not intended to so qualify; or (3) a combination of the foregoing.

Incentive stock options may only be granted to participants who satisfy the definition of "employee" under Section 3401(c) of the Code.

No option right may be exercisable more than ten years from the date of grant. Each grant will specify the period or periods of continuous service with Sherwin-Williams or any subsidiary that is necessary before the option rights or installments thereof will become exercisable. A grant of option rights may provide for the earlier vesting of such option rights in the event of the retirement, death or disability of the participant or a change of control of Sherwin-Williams. Successive grants may be made to the same optionee whether or not option rights previously granted remain unexercised. Any grant of option rights may specify management objectives that must be achieved as a condition to exercising such rights. Before the exercise of such rights, the Board must determine that the management objectives have been satisfied. The exercise of an option right will result in the cancellation on a share-for-share basis of any related tandem SAR. Option rights will be subject to an evidence of award containing such terms and provisions, consistent with the Amended Plan, as the Board may approve.

SARs. An SAR is a right, exercisable by surrender of the related option right (if granted in tandem with option rights) or by itself (if granted as a free-standing SAR), to receive from Sherwin-Williams an amount not exceeding 100% of the spread between the base price established for the SAR (or option price if a tandem SAR) and the value of a share of common stock on the date of exercise. Any grant may specify that the amount payable on exercise of an SAR may be paid in cash, in shares of common stock, or in any combination of cash and shares, and may either grant to the participant or retain in the Board the right to elect among those alternatives. Any SAR grant may specify that the amount payable on exercise may not exceed a maximum specified by the Board at the time of grant. Any grant may specify waiting periods before exercise and permissible exercise dates and periods. Any grant of an SAR may



specify that such SAR be exercised only in the event of, or earlier in the event of, the retirement, death or disability of the participant or a change of control of Sherwin-Williams. Any grant of SARs may specify management objectives that must be achieved as a condition to exercise such rights. Before the exercise of such SARs, the Board must determine that the management objectives have been satisfied. SARs will be subject to an evidence of award containing such terms and provisions, consistent with the Amended Plan, as the Board may approve.

Tandem SARs may generally be granted at any time prior to the exercise or termination of the related option rights, but a tandem SAR awarded in relation to an incentive stock option must be granted concurrently with such incentive stock option. Tandem SARs may be exercised only when the related option right is exercisable and the spread is positive, and requires that the related option right be surrendered for cancellation. Successive grants of tandem SARs may be made to the same participant regardless of whether any tandem SAR previously granted to the participant remains unexercised.

Free-Standing SARs must have a base price that is not less than the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant. Successive grants of free-standing SARs may be made to the same participant regardless of whether any free-standing SARs granted to such participant remain unexercised. No free-standing SAR may be exercised more than ten years from the date of grant.

Restricted Stock. A grant or sale of restricted stock constitutes the immediate transfer by Sherwin-Williams to a participant of ownership of a specific number of shares of common stock in consideration of the performance of services. The participant is entitled immediately to voting, dividend and other ownership rights in such shares, but subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture and restrictions on transfer, as described below. Such grant or sale may be made without additional consideration or in consideration of a payment by the participant that is less than current fair market value of common stock.

Restricted stock that vests solely upon the passage of time must be subject to a "substantial risk of forfeiture" within the meaning of Section 83 of the Code for a period of time determined by the Board on the date of grant, but no less than three years (but may vest ratably on an annual basis during the three-year period as determined by the Board at the date of grant), except in the case of the retirement, death or disability of the participant or the change of control of Sherwin-Williams. To enforce these forfeiture provisions, the transferability of restricted stock will be prohibited or restricted in a manner and to the extent prescribed by the Board on the date of grant for the applicable period.

Any grant of restricted stock may specify management objectives that, if achieved, will result in termination or early termination of the restrictions applicable to such shares. If the grant of restricted stock provides for management objectives, the restrictions cannot lapse sooner than after one year, but may provide for earlier lapse in the event of the retirement, death or disability of the participant or the change of control of Sherwin-Williams. The Board may grant some awards, including shares of restricted stock, that are not subject to these minimum vesting requirements, so long as the aggregate number of such awards does not exceed 5% of the maximum numbers of shares of common stock available under the Amended Plan.

Any grant of restricted stock may also specify in respect of management objectives a minimum acceptable level of achievement and may set forth a formula for determining the number of shares of restricted stock on which restrictions will terminate if performance is at or above the minimum level, but below full achievement of the management objectives. Before termination or early termination of the restrictions, the Board must determine that the management objectives have been satisfied. Any grant or sale of restricted stock may require that any dividends or other distributions paid thereon during the period of the restrictions be automatically deferred and reinvested in additional shares of restricted stock, which may be subject to the same restrictions as the underlying award. However, dividends or other distributions on restricted stock subject to restrictions that lapse as the result of the achievement of management objectives will be deferred until, and paid contingent upon, the achievement of the management objectives. Restricted stock will be subject to an evidence of award containing such terms and provisions, consistent with the Amended Plan, as the Board may approve.



Restricted Stock Units. A grant of restricted stock units constitutes an agreement by Sherwin-Williams to deliver shares of common stock or cash to the participant in the future in consideration of the performance of services, but subject to the fulfillment of such conditions (which may include the achievement of management objectives) during the restriction period as the Board may specify. Awards of restricted stock units may be made without additional consideration or in consideration of a payment by such participant that is less than the fair market value per share at the date of grant. During the restriction period, the participant has no right to transfer any rights under his or her award and no rights of ownership in the underlying shares and no right to vote them, but the Board may, at the date of grant, authorize the payment of dividend equivalents on such restricted stock units on either a current or deferred or contingent basis, either in cash or in additional shares of common stock. However, dividend equivalents on restricted stock units subject to a restriction period that lapses as a result of the achievement of management objectives will be deferred until, and paid contingent upon, the achievement of the applicable management objectives. Each grant or sale will specify the time and manner of payment of restricted stock units that have been earned. Any grant or sale may specify that the amount payable may be paid in cash, in shares of common stock or in any combination thereof and may either grant to the participant or retain in the Board the right to elect among those alternatives.

If a restricted stock unit's restriction period lapses only by the passage of time rather than the achievement of management objectives, each such grant or sale will be subject to a restriction period of not less than three years, except that a grant or sale may provide that the restriction period will expire not sooner than ratably on an annual basis during the three-year period as determined by the Board at the date of grant. The Board may provide for a shorter restriction period in the event of the retirement, death or disability of the participant or a change of control of Sherwin-Williams. Any grant of restricted stock units may specify management objectives that, if achieved, will result in termination or early termination of the restriction period. If the grant of restricted stock units provides for management objectives, the restriction period cannot lapse sooner than after one year, but may be subject to earlier lapse in the event of the retirement, death or disability of the participant or a change of control of Sherwin-Williams. Any such grant may also specify in respect of such management objectives a minimum acceptable level of achievement and may set forth a formula for determining the number of restricted stock units on which the restriction period will terminate if performance is at or above the minimum level, but below full achievement of the management objectives. Before the termination or early termination of the restrictions applicable to such restricted stock units, the Board must determine that the management objectives have been satisfied. Restricted stock units will be subject to an evidence of award containing such terms and provisions, consistent with the Amended Plan, as the Board may approve.

Performance Shares and Performance Units. A performance share is the equivalent of one share of common stock and a performance unit is the equivalent of \$1.00 or such other value as determined by the Board. Each grant of performance shares or performance units will specify the number of performance shares or performance units to which it pertains, which number may be subject to adjustment to reflect changes in compensation or other factors. However, no such adjustment will be made in the case of an award that is intended to qualify as "qualified performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m) of the Code (other than in connection with the death or disability of the participant or a change of control) if such action would result in the loss of the otherwise available exemption of the award under Section 162(m) of the Code. Any grant of performance shares or performance units will specify management objectives which, if achieved, will result in payment or early payment of the award, and each grant may specify in respect of such specified management objectives a minimum acceptable level or levels of achievement and will set forth a formula for determining the number of performance shares or performance units that will be earned if performance is at or above the level(s), but falls short of full achievement of the specified management objectives. The grant of performance shares or performance units will specify that, before the performance shares or performance units will be earned and paid, the Board must determine that the management objectives have been satisfied. The specified performance period will be a period of time not less than



one year, except in the case of the retirement, death or disability of the participant or a change of control of Sherwin-Williams, if the Board shall so determine.

To the extent earned, the performance shares or performance units will be paid to the participant at the time and in the manner determined by the Board. Any grant may specify that the amount payable may be paid in cash, shares of common stock or any combination thereof and may either grant to the participant or retain in the Board the right to elect among those alternatives. The grant may provide for the payment of dividend equivalents in cash or in shares of common stock on a deferred basis contingent upon the achievement of the applicable management objectives. Performance shares and performance units will be subject to an evidence of award containing such terms and provisions, consistent with the Amended Plan, as the Board may approve.

Other Awards. The Board may grant to any participant such other awards that may be denominated or payable in, valued in whole or in part by reference to, or otherwise based on, or related to, shares of common stock or factors that may influence the value of such shares, including, without limitation:

- convertible or exchangeable debt securities;
- other rights convertible or exchangeable into shares of common stock;
- purchase rights for shares of common stock;
- awards with value and payment contingent upon performance of Sherwin-Williams or specified subsidiaries, affiliates or other business units or any other factors designated by the Board; and
- awards valued by reference to the book value of shares of common stock or the value of securities of, or the performance of specified subsidiaries or affiliates or other business units of Sherwin-Williams.

The Board will determine the terms and conditions of such other awards. Shares of common stock delivered pursuant to an award in the nature of a purchase right will be purchased for such consideration and paid for at such time, by such methods, and in such forms, including, without limitation, cash, shares of common stock, other awards, notes or other property, as the Board determines.

Cash awards, as an element of or supplement to any other award granted under the Amended Plan, may also be granted under the Amended Plan. The Board may grant shares of common stock as a bonus, or may grant other awards in lieu of obligations of Sherwin-Williams or any of its subsidiaries to pay cash or deliver other property under the Amended Plan or under other plans or compensatory arrangements, subject to such terms as determined by the Board in a manner that complies with Section 409A of the Code.

If the earning or vesting of, or elimination of restrictions applicable to, other awards is based only on the passage of time rather than the achievement of management objectives, the period of time will be no shorter than three years, except that the restrictions may be removed no sooner than ratably on an annual basis during the three-year period as determined by the Board at the date of grant. If the earning or vesting of, or elimination of restrictions applicable to, other awards is based on the achievement of management objectives, the earning, vesting or restriction period may not terminate sooner than after one year.

Management Objectives. The Amended Plan requires that the Board establish “management objectives” for purposes of performance shares and performance units. When so determined by the Board, option rights, SARs, restricted stock, restricted stock units, other awards or dividend credits may also specify management objectives. Management objectives may be described in terms of company-wide objectives or objectives that are related to the performance of the individual participant or of the subsidiary, division, department, region or function within Sherwin-Williams or the subsidiary in which the participant is employed. The management objectives may be made relative to the performance of



one or more other companies or subsidiaries, divisions, departments, regions or functions within such other companies, and may be made relative to an index or one or more of the performance criteria themselves. The Board may grant awards subject to management objectives that are or are not intended to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code. The management objectives applicable to any award intended to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code to a participant who is, or likely to become, a “covered employee,” within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code, will be based on one or more, or a combination, of the criteria set forth in the Amended Plan, as further described under “Section 162(m) Performance Measures” above.

If the Board determines that a change in the business, operations, corporate structure or capital structure of Sherwin-Williams, or the manner in which it conducts its business, or other events or circumstances render the management objectives unsuitable, the Board may, in its discretion, modify such management objectives or the related level or levels of achievement, in whole or in part, as the Board deems appropriate and equitable, except in the case of an award intended to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code (other than in connection with a change of control) where such action would result in the loss of the otherwise available exemption of the award under Section 162(m) of the Code. In such case, the Board will not make any modification of the management objectives or the level or levels of achievement with respect to such award.

Adjustments. The Board shall make or provide for such adjustments in the number or kind of shares covered by outstanding awards under the Amended Plan and, if applicable, the option price or base price per share applicable thereto, as the Board, in its sole discretion, shall determine is equitably required to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of participants that otherwise would result from any stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, spin-off, split-off, spin-out, reorganization, liquidation, issuance of rights or warrants, and similar events. In the event of any such transaction or event, the Board, in its discretion, shall provide in substitution for any or all outstanding awards under the Amended Plan such alternative consideration (including cash), if any, as it shall determine to be equitable in the circumstances and may require the surrender of all awards so replaced in a manner that complies with Section 409A of the Code. In addition, for each option right or SAR with an option price or base price greater than the consideration offered in connection with any such transaction or event or change of control, the Board may in its sole discretion elect to cancel such option right or SAR without any payment. The Board will also make or provide for such adjustments in the number of shares available under the Amended Plan and the other limitations contained in the Amended Plan as the Board shall determine appropriate to reflect any transaction or event described above. However, any such adjustment to the number of shares of common stock available for the grant of incentive stock options will be made only if and to the extent that such adjustment would not cause any option intended to qualify as an incentive stock option to fail to so qualify.

Change of Control. The treatment of outstanding awards upon a change of control depends on whether or not the awards are assumed by the entity effecting the change of control. Upon the occurrence of a change of control (as described above), any awards made to a participant under the Amended Plan that are assumed (as such concept is described in the Amended Plan) by the surviving entity will continue to vest and become exercisable in accordance with the terms of the original grant unless, during the three-year period commencing on the date of the change of control, the participant is involuntarily terminated for reasons other than for “cause” (as defined in the Amended Plan) or the participant terminates his or her employment for “good reason” (as defined in the Amended Plan). If a participant’s employment is terminated under such circumstances, any outstanding option rights and SARs will become fully vested and exercisable, any restrictions that apply to awards made pursuant to the Amended Plan will lapse, and awards made pursuant to the Amended Plan that are subject to management objectives will immediately be earned or vest and will become immediately payable in



accordance with their terms as if 100% of the management objectives have been achieved, on the date of termination.

Upon the occurrence of a change of control, any awards made under the Amended Plan that are not assumed by the entity effecting the change of control will become fully vested and exercisable on the date of the change of control or will immediately vest and become immediately payable in accordance with their terms as if 100% of the applicable management objectives have been achieved, and any restrictions that apply to such awards will lapse.

For each option right and SAR, the participant will receive a payment equal to the difference between the consideration (consisting of cash or other property (including securities of a successor or parent corporation)) received by holders of common stock in the change of control transaction and the exercise price of the applicable option right or SAR, if such difference is positive. Such payment will be made in the same form as the consideration received by holders of common stock. Any option rights or SARs with an option price or base price that is higher than the per share consideration received by holders of common stock in connection with the change of control will be cancelled for no additional consideration.

The participant will receive the consideration (consisting of cash or other property (including securities of a successor or parent corporation)) that such participant would have received in the change of control transaction had he or she been, immediately prior to such transaction, a holder of the number of shares of common stock equal to the number of restricted stock units and/or shares of restricted stock covered by the award and the number of shares of common stock payable for awards subject to management objectives. These payments that are made as a result of a change of control will be made at the same time as consideration is paid to the holders of the common stock in connection with the change of control.

If the change of control does not constitute a change of control for purposes of Section 409A of the Code and the payment or benefit constitutes a deferral of compensation under Section 409A of the Code, then, to the extent necessary to comply with Section 409A of the Code, payment or delivery will be made on the date of payment or delivery originally provided for such payment or benefit.

Transferability. No option right or SAR granted under the Amended Plan is transferable by a participant, except upon death, by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. Except as otherwise determined by the Board, option rights and SARs are exercisable during the participant's lifetime only by him or her or by his or her guardian or legal representative. In no event may any award granted under the Amended Plan be transferred for value.

The Board may specify at the date of grant that part or all of the shares of common stock will be subject to further restrictions on transfer if such shares are:

- to be issued or transferred by Sherwin-Williams upon exercise of option rights or SARs, upon termination of the restriction period applicable to restricted stock units or upon payment under any grant of performance shares, performance units or other awards; or
- no longer subject to the substantial risk of forfeiture and restrictions on transfer with respect to restricted stock.

Withholding Taxes. To the extent Sherwin-Williams is required to withhold federal, state, local or foreign taxes in connection with any payment made or benefit realized by a participant or other person under the Amended Plan, and the amounts available to Sherwin-Williams for such withholding are insufficient, it will be a condition to the receipt of such payment or the realization of such benefit that the participant or such other person make arrangements satisfactory to Sherwin-Williams for payment of the balance of such taxes required to be withheld, which arrangements (in the discretion of the Board) may include relinquishment of a portion of such benefit.

If a participant's benefit is to be received in the form of common stock, and such participant fails to make arrangements for the payment of tax, Sherwin-Williams shall withhold such number of shares of



common stock having a value equal to the amount required to be withheld. Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless otherwise provided by the Board, when a participant is required to pay Sherwin-Williams an amount required to be withheld under applicable income and employment tax laws, the participant may elect to satisfy the obligation, in whole or in part, by electing to have withheld, from the shares required to be delivered to the participant, such number of shares of common stock having a value equal to the amount required to be withheld (except in the case of restricted stock where an election under Section 83(b) of the Code has been made), or by delivering to Sherwin-Williams other shares of common stock held by such participant. The shares used for tax withholding will be valued at an amount equal to the real-time fair market value per share of the common stock at the time of exercise or vesting or when the benefit is to be included in the participant's income. In no event will the fair market value of the shares of common stock to be withheld and/or delivered pursuant to the tax withholding provision of the Amended Plan to satisfy applicable withholding taxes in connection with the benefit exceed the minimum amount of taxes required to be withheld. Participants shall also make such arrangements as Sherwin-Williams may require for the payment of any withholding tax obligation that may arise in connection with the disposition of shares of common stock acquired upon the exercise of option rights.

Effective Date. The Sherwin-Williams Company 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan first became effective April 20, 2006, the date immediately following the date it was first approved by shareholders. The Prior Plan became effective April 21, 2010, the date immediately following the date the Prior Plan was approved by shareholders. The Amended Plan is effective as of February 17, 2015.

Amendments. The Board may amend the Amended Plan from time to time without further approval by Sherwin-Williams' shareholders, except that an amendment will be subject to shareholder approval if such amendment (1) would materially increase the benefits accruing to participants; (2) would materially increase the number of securities which may be issued under the Amended Plan; (3) would materially modify the requirements for participation in the Amended Plan; or (4) must otherwise be approved by the shareholders in order to comply with applicable law or the rules and regulations of the New York Stock Exchange. In addition, except in connection with a corporate transaction or event described in the Amended Plan, the terms of outstanding awards may not be amended to reduce the option price of outstanding option rights or the base price of outstanding SARs, or cancel outstanding option rights or SARs in exchange for cash, other awards or option rights or SARs with an option price or base price, as applicable, that is less than the option price of the original option rights or base price of the original SARs, as applicable, without shareholder approval.

If permitted by Section 409A of the Code, but subject to the next paragraph, in the case of a termination of employment by reason of death, disability or normal or early retirement of a participant who holds an option right or SAR not immediately exercisable in full, or any shares of restricted stock as to which the substantial risk of forfeiture or the prohibition or restriction on transfer has not lapsed, or any restricted stock units as to which the restriction period has not been completed, or any performance shares or performance units which have not been fully earned, or any other awards made pursuant to the Amended Plan that have not been fully earned or that are subject to any vesting schedule or transfer restriction, or who holds shares of common stock subject to any other transfer restriction imposed pursuant to the Amended Plan, or in the case of a change of control, the Board may, in its sole discretion, accelerate the time at which such option right, SAR or other award may be exercised or the time at which such substantial risk of forfeiture or prohibition or restriction on transfer will lapse or the time when such restriction period will end or the time at which such performance shares or performance units will be deemed to have been fully earned or the time when such other awards will be deemed to have been fully earned or vested or that such transfer restriction will terminate or may waive any other limitation or requirement under any such award.

Subject to the prohibition on option and SAR repricing described above, the Board may amend the terms of any award granted under the Amended Plan prospectively or retroactively, except in the case of an award intended to satisfy the requirements for "qualified performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m) of the Code (other than in connection with the participant's death or disability, or a



change of control) where such action would result in the loss of the otherwise available exemption of the award under Section 162(m) of the Code. In such case, the Board will not make any modification of the management objectives or the level or levels of achievement with respect to such award. Subject to adjustments (as described above), no such amendment will impair the rights of any participant without his or her consent. The Board may, in its discretion, terminate the Amended Plan at any time. Termination of the Amended Plan will not affect the rights of participants or their successors under any awards outstanding and not exercised in full on the date of termination.

“Qualified Performance-Based Compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code. The Amended Plan contains various provisions intended to help Sherwin-Williams administer the Amended Plan in a manner that may permit awards to be designed to satisfy the requirements for “qualified performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m) of the Code.

Term of the Amended Plan. No grant will be made under the Amended Plan after April 20, 2020 (more than ten years after the date on which the Amended Plan was first approved by Sherwin-Williams’ shareholders), but all grants made on or prior to such date will continue in effect thereafter subject to the terms thereof and of the Amended Plan.

Federal Income Tax Consequences.

The following is a brief summary of some of the federal income tax consequences of certain transactions under the Amended Plan based on federal income tax laws in effect. This summary, which is presented for the information of shareholders considering how to vote on this proposal and not for Amended Plan participants, is not intended to be complete and does not describe federal taxes other than income taxes (such as Medicare or Social Security taxes), or state, local or foreign tax consequences.

Tax Consequences to Participants.

Non-qualified Option Rights. In general, (1) no income will be recognized by an optionee at the time a non-qualified option right is granted; (2) at the time of exercise of a non-qualified option right, ordinary income will be recognized by the optionee in an amount equal to the difference between the option price paid for the shares and the fair market value of the shares, if unrestricted, on the date of exercise; and (3) at the time of sale of shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of a non-qualified option right, appreciation (or depreciation) in value of the shares after the date of exercise will be treated as either short-term or long-term capital gain (or loss) depending on how long the shares have been held.

Incentive Option Rights. No income generally will be recognized by an optionee upon the grant or exercise of an incentive stock option. The exercise of an incentive stock option, however, may result in alternative minimum tax liability. If shares of common stock are issued to the optionee pursuant to the exercise of an incentive stock option, and if no disqualifying disposition of such shares is made by such optionee within two years after the date of grant or within one year after the transfer of such shares to the optionee, then upon sale of such shares, any amount realized in excess of the option price will be taxed to the optionee as a long-term capital gain and any loss sustained will be a long-term capital loss.

If shares of common stock acquired upon the exercise of an incentive stock option are disposed of prior to the expiration of either holding period described above, the optionee generally will recognize ordinary income in the year of disposition in an amount equal to the excess (if any) of the fair market value of such shares at the time of exercise (or, if less, the amount realized on the disposition of such shares if a sale or exchange) over the option price paid for such shares. Any further gain (or loss) realized by the participant generally will be taxed as short-term or long-term capital gain (or loss) depending on the holding period.

SARs. No income will be recognized by a participant in connection with the grant of a tandem SAR or a free-standing SAR. When the SAR is exercised, the participant normally will be required to



include as taxable ordinary income in the year of exercise an amount equal to the amount of cash received and the fair market value of any unrestricted shares of common stock received on the exercise.

Restricted Stock. The recipient of restricted stock generally will be subject to tax at ordinary income rates on the fair market value of the restricted stock (reduced by any amount paid by the participant for such restricted stock) at such time as the shares are no longer subject to forfeiture or restrictions on transfer for purposes of Section 83 of the Code (or Restrictions). However, a recipient who so elects under Section 83(b) of the Code within 30 days of the date of transfer of the shares will have taxable ordinary income on the date of transfer of the shares equal to the excess of the fair market value of such shares (determined without regard to the Restrictions) over the purchase price, if any, of such restricted stock. If a Section 83(b) election has not been made, any dividends received with respect to restricted stock that is subject to the Restrictions generally will be treated as compensation that is taxable as ordinary income to the participant.

Restricted Stock Units. No income generally will be recognized upon the award of restricted stock units. Any subsequent transfer of unrestricted shares of common stock or cash in satisfaction of such award will generally result in the recipient recognizing ordinary income at the time of transfer, in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of cash and the fair market value of the unrestricted shares of common stock received over the amount paid, if any, by the participant, and the capital gains/loss holding period for such shares will also commence on such date.

Performance Shares and Performance Units. No income generally will be recognized upon the grant of performance shares or performance units. Upon payment in respect of the earn-out of performance shares or performance units, the recipient generally will be required to include as taxable ordinary income in the year of receipt an amount equal to the amount of cash received and the fair market value of any unrestricted shares of common stock received.

Tax Consequences to Sherwin-Williams and Its Subsidiaries.

To the extent that a participant recognizes ordinary income in the circumstances described above, Sherwin-Williams or the subsidiary for which the participant performs services will be entitled to a corresponding deduction provided that, among other things, the income meets the test of reasonableness, is an ordinary and necessary business expense, is not an “excess parachute payment” within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and is not disallowed by the \$1 million limitation on certain executive compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code. In this regard, certain types of awards under the Amended Plan, such as time-vested restricted stock and restricted stock units, cannot qualify as performance-based awards under Section 162(m), and in other cases awards may fail to qualify if all requirements for qualification are not met in connection with such awards.

New Plan Benefits.

It is not possible to determine specific amounts and types of awards that may be awarded in the future under the Amended Plan because the grant and actual settlement of awards under the Amended Plan are subject to the discretion of the plan administrators.

<p style="text-align: center;"><i>The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote “FOR” Proposal 3 to approve the material terms for qualified performance-based compensation under the Amended Plan.</i></p>
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**PROPOSAL 4 — RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF THE
INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

The Audit Committee has appointed Ernst & Young LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm to audit our consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. Ernst & Young LLP acted as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Additional information regarding the services provided to us by Ernst & Young LLP during 2014 is set forth below under the heading entitled “Matters Relating to the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.”

Representatives of Ernst & Young LLP are expected to be present at the Annual Meeting and will have an opportunity to make a statement if they wish and to respond to appropriate shareholder questions.

Although shareholder ratification is not required under the laws of the State of Ohio, we are submitting the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP to our shareholders for ratification at the Annual Meeting as a matter of good corporate practice in order to provide a means by which our shareholders may communicate their opinion to the Audit Committee. If our shareholders do not ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP, the Audit Committee will reconsider the appointment.

***The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote “FOR”
Proposal 4 to ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP
as Sherwin-Williams’ independent registered public accounting firm.***



MATTERS RELATING TO THE INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Fees Paid to Ernst & Young LLP.

The following table sets forth the fees for services provided by Ernst & Young LLP during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2014.

	2014	2013
Audit Fees	\$3,339,000	\$3,569,600
Audit-Related Fees	120,000	210,000
Tax Fees	542,000	319,600
All Other Fees	-0-	-0-
Total	\$4,001,000	\$4,099,200

The following is a description of the nature of the services comprising the fees disclosed in the table above for each of the four categories of services.

Audit Fees. These are fees for professional services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP for the integrated audit of our annual consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, the review of financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, certain audits of foreign subsidiary financial statements required by local statutes, and services that are typically rendered in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees. These are fees for assurance and related services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or the review of our financial statements that are not included as audit fees. These services include employee benefit plan audits, consultation on accounting matters in foreign jurisdictions, due diligence related to mergers and acquisitions, and consultation on financial accounting and reporting.

Tax Fees. These are fees for professional services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP with respect to tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services include the review of certain tax returns, tax audit assistance in foreign jurisdictions, and consulting on tax planning matters.

All Other Fees. These are fees for other services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP that do not meet the above category descriptions and are permissible under applicable laws and regulations.

Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policy.

The Audit Committee is responsible for pre-approving all audit services and permitted non-audit services (including the fees and retention terms) to be performed for us by Ernst & Young LLP prior to their engagement for such services. The Audit Committee has adopted a pre-approval policy pursuant to which the Audit Committee establishes detailed pre-approved categories of non-audit services that may be performed by Ernst & Young LLP during the fiscal year, subject to dollar limitations set by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has also delegated to the chair of the Audit Committee the authority to pre-approve all audit and non-audit services when the entire Audit Committee is unable to pre-approve services. The chair reports to the Audit Committee at its next meeting all such services pre-approved since the last meeting.

None of the fees paid to Ernst & Young LLP under the categories Audit-Related, Tax and All Other were approved by the Audit Committee after the services were rendered pursuant to the de minimis exception established by the SEC.



SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth, as to each director and nominee, each named executive and all directors and executive officers as a group, information regarding the amount and nature of shares of our common stock beneficially owned at December 31, 2014. Unless otherwise noted, all of the directors, nominees and executive officers have sole voting and investment power over the shares of common stock listed or share voting and investment power with his or her spouse, except as otherwise provided below.

<u>Name of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Common Stock Beneficially Owned^(1,2,3,4)</u>	<u>Percent of Common Stock Beneficially Owned</u>
A. F. Anton	13,409	*
C. M. Connor	1,115,909	1.17%
R. J. Davisson	40,083	*
S. P. Hennessy	144,165	*
D. F. Hodnik	11,172	*
T. G. Kadien	8,930	*
R. J. Kramer	4,072	*
S. J. Kropf	13,259	*
J. G. Morikis	179,357	*
S. J. Oberfeld	169,752	*
C. A. Poon	658	*
R. K. Smucker	29,584	*
J. M. Stropki	8,839	*
M. Thornton III	542	*
All directors and executive officers as a group	1,922,260	2.01%

* Represents less than 1% of the total number of shares of common stock outstanding.

- ¹ These amounts include shares of common stock held under plans offered by Sherwin-Williams for which the directors and executive officers have the right to direct the vote, including the following approximate number of shares held under our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan: Mr. Connor (49,325), Mr. Davisson (8,183), Mr. Hennessy (18,685), Mr. Morikis (16,946), Mr. Oberfeld (475) and all executive officers as a group (126,695).
- ² These amounts include shares of restricted stock owned over which employees and directors have voting power, but no investment power until restrictions lapse.
- ³ These amounts include the following number of shares of common stock for which the directors and executive officers have the right to acquire beneficial ownership, within sixty days from December 31, 2014, through the exercise of stock options: Mr. Connor (569,251), Mr. Davisson (13,500), Mr. Hennessy (49,000), Mr. Morikis (66,724), Mr. Oberfeld (74,323) and all directors and executive officers as a group (845,908).
- ⁴ These amounts do not include the following approximate number of shares of shadow stock owned by directors under our Director Deferred Fee Plan: Mr. Kadien (2,077), Mrs. Kropf (15,164) and all directors as a group (17,241). Under our Director Deferred Fee Plan, directors may defer payment of all or a portion of their director fees into a shadow stock account. Directors have no voting rights associated with shadow stock, and ownership of shadow stock does not result in any beneficial ownership of common stock.



SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The following table sets forth, as to each beneficial owner known to us to own more than 5% of our common stock, information regarding shares owned by each at December 31, 2014.

<u>Name of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</u>	<u>Percent of Class</u>
The Sherwin-Williams Company Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan 101 West Prospect Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44115	12,456,468 ⁽¹⁾	13.2%
T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. 100 E. Pratt Street Baltimore, Maryland 21202	9,675,650 ⁽²⁾	10.0%
The Vanguard Group 100 Vanguard Boulevard Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355	7,085,951 ⁽³⁾	7.4%

- ¹ Shares of common stock owned pursuant to our Employee Stock Purchase and Savings Plan are voted by the trustee in accordance with written instructions of plan participants. If no instructions are received by the trustee, the trustee votes such shares in the same proportion as it votes those shares for which it receives proper instructions.
- ² Based on a Schedule 13G filed on February 11, 2015, these securities are owned by various individual and institutional investors, which T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. (Price Associates) serves as an investment adviser with power to direct investments and/or sole power to vote the securities. For the purposes of the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Price Associates is deemed to be a beneficial owner of such securities; however, Price Associates expressly disclaims that it is, in fact, the beneficial owner of such securities.
- ³ Based on a Schedule 13G filed on February 11, 2015 by The Vanguard Group (Vanguard), an investment adviser, Vanguard owned 7,085,951 shares of common stock at December 31, 2014. Of the total shares, Vanguard had sole dispositive power over 6,949,655 shares, shared dispositive power over 136,296 shares, sole voting power over 145,746 shares and shared voting power over none of the shares.



SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our directors and executive officers to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership of our equity securities with the SEC. To our knowledge, based solely on information furnished to us and written representations by such persons, all of our directors and executive officers complied with their filing requirements in 2014.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS

As part of our Code of Conduct, directors and employees are expected to make business decisions and take actions based upon the best interests of Sherwin-Williams and not based upon personal relationships or benefits.

The Board recognizes that some transactions, arrangements and relationships present a heightened risk of an actual or perceived conflict of interest and has adopted a written policy governing these transactions. This policy governs any transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which Sherwin-Williams was, is or will be a participant and the amount involved exceeds \$120,000, and in which any of the following persons had, has or will have a direct or indirect material interest:

- our directors, nominees for director or executive officers;
- any person who is known to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of any class of our voting securities;
- any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons; and
- any entity in which any of the foregoing persons is employed or is a partner or principal or in a similar position or in which such person has a 5% or greater beneficial ownership interest.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving these transactions.

In response to an annual questionnaire, directors, director nominees and executive officers are required to submit to the Nominating Committee a description of any current or proposed transaction and provide updates during the year. In addition, we will provide any similar available information with respect to any known transactions with beneficial owners of 5% or more of our voting securities. At each calendar year's first regularly scheduled Nominating Committee meeting, management will provide information regarding transactions to be entered into by Sherwin-Williams for that calendar year.

If management becomes aware of any transactions subsequent to that meeting, such transactions may be presented for approval at the next meeting, or where it is not practicable or desirable to wait until the next meeting, to the chair of the Nominating Committee (who possesses delegated authority to act between meetings) subject to ratification by the Nominating Committee at its next meeting. In the event management becomes aware of any transaction that was not approved under the policy, management will present the transaction to the Nominating Committee for its action, which may include termination, amendment or ratification of the transaction.

The Nominating Committee (or the chair) will approve only those transactions that are in, or are not inconsistent with, the best interests of Sherwin-Williams and our shareholders, as is determined in good faith in accordance with its business judgment. In addition, the transaction must be on terms comparable to those that could be obtained in arm's length dealings with an unrelated third party.

Sherwin-Williams will disclose all related person transactions in its securities filings. No reportable transactions existed during 2014, and there are currently no such proposed transactions.



SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS FOR THE 2016 ANNUAL MEETING

Proposals to Be Included in the Proxy Statement.

Under SEC rules, shareholder proposals must be received at our principal executive offices, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075, Attention: Corporate Secretary, on or before November 4, 2015 in order to be considered for inclusion in the proxy materials relating to the 2016 Annual Meeting. Upon timely receipt of any such proposal, we will determine whether to include such proposal in the proxy materials in accordance with applicable regulations governing the solicitation of proxies.

Proposals Not to Be Included in the Proxy Statement.

Under our Regulations, shareholders must follow certain procedures to nominate a person for election as a director or to introduce an item of business at an Annual Meeting, which is not intended to be included in our proxy materials. These procedures provide that nominations for director nominees and/or an item of business to be introduced at an Annual Meeting must be timely submitted in writing to us at our principal executive offices, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075, Attention: Corporate Secretary.

To be timely, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to or mailed and received at our principal executive offices not fewer than 60 nor more than 90 calendar days prior to the Annual Meeting. In the event that public announcement of the date of the Annual Meeting is not made at least 75 calendar days prior to the date of the Annual Meeting and the Annual Meeting is held on a date more than 10 calendar days before or after the first anniversary of the date on which the prior year's Annual Meeting was held, notice by the shareholder, to be timely, must be received not later than the close of business on the 10th calendar day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the Annual Meeting.

These time limits also apply in determining whether notice is timely for purposes of SEC rules relating to the exercise of discretionary voting authority. If we do not receive timely notice, or if we meet other SEC requirements, the persons named as proxies in the proxy materials for that meeting will use their discretion in voting at the meeting.

Our Regulations set forth specific requirements for the notice. You can access a copy of our Regulations in the "Corporate Governance" section on the "Investor Relations" page of our website at www.sherwin.com. You may also receive a copy of our Regulations by writing to us at: The Sherwin-Williams Company, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075, Attention: Investor Relations.

HOUSEHOLDING INFORMATION

Some banks, brokers and other nominees are participating in the practice of "householding" proxy statements and annual reports. This means that beneficial holders of our common stock who share the same address or household may not receive separate copies of this Proxy Statement and our 2014 Annual Report. We will promptly deliver an additional copy of either document to you if you write or call us at: The Sherwin-Williams Company, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075, Attention: Investor Relations, (216) 566-2000.

ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

We will provide to each shareholder who is solicited to vote at the 2015 Annual Meeting, upon the request of such person and without charge, a copy of our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Please write or call us at: The Sherwin-Williams Company, 101 West Prospect Avenue, 12th Floor, Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115-1075, Attention: Investor Relations, (216) 566-2000.